ARUF14** / ASPT**14**** AIR HANDLERS INSTALLATION & OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Contents

1	Important Safety Instructions 1
2	Shipping Inspection 3
	2.1 Parts
	2.2 Handling
3	Codes & Regulations 3
4	Replacement Parts 3
5	Pre-Installation Considerations 3
	5.1 Preparation
	5.2 System Matches
	5.3 Interconnecting Tubing
	5.4 Clearances
	5.5 Horizontal Applications
6	Installation Location
	6.1 Upflow Installation
	6.2 Horizontal Left Installation
7	-
/	Refrigerant Lines 6 7.1 Tubing Size 6
	7.2 Tubing Preparation
	7.3 Special Instructions
	7.4 Tubing Connections for Flowrator Model
	7.5 Tubing Connections for TXV Models8
	7.6 ASPT**14** Models with Non-Adjustable TXV8
	7.7 Thermal Expansion Valve System Adjustment9
8	Condensate Drain Lines 10
-	
9	Ductwork 11
9	9.1 Return Ductwork 11
9 10	9.1 Return Ductwork
•	9.1 Return Ductwork 11
10	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring12
10 11	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection12
10 11	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing12
10 11	9.1 Return Ductwork 11 Return Air Filters 11 Electric Heat 11 Electrical and Control Wiring 12 12.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection 12 12.2 Wire Sizing 12 12.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP) 12
10 11	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage12
10 11	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)14
10 11	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)1412.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits14
10 11	9.1 Return Ductwork 11 Return Air Filters 11 Electric Heat 11 Electrical and Control Wiring 12 12.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection 12 12.2 Wire Sizing 12 12.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP) 12 12.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage 12 12.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models) 14 12.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits 14 12.4.3 Air Handler With Circuit Breaker Heat Kits 14
10 11	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)1412.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits1412.4.3 Air Handler With Circuit Breaker Heat Kit1412.5 Low Voltage Connections14
10 11	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)1412.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits1412.4.3 Air Handler With Circuit Breaker Heat Kit1412.5 Low Voltage Connections1412.5.1 Thermostats14
10 11 12	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)1412.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits1412.5 Low Voltage Connections1412.5.1 Thermostats1412.6 Speed Tap Adjustment14
10 11 12 13	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)1412.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits1412.5 Low Voltage Connections1412.5.1 Thermostats1412.6 Speed Tap Adjustment14Achieving 1.4% Low Leakage Rate14
10 11 12 13 14	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)1412.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits1412.5 Low Voltage Connections1412.5.1 Thermostats1412.6 Speed Tap Adjustment14Achieving 1.4% Low Leakage Rate14Start-Up Procedure15
10 11 12 13 14 15	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)1412.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits1412.5 Low Voltage Connections1412.5.1 Thermostats1412.6 Speed Tap Adjustment14Achieving 1.4% Low Leakage Rate14Start-Up Procedure15Regular Maintenance15
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)1412.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits1412.5 Low Voltage Connections1412.5.1 Thermostats1412.6 Speed Tap Adjustment14Achieving 1.4% Low Leakage Rate14Start-Up Procedure15Regular Maintenance15Airflow Data16
10 11 12 13 14 15	9.1 Return Ductwork11Return Air Filters11Electric Heat11Electrical and Control Wiring1212.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection1212.2 Wire Sizing1212.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)1212.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage1212.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)1412.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat Kits1412.5 Low Voltage Connections1412.5.1 Thermostats1412.6 Speed Tap Adjustment14Achieving 1.4% Low Leakage Rate14Start-Up Procedure15Regular Maintenance15



AS A SAFETY PRECAUTION.

1 Important Safety Instructions

The following symbols and labels are used throughout this manual to indicate immediate or potential safety hazards. It is the owner's and installer's responsibility to read and comply with all safety information and instructions accompanying these symbols. Failure to heed safety information increases the risk of personal injury, property damage, and/ or product damage.

Keep this literature in a safe place for future reference.

ATTENTION INSTALLING PERSONNEL

IO-901F 10/2017

Prior to installation, thoroughly familiarize yourself with this Installation Manual. Observe all safety warnings. During installation or repair, caution is to be observed. It is your responsibility to install the product safely and to educate the customer on its safe use.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE!

Disconnect ALL power before servicing. Multiple power sources may be present. Failure to do so may cause property damage, personal injury or death.

WARNING

Only personnel that have been trained to install, adjust, service or repair (hereinafter, "service") the equipment specified in this manual should service the equipment. The manufacturer will not be responsible for any injury or property damage arising from improper service or service procedures. If you service this unit, you assume responsibility for any injury or property damage which may result. In addition, in jurisdictions that require one or more licenses to service the equipment specified in this manual, only licensed personnel should service the equipment. Improper installation, adjustment, servicing or repair of the equipment specified in this manual, or attempting to install, adjust, service or repair the equipment specified in this manual without proper training may result in product damage, property damage, personal injury or death.

WARNING —

To prevent the risk of property damage, personal injury, or death, do not store combustible materials or use gasoline or other flammable liquids or vapors in the vicinity of this unit.

WARNING -

This product is factory-shipped for use with 208/240/1/60 electrical power supply. DO NOT reconfigure this air handler to operate with any other power supply.

When installing or servicing this equipment, safety clothing, including hand and eye protection, is strongly recommended. If installing in an area that has special safety requirements (hard hats, etc.), observe these requirements.

WARNING -

Do not connect to or use any device that is not designcertified by the manufacturer for use with this unit. Serious property damage, personal injury, reduced unit performance and/or hazardous conditions may result from the use of such non-approved devices.

WARNING -

To avoid property damage, personal injury or death due to electrical shock, this unit MUST have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground. The electrical ground circuit may consist of an appropriately sized electrical wire connecting the ground lug in the unit control box to the building electrical service panel.

Other methods of grounding are permitted if performed in accordance with the National Electric Code (NEC)/American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70 and local/state codes. In Canada, electrical grounding is to be in accordance with the Canadian Electric Code (CSA) C22.1.



can occur if a carbon monoxide producing device continues to operate in the enclosed area. Carbon monoxide emissions can be (re)circulated throughout the structure if the furnace or air handler is operating in any

CO can cause serious illness including permanent brain damage or death. B10259-216

DANGER PELIGRO



RIESGO DE INTOXICACIÓN POR MONÓXIDO DE CARBONO Advertencia especial para la instalación de calentadores ó manejadoras de aire en áreas cerradas como estacionamientos ó cuartos de servicio.

Los equipos ó aparatos que producen monóxido de carbono (tal como automóvil, calentador de gas, calentador de agua por medio d gas, etc) no deben ser operados en áreas cerradas debido al riesgo de envenenamiento por monóxido de carbono (CO) que resulta de las emisiones de gases de combustión. Si el equipo ó aparato se opera en dichas áreas, debe existir una adecuada ventilación directa al exterior. Esta ventilación es necesaria para evitar el peligro de envenenamiento por CO, que puede ocurrir si un dispositivo que produce monóxido de carbono sigue operando en el lugar cerrado.

Las emisiones de monóxido de carbono pueden circular a través del aparato cuando se opera en cualquier modo.

El monóxido de carbono puede causar enfermedades severas como daño cerebral permanente ó muerte. B10259-216



Cette ventilation est nécessaire pour éviter le danger d'intoxication au CO pouvant survenir si un appareil produisant du monoxyde de carbone continue de fonctionner au sein de la zone confinée.

Les émissions de monoxyde de carbone peuvent etre recircules dans les endroits clos, si l'appareil de chauffage ou de traitement d'air sont en march

Le monoxyde de carbone neut causer des maladies graves telles que des dommages permanents au cerveau et meme la mort. B10259-216

2 Shipping Inspection

Always transport the unit upright; laying the unit on its side or top during transit may cause equipment damage. The installer should inspect the product upon receipt for shipping damage and subsequent investigation is the responsibility of the carrier. The installer must verify the model number, specifications, electrical characteristics, and accessories are correct prior to installation. The distributor or manufacturer will not accept claims from dealers for transportation damage or installation of incorrectly shipped units.

2.1 Parts

Also inspect the unit to verify all required components are present and intact. Report any missing components immediately to the manufacturer or to the distributor. Use only factory authorized replacement parts (see Section 5). Make sure to include the full product model number and serial number when reporting and/or obtaining service parts.

2.2 Handling

Use caution when transporting/carrying the unit. Do not move unit using shipping straps. Do not carry unit with hooks or sharp objects. The preferred method of carrying the unit after arrival at the job site is to carry via a two-wheel hand truck from the back or sides or via hand by carrying at the cabinet corners.

3 Codes & Regulations

This product is designed and manufactured to comply with applicable national codes. Installation in accordance with such codes and/or prevailing local codes/regulations is the responsibility of the installer. The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for equipment installed in violation of any codes or regulations.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued various regulations regarding the introduction and disposal of refrigerants. Failure to follow these regulations may harm the environment and can lead to the imposition of substantial fines. Should you have any questions please contact the local office of the EPA and/or refer to EPA's website www.epa.gov.

4 Replacement Parts

When reporting shortages or damages, or ordering repair parts, give the complete product model and serial numbers as stamped on the product. Replacement parts for this product are available through your contractor or local distributor. For the location of your nearest distributor consult the white business pages, the yellow page section of the local telephone book or contact:

> HOMEOWNER SUPPORT GOODMAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, L.P. 19001 KERMIER ROAD WALLER, TEXAS 77484 (877) 254-4729

5 Pre-Installation Considerations

5.1 Preparation

Keep this document with the unit. Carefully read all instructions for the installation prior to installing product. Make sure each step or procedure is understood and any special considerations are taken into account before starting installation. Assemble all tools, hardware and supplies needed to complete the installation. Some items may need to be purchased locally. Make sure everything needed to install the product is on hand before starting.

5.2 System Matches

The entire system (combination of indoor and outdoor sections) must be manufacturer approved and Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute (AHRI) listed. **NOTE:** Installation of unmatched systems is not permitted.

5.3 Interconnecting Tubing

Give special consideration to minimize the length of refrigerant tubing when installing air handlers. Refer to Remote Cooling/Heat Pump Service Manual RS6200006, and TP-107 Long Line Set Application R-410A for tubing guidelines. If possible, allow adequate length of tubing such that the coil may be removed (for inspection or cleaning services) from the cabinet without disconnecting the tubing.

5.4 Clearances

The unit clearance from a combustible surface may be 0". However, service clearance must take precedence. A minimum of 24" in front of the unit for service clearance is required. Additional clearance on one side or top will be required for electrical wiring connections. Consult all appropriate regulatory codes prior to determining final clearances. When installing this unit in an area that may become wet (such as crawl spaces), elevate the unit with a sturdy, non-porous material. In installations that may lead to physical damage (i.e. a garage) it is advised to install a protective barrier to prevent such damage. Always install units such that a positive slope in condensate line (1/4" per foot) is allowed.

5.5 Horizontal Applications

If installed above a finished living space, a secondary drain pan (as required by many building codes), must be installed under the entire unit and its condensate drain line must be routed to a location such that the user will see the condensate discharge.

6 Installation Location

NOTE: These air handlers are designed for *indoor installation only*.

The ARUF**14** and ASPT**14** product lines may be installed in one of the upflow, downflow, horizontal left or horizontal right orientations as shown in Figures 2, 3, 4 and 5. The unit may be installed in upflow or horizontal left orientation as shipped (refer to specific sections for more information).

No field modifications are mandatory. However, to obtain maximum efficiency, the horizontal drip shield, side drain pan and drain pan extension can be removed.

Side Drain Pan and Extension Removal: Refer to Figure 1, remove the two (2) screws that secure the drip shield support brackets to the condensate collectors (front and back). Unsnap the side drain pan from the bottom drain pan using a screw driver or any small lever. The side drain pan, drip shield brackets and the drain pan extension may now be removed. From Figure 1, drain port labeled (A) is the primary drain for this application and condensate drain line must be attached to this drain port. Drain port (a) is for the secondary drain line (if used).





6.1 Upflow Installation

No field modifications are mandatory.

6.2 Horizontal Left Installation

No field modifications are permissible for this application. Install unit as shown in Figure 4.

Remove red plugs from side drain pan before connecting condensate drain pipes. Use removed plug to close drain ports on vertical drain pan. The bottom right drain connection in side drain pan is the primary drain for this application and condensate drain line must be attached to this drain connection. The bottom left drain connection in side drain pan is for the secondary drain line (if used). In applications where the air handler is installed in the horizontal left position, and the return air environment see humidity levels above 65% relative humidity coupled with total external static levels above 0.5" e.s.p., a condensate kit is available for field application. Kit nomenclature can be found in Table 1.

CMK0008 Condensate Kit	CMK0009 Condensate Kit	CMK0010 Condensate Kit	CMK0011 Condensate Kit	CMK0012 Condensate Kit	CMK0013 Condensate Kit	CMK0014 Condensate Kit			
ARUF25B14	ARUF31B14	ARUF37C14	ARUF47D14	ARUF61D14	ASPT33C14	ASPT49C14			
ARUF29B14	ASPT29B14	ARUF37D14		ASPT49D14	ASPT39C14				
ASPT25B14	ASPT37B14	ARUF43C14		ASPT61D14					
		ARUF43D14							
		ARUF49C14							
		ARUF49D14							
		ASPT37C14							
		ASPT47C14							
		ASPT47D14							
		ASPT59C14							
	CONDENSATE KIT								

Table 1

6.3 Horizontal Right Installation / Downflow Installation

When installing unit in the downflow position the appropriate (DFK) downflow kit is required to prevent "coil pan sweating". The DFK kit is not supplied with the air handler and is available through your local distributor. See Table 2 for the correct DFK and follow the instructions provided for installation.

Side drain pan extension must be removed in the downflow and horizontal right applications for all models except: ARUF47D14**, ARUF61D14**, ASPT61D14**, ASPT49D14**.

Refer to Figure 6 and 7 for the location of the compo-
nents referenced in the following steps.

MODEL LIST FOR DOWNFLOW KIT									
DFK-B	DFK-C	DFK-D							
DOWNFLOW KIT	DOWNFLOW KIT	DOWNFLOW KIT							
ARUF25B14**	ARUF37C14**	ARUF37D14**							
ARUF29B14**	ARUF43C14**	ARUF43D14**							
ARUF31B14**	ARUF49C14**	ARUF47D14**							
ASPT25B14**	ASPT33C14**	ARUF49D14**							
ASPT29B14**	ASPT37C14**	ARUF61D14**							
ASPT35B14**	ASPT39C14**	ASPT61D14**							
ASPT37B14**	ASPT47C14**	ASPT47D14**							
	ASPT49C14**	ASPT49D14**							
	ASPT59C14**								

DOWNFLOW KIT

Table 2

1. Before inverting the air handler, remove blower access panel and coil access panel. The coil access panel and tubing panel may remain screwed together during this procedure. Remove and retain the seven (7) screws securing the coil access panel to the cabinet and the six (6) screws securing the blower access panel to the cabinet.

2. Slide the coil assembly out from the cabinet. Use the drain pan to pull the assembly from the cabinet.

NOTE: DO NOT USE MANIFOLDS OR FLOWRATOR TO PULL THE COIL ASSEMBLY OUT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY RESULT IN BRAZE JOINT DAMAGE AND LEAKS.

- 3. Removal of the center support is required on units with 21" wide cabinet. Remove and retain the two (2) screws that secure the center support to the cabinet. Remove the center support.
- 4. Position the unit in the downflow position.
- 5. Using the drain pan to hold the coil assembly, slide the coil assembly back into the cabinet on the downflow brackets as shown in Figure 8.
- Reinstall the center support (if removed) using the two
 (2) screws removed in Step 5.
- 7. Reinstall the coil access panels and reinstall blower access panel removed in Step 1 as shown in Figure 9.
- 8. Drain Connections for Horizontal Right Installation
 - a. The bottom right drain connection in side drain pan is the primary drain for this application and condensate drain line must be attached to this drain connection. The bottom left drain connection is for the secondary drain line (if used).
 - b. Remove red plugs from side drain pan before connecting condensate drain pipes. Use removed plug to close drain ports on vertical drain pan.
- 9. Drain Connections for Downflow Installation
 - a. The bottom left drain connection in the vertical drain pan is the primary drain for this application and condensate drain line must be attached to this drain connection. The bottom right drain connection is for the secondary drain line (if used).
 - b. Remove red plugs from vertical drain pan before connecting condensate drain pipes.

NOTE: If removing only the coil access panel from the unit, the filter access panel <u>must</u> be removed first. Failure to do so will result in panel damage.



DOWNFLOW Figure 3



HORIZONTAL RIGHT

Figure 5

7 Refrigerant Lines



This product is factory-shipped with R410A and dry nitrogen mixture gas under pressure. Use appropriate service tools and follow these instructions to prevent injury.

NOTE: Refrigerant tubing must be routed to allow adequate access for servicing and maintenance of the unit.

Do not install the air handler in a location that violates the instructions provided with the condenser. If the unit is located in an unconditioned area with high ambient temperature and/or high humidity, the air handler may be subject to nuisance sweating of the air handler cabinet. On these installations, a wrap of 2" fiberglass insulation with a vapor barrier is recommended.

7.1 Tubing Size

For the correct tubing size, follow the specification for the condenser/heat pump.

7.2 Tubing Preparation

All cut ends are to be round, burr free, and clean. Failure to follow this practice increases the chances for refrigerant leaks. The suction line is spun closed and requires tubing cutters to remove the closed end.

NOTE: To prevent possible damage to the tubing joints, do not handle coil assembly with manifold or flowrator tubes. Always use clean gloves when handling coil assemblies.

7.3 Special Instructions

Units without a factory installed TXV come equipped with a flowrator piston for refrigerant expansion. For most installations with matching applications, no change to the flowrator piston is required. However, in mix-matched applications, a flowrator piston change may be required. See the piston kit chart (provided in the literature packet) or consult your local distributor for details regarding mix-matched flowrator piston sizing. If the mix-match application requires a different flowrator piston size, change the flowrator piston in the flowrator body on the indoor coil before installing the coil and use the procedure in section 7.4.

NOTE: The use of a heat shield is strongly recommended when brazing to avoid burning the serial plate or the finish of the unit. <u>Heat trap or wet rags</u> must be used to protect heat sensitive components such as service valves and TXV valves sensing bulb.

A quenching cloth is strongly recommended to prevent scorching or marring of the equipment finish when brazing close to the painted surfaces. Use brazing alloy of 5% minimum silver content.

Applying too much heat to any tube can melt the tube. Torch heat required to braze tubes of various sizes must be proportional to the size of the tube. Service personnel must use the appropriate heat level for the size of the tube being brazed.



IMPORTANT NOTE:

Ensure coil slides on the rails along the groove provided on the drain pan side walls. Failure to do so will result in improper condensate drainage. COIL INSTALLATION FOR DOWNFLOW

Figure 8

ACCESS PANEL CONFIGURATION FOR DOWNFLOW OR HORIZONTAL RIGHT Figure 9

7.4 Tubing Connections for Flowrator Model

- 1. Loosen the 13/16 nut *1 TURN ONLY* to allow high pressure tracer gas to escape. No gas indicates a possible leak.
- 2. After the gas has been expelled, remove the nut and discard the black or brass cap plastic seal.
- 3. Remove the flowrator piston to verify it is the correct size for the outdoor unit being installed and then replace the piston (changing size, if needed). See piston kit chart in the literature kit for appropriate piston size.
- 4. Remove the spin closure on the suction line using a tube cutter and deburr the tube.



SUCTION SPUN END AND GROMMET

Figure 10

- 5. Insert the suction line into the connection, slide the insulation and the rubber grommet at least 18" away from the braze joint.
- 6. Remove the tailpiece clamped to the exterior of the cabinet or in the literature kit packet and slide the 13/16 nut into place.
- 7. Braze tailpiece to the line set liquid tube and braze suction line connection. Quench all brazed joints with a damp rag upon completion of brazing. Do not allow water to enter the inside of the tubing.
- 8. AFTER THE TAILPIECE HAS COOLED, confirm position of the white Teflon® seal and hand tighten the 13/16 nut.



TAILPIECE JOINT

Figure 11

9. Torque the 13/16 nut to 7-25 ft-lbs. or tighten 1/6 turn.

Excessive torque can cause orifices to stick. Use the proper torque settings when tightening orifices.

7.5 Tubing Connections for TXV Models

TXV models come with factory installed TXV with the bulb pre-installed on the vapor tube.

- 1. Remove refrigerant tubing panel or coil (lower) access panel.
- 2. Remove access valve fitting cap and depress the valve stem in access fitting to release pressure. No pressure indicates possible leak.
- 3. Replace the refrigerant tubing panel.
- 4. Remove the spin closure on both the liquid and suction tubes using a tubing cutter.
- 5. Insert liquid line set into liquid tube expansion and slide grommet about 18" away from braze joint.
- 6. Insert suction line set into suction tube expansion and slide insulation and grommet about 18" away from braze joint.
- 7. Braze joints. Quench all brazed joints with water or a wet rag upon completion of brazing.

7.6 ASPT**14** Models with Non-Adjustable TXV

ASPT air handlers equipped with Parker non-adjustable TXV should be charged by subcooling only.

Models								
ASPT25B14**	ASPT47D14**							
ASPT29B14**	ASPT47C14**							
ASPT37B14**	ASPT49D14**							
ASPT37C14**	ASPT59C14**							

Table 3

See section 7.7 for detailed information on adjusting the thermal expansion valve.

7.7 Thermal Expansion Valve System Adjustment

Run the system at Cooling for 10 minutes until refrigerant pressures stabilize. Use the following guidelines and methods to check unit operation and ensure that the refrigerant charge is within limits. Charge the unit on low stage.

- 1. Purge gauge lines. Connect service gauge manifold to base-valve service ports.
- 2. Temporarily install a thermometer on the liquid line at the liquid line service valve and 4-6" from the compressor on the suction line. Ensure the thermometer makes adequate contact and is insulated for best possible readings. Use liquid line temperature to determine subcooling and vapor temperature to determine superheat.
- 3. Check subcooling and superheat. Systems with TXV application should have a subcooling of 7 to $9^{\circ}F$ and superheat of 7 to $9^{\circ}F$.

a. If subcooling and superheat are low, adjust TXV to 7 to 9 $^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$ superheat, then check subcooling.

NOTE: To adjust superheat, turn the valve stem clockwise to increase and counter clockwise to decrease.

b. If subcooling is low and superheat is high, **add** charge to raise subcooling to 7 to 9°F then check superheat.

c. If subcooling and superheat are high, **adjust** TXV valve to 7 to 9 °F superheat, then check subcooling.

d. If subcooling is high and superheat is low, **adjust** TXV valve to 7 to 9 °F superheat and **remove** charge to lower the subcooling to 7 to 9°F.

NOTE: Do NOT adjust the charge based on suction pressure unless there is a gross undercharge.

4. Disconnect manifold set, installation is complete.

NOTE: Check the Schrader ports for leaks and tighten valve cores if necessary. Install caps finger-tight.

SUBCOOL FORMULA = SAT. LIQUID LINE TEMP. - LIQUID LINE TEMP. SUPERHEAT FORMULA = SUCT. LINE TEMP. - SAT. SUCT. TEMP.

NOTE: Expansion valve system in ASPT models are already tuned for 16 SEER single stage Heat Pump, adjustment of Expansion valve system is required in case subcool, superheat does not match to Section 7.6.3 above or when these models are installed with any other outdoor models.

SATURATED SUCTION PRESSURE TEMPERATURE CHART							
SUCTION PRESSURE	SATURATE	D SUCTION					
PSIG	R-22	R-410A					
50	26	1					
52	28	3					
54	29	4					
56	31	6					
58	32	7					
60	34	8					
62	35	10					
64	37	11					
66	38	13					
68	40	14					
70	41	15					
72	42	16					
74	44	17					
76	45	19					
78	46	20					
80	48	21					
85	50	24					
90	53	26					
95	56	29					
100	59	31					
110	64	36					
120	69	41					
130	73	45					
140	78	49					
150	83	53					
160	86	56					
170	90	60					

SATURATED LIQUID PRESSURE TEMPERATURE CHART								
LIQUID PRESSURE	LIQUID PRESSURE SATURATED LIQUID TEMPERATURE ºF							
PSIG	R-22	R-410A						
200	101	70						
210	105	73						
220	108	76						
225	110	78						
235	113	80						
245	116	83						
255	119	85						
265	121	88						
275	124	90						
285	127	92						
295	130	95						
305	133	97						
325	137	101						
355	144	108						
375	148	112						
405	155	118						
415	157	119						
425	n/a	121						
435	n/a	123						
445	n/a	125						
475	n/a	130						
500	n/a	134						
525	n/a	138						
550	n/a	142						
575	n/a	145						
600	n/a	149						
625	n/a	152						

NOTE: Units matched with indoor coils equipped with non-adjustable TXV should be charged by subcooling only.

8 Condensate Drain Lines

The coil drain pan has a primary and a secondary drain with 3/4" NPT female connections. The connectors required are 3/4" NPT male, either PVC or metal pipe, and should be hand tightened to a torque of no more than 37 in-lbs. to prevent damage to the drain pan connection. An insertion depth of approximately 3/8" to 1/2" (3-5 turns) should be expected at this torque.

- 1. Ensure drain pan hole is not obstructed.
- 2. To prevent potential sweating and dripping on to finished space, it may be necessary to insulate the condensate drain line located inside the building. Use Armaflex[®] or similar material.

A secondary condensate drain connection has been provided for areas where the building codes require it. Pitch all drain lines a minimum of 1/4" per foot to provide free drainage. Provide required support to the drain line to prevent bowing. If the secondary drain line is required, run the line separately from the primary drain and end it where condensate discharge can be easily seen.

NOTE: Water coming from secondary line means the coil primary drain is plugged and needs immediate attention.

If secondary drain is not installed, the secondary access must be plugged.

Insulate drain lines located inside the building or above a finished living space to prevent sweating. Install a condensate trap to ensure proper drainage.

NOTE: When units are installed above ceilings, or in other locations where damage from condensate overflow may occur, it is **MANDATORY** to install a field fabricated auxiliary drain pan under the coil cabinet enclosure.

The installation must include a "P" style trap that is located as close as is practical to the evaporator coil. See **Figure 12** for details of a typical condensate line "P" trap.

NOTE: Units operating in high static pressure applications may require a deeper field constructed "P" style trap than is shown in Figure 12 to allow proper drainage and prevent condensate overflow.



Figure 12

NOTE: Trapped lines are required by many local codes. In the absence of any prevailing local codes, please refer to the requirements listed in the <u>Uniform Mechanical Building</u> <u>Code.</u>

A drain trap in a **draw-through** application prevents air from being drawn back through the drain line during fan operation thus preventing condensate from draining, and if connected to a sewer line to prevent sewer gases from being drawn into the airstream during blower operation.

Use of a condensate removal pump is permitted when necessary. This condensate pump should have provisions for shutting off the control voltage should a blocked drain occur. A trap must be installed between the unit and the condensate pump.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The evaporator coil is fabricated with oils that may dissolve styrofoam and certain types of plastics. Therefore, a removal pump or float switch must not contain any of these materials.

Tip: Priming the "P" trap may avoid improper draining at the initial installation and at the beginning of the cooling season.

9 Ductwork

This air handler is designed for a complete supply and return ductwork system.

Do not operate this product without all the ductwork attached.

To ensure correct system performance, the ductwork is to be sized to accommodate 350-450 CFM per ton of cooling with the static pressure not to exceed 0.5" in w.c. Refer to ACCA Manual D, Manual S and Manual RS for information on duct sizing and application. Flame retardant ductwork is to be used and sealed to the unit in a manner that will prevent leakage.

NOTE: A downflow application with electric heat must have an L-shaped sheet metal supply duct without any outlets or registers located directly below the heater.

9.1 Return Ductwork

DO NOT LOCATE THE RETURN DUCTWORK IN AN AREA THAT CAN INTRODUCE TOXIC, OR OBJECTIONABLE FUMES/ODORS INTO THE DUCTWORK. The return ductwork is to be connected to the air handler bottom (upflow configuration).

10 Return Air Filters

Each installation must include a return air filter. This filtering may be performed at the air handler using the factory filter rails or externally such as a return air filter grille. When using the factory filter rails, a nominal 16x20x1", 20x20x1" or 24x20x1" (actual dimension must be less than $23-\frac{1}{2}$ "x20") filter can be installed on a B, C and D cabinet respectively (the cabinet size is the seventh letter of the model number).

11 Electric Heat

Refer to the installation manual provided with the electric heat kit for the correct installation procedure. All electric heat must be field installed. If installing this option, the ONLY heat kits that are permitted to be used are the HKS series. Refer to the air handler unit's Serial and Rating plate or the HKS specification sheets to determine the heat kits compatible with a given air handler. No other accessory heat kit besides the HKS series may be installed in these air handlers.

The heating mode temperature rise is dependent upon the system airflow, the supply voltage, and the heat kit size (kW) selected. Use data provided in Tables 4, 5, AND 6 to determine the temperature rise ($^{\circ}$ F).

NOTE: For installations not indicated above the following formula is to be used:

TR = (kW x 3412) x (Voltage Correction) / (1.08XCFM)

Where:	TR	=	Temperature Rise
	kW	=	Heater Kit Actual kW
	3412	=	Btu per kW
	VC*	=	.96 (230 Supply Volts)
		=	.92 (220 Supply Volts)
		=	.87 (208 Supply Volts)
	1.08	=	Constant
	CFM	=	Measured Airflow

*VC (Voltage Correction)

NOTE: The Temperature Rise Tables can also be used to estimate the air handler airflow delivery. When using these tables for this purpose set the room thermostat to maximum heat and allow the system to reach steady state conditions. Insert two thermometers, one in the return air and one in the supply air. The temperature rise is the supply air temperature minus the room air temperature. Using the temperature rise calculated, CFM can be estimated from the TR formula above. See Service Manual for more information.

	HEAT KIT NOMINAL KW									
CFM	3	5	6	8	10	15	19/20	25		
800	12	19	23	31	37					
1000	9	15	19	25	30	44				
1200	8	12	15	21	25	37	49	62		
1400	7	11	13	18	21	32	42	53		
1600	6	9	12	15	19	28	37	46		
1800	5	8	10	14	16	25	33	41		
2000	5	7	9	12	15	22	30	37		

230/1/60 SUPPLY VOLTAGE - TEMP. RISE °F
Table 1

Table 4

CFM			HEAT	KIT N	IOMIN/	AL kW	1	
CIM	3	5	6	8	10	15	19/20	25
800	11	18	22	30	35			
1000	9	14	18	24	28	42		
1200	7	12	15	20	24	35	47	59
1400	6	10	13	17	20	30	40	51
1600	6	9	11	15	18	27	35	44
1800	5	8	10	13	16	24	31	39
2000	4	7	9	12	14	21	28	35

^{220/1/60} SUPPLY VOLTAGE - TEMP. RISE °F Table 5

CEM	CFM HEAT KIT NOMINAL KW							
CI M	3	5	6	8	10	15	19/20	25
800	10	17	21	28	33			
1000	8	13	17	22	27	40		
1200	7	11	14	19	22	33	45	56
1400	6	10	12	16	19	29	38	48
1600	5	8	10	14	17	25	33	42
1800	5	7	9	12	15	22	30	37
2000	4	7	8	11	13	20	27	33

208/1/60 SUPPLY VOLTAGE - TEMP. RISE °F Table 6

12 Electrical and Control Wiring

IMPORTANT: All routing of electrical wiring must be made through provided electrical knockouts. Do not cut, puncture or alter the cabinet for electrical wiring.

HIGH VOLTAGE! Disconnect ALL power before servicing. Multiple power sources may be present. Failure to do so may cause property damage, personal injury or death.



HIGH VOLTAGE!

To avoid property damage, personal injury or death due to electrical shock, this unit MUST have an <u>uninterrupted, unbroken</u> electrical ground. The electrical ground circuit may consist of an appropriately sized electrical wire connecting the ground lug in the unit control box to the building electrical service panel.

Other methods of grounding are permitted if performed in accordance with the National Electric Code (NEC)/American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70 and local/state codes. In Canada, electrical grounding is to be in accordance with the Canadian Electric Code (CSA) C22.1.

12.1 Building Electrical Service Inspection

This unit is designed for single-phase electrical supply only. DO NOT OPERATE ON A THREE-PHASE POWER SUPPLY. Measure the power supply to the unit. The supply voltage **must** be measured and be in agreement with the unit nameplate power requirements and within the range shown.

12.2 Wire Sizing

Wire size is important to the operation of your equipment. Use the following check list when selecting the appropriate wire size for your unit.

- Wire used must carry the Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA) listed on the unit's Series and Rating Plate.
- Refer to the NEC (USA) or CSA (Canada) for wire sizing. The unit MCA for the air handler and the optional electric heat kit can be found on the unit Series and Rating Plate.
- Wire must be sized to allow no more than a 2% voltage drop from the building breaker/fuse panel to the unit.
- Wires with different insulation temperature rating have varying ampacities be sure to check the temperature rating used.

Refer to the latest edition of the National Electric Code or in Canada the Canadian Electric Code when determining the correct wire size.

12.3 Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOP)

Every installation must include an NEC (USA) or CEC (Canada) approved overcurrent protection device. Also, check with local or state codes for any special regional requirements.

Protection can be in the form of fusing or HACR style circuit breakers. The Series and Rating Plate provides the maximum overcurrent device permissible.

NOTE: Fuses or circuit breakers are to be sized larger than the equipment MCA but not to exceed the MOP.

MODEL	HEATER KIT (KW)											
	3	5	6	8	10	15	19	20	25			
ARUF25B14	715	715	715	715	950							
ARUF29B14	715	715	715	715	950							
ARUF31B14	715	715	715	715	875							
ARUF37C14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345	1345					
ARUF43C14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345	1345					
ARUF49C14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1340	1430					
ARUF37D14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345		1345				
ARUF43D14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345		1345				
ARUF47D14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345		1345				
ARUF49D14		1240	1240	1240	1240	1520		1520				
ARUF61D14		1590	1590	1590	1590	1715		1715	1715			

MINIMUM CFM REQUIRED FOR HEATER KITS

Table 7

Model	HEATER KIT (KW)											
	3	5	6	8	10	15	19	20	25			
ASPT25B14	715	715	715	715	850							
ASPT29B14	715	715	715	715	875	1050						
ASPT35B14	715	715	715	715	875	1050						
ASPT37B14	715	715	715	715	875	1050						
ASPT33C14	715	715	715	715	875	875						
ASPT37C14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345	1345					
ASPT39C14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345	1345					
ASPT47C14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345	1345					
ASPT49C14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345	1345					
ASPT59C14		1170	1170	1170	1170	1345	1345					
ASPT47D14		1240	1240	1240	1240	1520		1520				
ASPT49D14		1590	1590	1590	1590	1715		1715	1715			
ASPT61D14		1590	1590	1590	1590	1715		1715	1715			

MINIMUM HEATER KIT AIRFLOW Table 8

Nominal Input	Minimum Voltage	Maximum Voltage							
208-240	197	253							

ELECTRICAL VOLTAGE

Table 9

12.4 Electrical Connections - Supply Voltage

FIRE HAZARD! To avoid the risk of property damage, personal injury

or fire, use only copper conductors.

IMPORTANT NOTE: USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY.

Knockouts are provided on the air handler top panel and sides of the cabinet to allow for the entry of the supply voltage conductors, as shown in Figure 13. If the knockouts on the cabinet sides are used for electrical conduit, an adapter ring must be used in order to meet UL1995 safety requirements. An NEC or CEC approved strain relief is to be used at this entry point. Some codes/municipalities require the supply wire to be enclosed in conduit. Consult your local codes.



KNOCK-OUT FOR ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS Figure 13

12.4.1 Air Handler Only (Non-Heat Kit Models)

The building supply connects to the stripped black and red wires contained in the air handler electrical compartment cavity. A ground screw is also contained in this area. Attach the Supply wires to the air handler conductors as shown in the unit wiring diagram using appropriately sized solderless connectors or other NEC or CEC approved means.

<u>12.4.2 Air Handler - Non-Circuit Breaker Heat</u> <u>Kits</u>

A terminal block is provided with the HKS kit to attach the power supply and air handler connections. Follow the HKS Installation Manual and wiring diagram for complete wiring details.

12.4.3 Air Handler With Circuit Breaker Heat Kit

The air handler has a plastic cover on the upper access panel that will require either one or both sections to be removed to allow the heat kit circuit breaker(s) to be installed. The circuit breakers have lugs for power supply connection. See the HKS Installation Instructions for further details.

12.5 Low Voltage Connections

Several combinations of low voltage schemes are possible, depending on the presence of a heat kit and whether the heat kit is single-stage or multi-stage, whether the outdoor section is an air conditioner or heat pump, and whether the outdoor section is singlestage or two-stage. The 24V-control voltage connects the air handler to the room thermostat and condenser. Low voltage wiring must be copper conductors. A minimum of 18AWG must be used for installations up to 100 feet. Low voltage wiring must be connected through the top of the cabinet or either side. See the "Thermostat Wiring" section of this manual for typical low voltage wiring connections.

12.5.1 Thermostats

Second-stage heat can be accomplished by a multistage heating thermostat or the addition of an outdoor thermostat as shown in wiring schematics on page 19. Follow the thermostat manufacturer's instructions for installation.

12.6 Speed Tap Adjustment

ARUF**14** air handlers have multi-speed PSC motors. The color of the wire coming from the motor to the "COM" terminal on the control board defines at which speed the motor will operate. Black wire is high speed, blue wire is medium speed and red wire is low speed. To change speeds, remove the wire attached to the "COM" terminal on the control board, and swap it with the wire (on terminal "M1" or "M2") with the color that will give the desired speed.

ASPT**14** air handlers feature energy efficient blower motors. The motors run at a constant torque with very low power consumption and are energized by 24 VAC. Adjust the CFM by changing the 24 VAC leads to the desired speed tap on the terminal block. The ASPT blower motor speeds are programmed to deliver adequate airflow at rated external static pressure and with 60 second off time delay. For details, refer to the specification sheet applicable to your model.

NOTE: In some models, not all speed taps are allowable for certain electric heat applications. Refer to Table 5 for minimum speed.

13 Achieving 1.4% Low Leakage Rate

Ensure all the gaskets remain intact on all surfaces as shipped with the unit. These surfaces are areas between the upper tie plate and blower access panel, blower access and coil access panels, and between the coil access and filter access panels. Ensure upon installation, that the plastic breaker cover is sitting flush on the blower access panel and all access panels are flush with each other and the cabinet. With these requirements satisfied, the unit achieves less than 1.4% airflow leakage when tested in accordance with ASHRAE Standard 193.

14 Start-Up Procedure



HIGH VOLTAGE! Disconnect ALL power before servicing or installing this unit. Multiple power sources may be present. Failure to do so may cause property damage, personal injury or death.

- Prior to start-up, ensure that all electrical wires are properly sized and all connections are properly tight-ened.
- All panels must be in place and secured. For Air Tight application, gasket must be positioned at prescribed locations to achieve 1.4% leakage.
- Tubing must be leak free.
- Condensate line must be trapped and pitched to allow for drainage.
- Low voltage wiring is properly connected.
- Auxiliary drain is installed when necessary and pitched to allow for drainage.
- Unit is protected from vehicular or other physical damage.
- Return air is not obtained from, nor are there any return air duct joints that are unsealed in, areas where there may be objectionable odors, flammable vapors or products of combustion such as carbon monoxide (CO), which may cause serious personal injury or death.

15 Regular Maintenance

The only item required to be maintained on a regular basis by the user is the circulating air filter(s). Filter should be cleaned or replaced regularly, typically once per month. A certified service technician must perform all other services.

IMPORTANT NOTE: If thumb screws are used to access the filter, ensure the washer installed on the screw behind the access panel remains in place after re-installation.

16 Airflow Data

Model	Blower Speed	Static Pressure (in w.c) Airflow (CFM)								
Model		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7		
	LOW	650	620	595	540	490	420	275		
ARUF25B14	M ED	885	865	825	815	750	690	560		
	HIGH	1255	1225	1130	1090	965	925	275 560 800 275 560 800 330 590 825 800 106 120 800 106 120 970 113 125 840 110 125 840 110 125 840 110 125 840 110 128 900 106 128 920 106 128 920 106		
	LOW	650	620	595	540	490	420	560 800 275 560 800 330 590 825 800 1060 1200 800 1060 1200 970 1130 1250 840 1100 1130 1250 840 1100 1133 1330 920 1060 1280		
ARUF29B14	MED	885	865	825	815	750	690	560		
	HIGH	1255	1225	1130	1090	965	925	800		
	LOW	660	625	595	560	500	430	330		
ARUF31B14	M ED	930	905	865	820	765	700	590		
	HIGH	1235	1185	1130	1060	990	910	825		
	LOW	1120	1085	1040	1000	940	875	800		
ARUF37C14	M ED	1425	1385	1345 1285 1220 1145 1520 1460 1375 1295 1040 1000 940 875 1345 1285 1220 1145 1345 1285 1220 1145 1520 1460 1375 1295	1145	1060				
	HIGH	1625	1575	1520	1460	1375	1295	1200		
	LOW	1120	1085	1040	1000	940	875	0.7 275 560 800 275 560 800 275 560 800 330 590 825 800 1060 1200 970 1130 1250 840 1105 1330 920 1060 1280 960 1095 1355 920 1060 1280 1595 1805		
ARUF43C14	MED	1425	1385	1345	1285	1220	1145	1060		
	HIGH	1625	1575	1520	1460	1375	1295	1200		
	LOW	1295	1255	1225	1175	1120	1055	970		
ARUF49C14	M ED	1535	1485	1420	1370	1295	1215	1130		
	HIGH	1755	1680	1590	1515	1425	1340	1250		
	LOW	1155	1115	1070	1015	955	895	275 560 800 275 560 800 330 590 825 800 1060 1200 800 1060 1200 970 1133 920 1060 1280 960 1099 1099 1099 1099 1099 1099 1099		
ARUF37D14	M ED	1505	1470	1430	1375	1300	430 3 700 5 910 8 875 8 1145 1 1295 1 875 8 1145 1 1295 1 1055 5 1215 1 1340 1 895 8 1210 1 1440 1 1010 5 1190 1 1420 1 1235 1	1105		
	HIGH	1785	1735	1680	1625	1555	1440	1330		
	LOW	1410	1360	1290	1210	1120	1010	920		
ARUF43D14	M ED	1610	1540	1470	1390	1300	1190	1060		
	HIGH	1900	1830	1740	1645	1540	1420	1280		
	LOW	1420	1370	1310	1240	1125	1045	275 560 800 275 560 800 330 590 825 800 1060 1200 800 1060 1200 970 1130 1250 840 1105 1330 920 1060 1280 920 1060 1280 1055 1355		
ARUF47D14	M ED	1625	1585	1515	1435	1350	1235	1095		
	HIGH	1930	1890	1820	1735	1635		275 560 800 275 560 800 330 590 825 800 106 120 800 106 120 970 113 125 840 110 125 840 110 125 840 110 125 840 110 128 900 106 128 960 109 135 135		
	LOW	1410	1360	1290	1210	1120	1010			
ARUF49D14	M ED	1610	1540	1470	1390	1300	1190	1060		
	HIGH	1900	1830	1740	1645	1540	1420	1280		
	LOW	1530	1500	1460	1405	1350	1280	115		
ARUF61D14	M ED	1950	1885	1830	1785	1745	1670	1595		
	HIGH	2235	2170	2100	2030	1965	1915	1825		

Notes

1. Airflow data indicated is at 230V without air filter in place.

2. The chart is for information only. For satisfactory operation, external static pressure must not exceed value shown on

3. Use the CFM adjustment factors of 0.98 for horizontal left and 0.96 for horizontal right & downflow orientations

AIRFLOW DATA (CFM) - Table 10

Model	BlowerSpeed	Static Pressu	re (in w.c	.) Airflow (CFM)					
	•	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
	T1	640	585	580	545	510	490	410		280
	T2	800	765	725	700	670	645	595		49
A S P T 2 5 B 1 4 A A	T3 T4	840 985	805	800 920	760 885	740 850	700 815			580 72
	T5	1475	950 1440	1400	1375	1335	1305			1150
		595	590	565	530	505	455			260
	T2	790	775	745	705	665	625			445
A S P T 2 9 B 1 4 A A	T3	865	820	790	770	735	695			530
	T4	1015	980	955	925	880	840	795	770	720
	Т5	1505	1465	1430	1410	1385	1350	1315	1285	1220
	T1	875	845	845	825	795	780	730	680	630
	Т2	985	945	925	915	905	880	845	795	760
A S P T 3 5 B 1 4 A A	Т3	1070	1025	990	985	980	960		905	86
	Τ4	1245	1205	1170	1135	1115	1115			103
	T5	1310	1275	1230	1190	1155	1135		1240 305 515 595 770 1285 680 905 1090 1080 735 870 970 1180 1250 735 760 1055 1295 760 1055 1295 760 1055 1295 1295 1230 710 845 965 1230 1320 760 1055 1295 1230 1320 1325 1295 1295 1295 1295 1295 1295 1295 12	1040
	T1	1025	985	945	910	875	830			690
	T2	1150	1105	1065	1025	995	950			
A S P T 3 7 B 1 4 A A	T3 T4	1240 1425	1200 1400	1160 1355	1120 1320	1085 1290	1050 1250		380 305 585 515 645 595 795 770 1315 1285 730 680 845 795 940 905 1100 1090 1085 1080 795 735 915 870 1010 970 1215 1180 1285 1250 335 270 600 550 755 710 880 845 1005 965 1275 1230 1365 1320 335 270 600 550 795 760 1095 1055 1330 1295 675 615 815 770 940 885 1190 1140 1275 1230 1265 1025 <	925 1145
	T5	1423	1400	1415	1320	1355	1320			1205
	T1	865	685	615	540	480	410			215
	T2	935	880	820	785	720	660			490
ASPT33C14AA	T3	1110	1050	1000	955	905	855		0 340 05 565 70 625 70 760 70 1240 70 1240 70 1240 70 1240 70 1240 70 1240 70 1240 70 1240 70 1240 70 1285 70 1285 70 1285 70 680 75 1285 70 905 70 1090 75 1180 75 1180 75 760 75 760 75 1230 75 1230 75 1230 75 1230 75 1230 75 1230 75 1230 75 1230 75 1230 75 <td< td=""><td>710</td></td<>	710
	Τ4	1360	1310	1260	1220	1180	1135			
	Т5	1560	1515	1475	1435	1395	1370			1260
	T1	980	935	895	860	825	800		710	665
	Т2	1125	1075	1045	1000	965	930			820
ASPT37C14AA	Т3	1235	1190	1155	1120	1085	1045			920
	T4	1485	1450	1425	1390	1355	1315			1190
	T5	1565	1535	1510	1480	1240	1390			1280
	T1	865	685	615	540	480	410			215
A S P T 3 9 C 1 4 A A	Т2 Т3	935 1110	880 1050	820 1000	785 955	720 905	660 855			490
A 3P 1 39C 14A A	T4	1360	1310	1260	1220	1180	1135			1010
	T5	1560	1515	1475	1435	1395	1370			1260
	T1	955	895	855	840	780	735			560
	Т2	1100	1050	1005	965	925	870			705
A S P T 4 7 C 1 4 A A	Т3	1205	1160	1120	1075	1035	990		880 845 1005 965 1275 1230 1365 1320 335 270 600 550 795 760 1095 1055 1330 1295 675 615 815 770 940 885 1190 1140 1275 1230 1065 1025 1245 1195	830
	Τ4	1445	1410	1365	1320	1275	1235	1190	1140	1095
	Т5	1525	1480	1435	1400	1360	1320	1275	1230	1180
	T1	1325	1280	1240	1200	1160	1115			990
	Т2	1465	1420	1380	1355	1315	1280		340 565 625 760 1240 305 515 595 770 1285 680 795 905 1090 1080 735 870 970 1080 735 870 970 1080 735 870 970 1080 735 1295 1295 1295 1295 1230 1320 760 1055 1295 1230 1320 550 760 1055 1295 1230 1320 550 760 1055 1295 1230 1320 550 760 1055 1295 1230 1320 550 760 1055 1295 1230 1320 550 760 1055 1295 1230 1320 1055 1295 1295 1250 1365 1230 1025 1195 1250 1365 1230 1025 1195 1250 1365 1240 1025 1195 1250 1365 1400 1330 1330 1330 1330 1330	1155
ASPT49C14AA	Т3	1510	1470	1430	1395	1355	1330			
	T4	1600	1565	1530	1490	1460	1425			1295
	T5	1690	1660	1625	1590	1555	1525			
	T1 T2	1370 1535	1330 1500	1295 1465	1255 1430	1215 1405	1180 1370			
A S P T 5 9 C 1 4 A A	T3	1535	1645	1465	1430	1405	1370		340 565 625 760 1240 305 515 595 770 1285 680 795 905 1090 1080 735 870 970 1285 680 795 905 1090 1080 735 870 970 1080 735 870 970 550 760 1055 1295 615 770 885 1140 1230 1025 1195 1250 1365 1400 1300 1330 1330 1330 1320 680	
NOT 100014AA	T4	1905	1855	1780	1690	1605	1510			
	T5	1940	1855	1775	1700	1605	1515			
	T1	1055	1035	950	895	830	785			620
	T2	1210	1165	1110	1070	1015	960			785
A S P T 4 7 D 1 4 A A	Т3	1335	1290	1250	1205	1145	1100	1050	980	910
	Τ4	1625	1580	1530	1495	1455	1405			1230
	Т5	1720	1670	1625	1580	1540	1490			132
	T1	1485	1435	1380	1320	1265	1200			93
	T2	1570	1525	1480	1430	1370	1315			
ASPT49D14AA	T3	1680	1600	1570	1555	1475	1430			
	T4	1800	1765	1715	1670	1625	1590			
	T5	2215	2160	2120	2085	2040	2000	1970		
	T1 T2	1545	1495	1440	1390	1335 1505	1260	1180		
A SPT61D14AA	T3	1705 1850	1655 1805	1605 1760	1555 1710	1505	1445 1615	1380 1555		
A JE I ULU 14AA	T4	2095	2055	2020	1980	1935	1815	1555		175

Notes

1. Airflow data indicated is at 230V without air filter in place.

2. The chart is for information only. For satisfactory operation, external static pressure must not exceed value shown on rating plate. The shaded area 3. Use the CFM adjustment factors of 0.98 for horizontal left and 0.96 for horizontal right & downflow orientations.

ASPT AIRFLOW DATA (CFM) - Table 11

17 Air Handler Low Voltage Connections

The following composite wiring diagrams detail various configurations in which the air handlers can be used. Examples include single-stage cooling and heat pump with single or two-stage electric heating. All these configurations can be applied with convenient connections to outdoor thermostat applications.

The following sections are detailed:

- Single-Stage Cooling
- Heat Pump

Each diagram details the connections between room thermostat and the air handlers, and the connections between the air handlers and the Condensing Unit (or Heat Pump) with optional connections to Outdoor Thermostats. For each configuration, refer to the explanation of the proper jumper(s) to remove for the corresponding blower speed that will result in the programmed fixed speed ECM motor.

IMPORTANT: WHEN MATCHING THE ASPT AIR HANDLERS TO A SINGLE SPEED COOLING OR HEAT PUMP UNIT, REMEMBER TO CONNECT "Y" FROM THE THERMOSTAT TO THE "Y2" ON THE LOW VOLTAGE TERMINAL BOARD.

Any equivalent thermostat can be used in place of the manufacturer's thermostat part number.



Low Voltage Wiring for ARUF Air Handlers



Low Voltage Wiring Diagram for Cooling Unit with optional heat kit 10KW and below



Low Voltage Wiring Diagram for Cooling Unit with optional heat kit 15KW and above

 NOTES:
 NOMENCLATURE

 1) OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT (OT-1) SHOULD BE THE
 OT --OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT (OPTIONAL)

 FIRST TO CLOSE AND THE LAST TO OPEN.
 EHR -EMERGENCY HEAT RELAY (OPTIONAL)

 2) CONNECT WILLTE AND BROWN WIRES FROM AIR EHR -EMERGENCY HEAT RELAY (OPTIONAL)

 11ANDLER TOGETLIER FOT 2: IS NOT USED.
 3) REMOVE WIRE WHEN USING OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT

COLOR CODES R --RED Y --YELLOW BL-BLUE BR-BROWN O --ORANGE W -WHITE G --GREEN



Low Voltage Wiring for ARUF Air Handlers





COOLING UNIT WITH OPTIONAL HEAT KITS OF 15 kW AND ABOVE AND ROOM THERMOSTAT WITH TWO STAGES OF HEAT

NOTES:

- 1) OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT (OT-1) SHOULD BE THE FIRST TO CLOSE AND THE LAST TO OPEN.
- 2) JUMPER W1 AND W2 TOGETHER IF OT-2 IS NOT USED.
- 3) REMOVE WIRE WHEN USING OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT.

NOMENCLATURE: OT - OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT (OPTIONAL) EHR - EMERGENCY HEAT RELAY (OPTIONAL)

COLOR CODES RD - RED YL - YELLOW BL - BLUE BR - BROWN OR - ORANGE WH - WHITE



NOTES:

- 1) OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT (OT-1) SHOULD BE THE FIRST TO CLOSE AND THE LAST TO OPEN.
- 2) JUMPER W1 AND W2 TOGETHER IF OT-2 IS NOT USED.
- 3) REMOVE WIRE WHEN USING OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT.

NOMENCLATURE: OT - OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT (OPTIONAL) EHR - EMERGENCY HEAT RELAY (OPTIONAL)

COLOR CODES RD - RED

YL - YELLOW BL - BLUE BR - BROWN OR - ORANGE

WH - WHITE







ARUF**14**



ASPT**14**



Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.



3-Phase Heat Kit



AIR HANDLER

AIR HANDLER HOMEOWNER'S ROUTINE MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS

REPLACE OR CLEAN FILTER

IMPORTANT NOTE: Never operate unit without a filter installed as dust and lint will build up on internal parts resulting in loss of efficiency, equipment damage and possible fire.

An indoor air filter must be used with your comfort system. A properly maintained filter will keep the indoor coil of your comfort system clean. A dirty coil could cause poor operation and/or severe equipment damage.

Your air filter or filters could be located in your furnace, in a blower unit, or in "filter grilles" in your ceiling or walls. The installer of your air conditioner or heat pump can tell you where your filter(s) are, and how to clean or replace them.

Check your filter(s) at least once a month. When they are dirty, replace or clean as required. Disposable type filters should be replaced. Reusable type filters may be cleaned.

You may want to ask your dealer about high efficiency filters. High efficiency filters are available in both electronic and non-electronic types. These filters can do a better job of catching small airborne particles.

MOTORS

Indoor and outdoor fan motors are permanently lubricated and do not require additional oiling.

ALUMINUM INDOOR COIL CLEANING

(QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

This unit is equipped with an aluminum tube evaporator coil. The safest way to clean the evaporator coil is to sim-

ply flush the coil with water. This cleaning practice remains as the recommended cleaning method for both copper tube and aluminum tube residential evaporator coils.

It has been determined that many coil cleaners and drain pan tablets contain corrosive chemicals that can be harmful to aluminum tube and fin evaporator coils. Even a one-time application of these corrosive chemicals can cause premature aluminum evaporator coil failure. Any cleaners that contain corrosive chemicals including, but not limited to, chlorine and hydroxides, should not be used.

An alternate cleaning method is to use one of the products listed in TP-109* to clean the coils. The cleaners listed are the only agents deemed safe and approved for use to clean round tube aluminum coils. TP-109 is also available on the web site in Partner Link > Service Toolkit.

NOTE: Ensure coils are rinsed well after use of any chemical cleaners.

BEFORE YOU CALL YOUR SERVICER

- <u>Check the thermostat</u> to confirm that it is properly set.
- <u>Wait 15 minutes</u>. Some devices in the outdoor unit or in programmable thermostats will prevent compressor operation for awhile, and then reset automatically. Also, some power companies will install devices which shut off air conditioners for several minutes on hot days. If you wait several minutes, the unit may begin operation on its own.

TO AVOID THE RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE OR FIRE, INSTALL THE SAME AMPERAGE BREAKER OR FUSE AS YOU ARE REPLACING. IF THE CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSE SHOULD OPEN AGAIN WITHIN THIRTY DAYS, CONTACT A QUALIFIED SERVICER TO CORRECT THE PROBLEM. IF YOU REPEATEDLY RESET THE BREAKER OR REPLACE THE FUSE WITHOUT HAVING THE PROBLEM CORRECTED, YOU RUN THE RISK OF SEVERE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE.

CAUTION

- <u>Check the electrical panel</u> for tripped circuit breakers or failed fuses. Reset the circuit breakers or replace fuses as necessary.
- <u>Check the disconnect switch</u> near the indoor furnace or blower to confirm that it is closed.
- <u>Check for obstructions on the outdoor unit</u>. Confirm that it has not been covered on the sides or the top. Remove any obstruction that can be safely removed. If the unit is covered with dirt or debris, call a qualified servicer to clean it.
- <u>Check for blockage of the indoor air inlets and outlets</u>. Confirm that they are open and have not been blocked by objects (rugs, curtains or furniture).
- <u>Check the filter</u>. If it is dirty, clean or replace it.
- <u>Listen for any unusual noise(s)</u>, other than normal operating noise, that might be coming from the outdoor unit. If you hear unusual noise(s) coming from the unit, call a qualified servicer.



HIGH VOLTAGE! DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



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 NOTE: SPECIFICATIONS AND PERFORMANCE DATA LISTED HEREIN ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

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