INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR *MES9* & *CES9* SINGLE-STAGE GAS FURNACE (TYPE FSP CATEGORY IV DIRECT OR NON DIRECT VENT AIR FURNACE) (TYPE FSP CATÉGORIE IV DIRECT OU FOUR Á AIR SOUFFLÉ NON DIRECT)

These furnaces comply with requirements embodied in the American National Standard / National Standard of Canada ANSI Z21.47·CSA-2.3 Gas Fired Central Furnaces.



Installer: Affix all manuals adjacent to the unit.

As a professional installer you have an obligation to know the product better than the customer. This includes all safety precautions and related items.

Prior to actual installation, thoroughly familiarize yourself with this Instruction Manual. Pay special attention to all safety warnings. Often during installation or repair it is possible to place yourself in a position which is more hazardous than when the unit is in operation.

Remember, it is your responsibility to install the product safely and to know it well enough to be able to instruct a customer in its safe use.

Safety is a matter of common sense...a matter of thinking acting. Most dealers have a list of specific good safety practices...follow them.

The precautions listed in this Installation Manual are intended as supplemental to existing practices. However, if there is a direct conflict between existing practices and the content of this manual, the precautions listed here take precedence.



RECOGNIZE THIS SYMBOL AS A SAFETY PRECAUTION.

*NOTE: Please contact your distributor or our website for the applicable Specification Sheet referred to in this manual.



WARNING

ONLY PERSONNEL THAT HAVE BEEN TRAINED TO INSTALL, ADJUST, SERVICE OR REPAIR (HEREINAFTER, "SERVICE") THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT.

THE MANUFACTURER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE ARISING FROM IMPROPER SERVICE OR SERVICE PROCEDURES. IF YOU SERVICE THIS UNIT, YOU ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE WHICH MAY RESULT. IN ADDITION, IN JURISDICTIONS THAT REQUIRE ONE OR MORE LICENSES TO SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, ONLY LICENSED PERSONNEL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT. IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, SERVICING OR REPAIR OF THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, OR ATTEMPTING TO INSTALL, ADJUST, SERVICE OR REPAIR THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL WITHOUT PROPER TRAINING MAY RESULT IN PRODUCT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



WARNING

DO NOT BYPASS SAFETY DEVICES.

90% HEX



DO NOT LIFT

PRODUCT USING

HEAT EXCHANGER



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Safety Considerations3	FOSSIL FUEL APPLICATIONS	
Shipping Inspection4	TWINNING	
ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) PRECAUTIONS5	GAS SUPPLY AND PIPING	25
TO THE INSTALLER5	HIGH ALTITUDE INSTALLATION	25
PRODUCT APPLICATION5	PROPANE GAS CONVERSION	26
LOCATION REQUIREMENTS & CONSIDERATIONS6	GAS VALVE	26
CLEARANCES AND ACCESSIBILITY8	GAS PIPING CONNECTIONS	26
EXISTING FURNACE REMOVAL8	PROPANE GAS TANKS AND PIPING	28
THERMOSTAT LOCATION8	CIRCULATING AIR & FILTERS	
Combustion & Ventilation Requirements8	Duct work - Air Flow	
NSTALLATION POSITIONS10	CHECKING DUCT STATIC	
HORIZONTAL APPLICATIONS & CONSIDERATIONS10	BOTTOM RETURN AIR OPENING [UPFLOW MODELS]	
FURNACE SUSPENSION10	FILTERS - READ THIS SECTION BEFORE INSTALLING	50
FRONT COVER PRESSURE SWITCH TUBE LOCATION10	THE RETURN AIR DUCT WORK	20
	HORIZONTAL INSTALLATIONS	
DRAIN TRAP AND LINES10		
LEVELING	STARTUP PROCEDURE & ADJUSTMENT	
ALTERNATE ELECTRICAL AND GAS LINE CONNECTIONS11	FURNACE CABINET	
DRAIN PAN11	DRAIN TRAP PRIMING	
FREEZE PROTECTION11	FURNACE OPERATION	
VENT PIPE & COMBUSTION AIR PIPE11	GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE MEASUREMENT	33
MATERIALS – INSTALLATIONS IN THE U.S.A11	GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE MEASUREMENT	
MATERIALS – INSTALLATIONS IN CANADA12	AND ADJUSTMENT	
PIPE INSTALLATION12	GAS INPUT RATE MEASUREMENT (NATURAL GAS ONLY)	34
PIPE SIZING13	TEMPERATURE RISE	34
VENT PIPE CONNECTION14	CIRCULATOR BLOWER SPEEDS	34
COMBUSTION AIR PIPE CONNECTION14	BLOWER HEAT OFF DELAY TIMINGS	36
ALTERNATE VENT & INTAKE PIPE CONNECTIONS14	NORMAL SEQUENCE OF OPERATION	36
PIPE TERMINATION16	Power Up	36
VENT/INTAKE TERMINATIONS FOR INSTALLATION OF	HEATING MODE	36
MULTIPLE DIRECT VENT FURNACES17	COOLING MODE	
Concentric Vent Termination18	FAN ONLY MODE	
Side Wall Vent Kit18	OPERATIONAL CHECKS	
CONDENSATE DRAIN LINES & DRAIN TRAP18	SAFETY CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION	
GENERAL DRAIN INFORMATION18	INTEGRATED CONTROL MODULE	
FIELD SUPPLIED DRAIN	PRIMARY LIMIT	
JPFLOW MODEL INSTALLED VERTICALLY19	AUXILIARY LIMIT	
	ROLLOUT LIMIT	
DRAIN EXITING RIGHT SIDE	PRESSURE SWITCHES	
UPFLOW MODEL INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY	FLAME SENSOR	
WITH RIGHT SIDE DOWN19	TROUBLESHOOTING	
UPFLOW MODEL INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY	ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) PRECAUTIONS	
WITH LEFT SIDE DOWN20	DIAGNOSTIC CHART	
UPFLOW MODEL INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY	FAULT CODE RETRIEVAL	
WITH LEFT SIDE DOWN - ALTERNATE20	FAULT CODE RESET	
CounterFlow Model Installed Vertically21	RESETTING FROM LOCKOUT	38
Drain Exiting Left Side21	MAINTENANCE	
DRAIN EXITING RIGHT SIDE21	ANNUAL INSPECTION	38
COUNTERFLOW MODEL INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY	FILTERS	38
WITH RIGHT SIDE DOWN22	Burners	39
COUNTERFLOW MODEL INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY	INDUCED DRAFT AND CIRCULATOR BLOWERS	39
WITH LEFT SIDE DOWN22	CONDENSATE TRAP AND DRAIN SYSTEM	
ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS23	(QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)	39
Wiring Harness23	FLAME SENSOR (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)	
115 Volt Line Connections23	FLUE PASSAGES (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)	
115 VOLT LINE VOLTAGE CONNECTION OF ACCESSORIES	BEFORE LEAVING AN INSTALLATION	
(Humidifier and Electronic Air Cleaner)23	REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT PARTS	
CONNECTION OF 24 VOLT HUMIDIFIER24	TROUBLESHOOTING CHART	
JUNCTION BOX RELOCATION24	WIRING DIAGRAM	
	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRODUCTS INSTALLED	50
24 VOLT THERMOSTAT WIRING		E 4
SINGLE-STAGE HEATING THERMOSTAT APPLICATION25	IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS	51

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Adhere to the following warnings and cautions when installing, adjusting, altering, servicing, or operating the furnace. To ensure proper installation and operation, thoroughly read this manual for specifics pertaining to the installation and application of this product.

This furnace is manufactured for use with natural gas. It may be field converted to operate on L.P. gas by using the appropriate L.P. conversion kit listed in the **PROPANE GAS/HIGH ALTITUDE INSTALLATIONS** section of this manual.

Install this furnace only in a location and position as specified in <u>LOCATION REQUIREMENTS & CONSIDERATIONS</u> section and <u>INSTALLATION POSITIONS</u> section of this manual.

Provide adequate combustion and ventilation air to the furnace as specified in **COMBUSTION & VENTILATION AIR REQUIREMENTS** section of this manual.

Combustion products must be discharged to the outdoors. Connect this furnace to an approved vent system only, as specified in **VENT/FLUE PIPE & COMBUSTION AIR PIPE** section of this manual.

Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections, as specified in **GAS SUPPLY AND PIPING** section of this manual.

Always install a furnace to operate within the furnace's intended temperature-rise range with a duct system which has external static pressure within the allowable range, as specified on the furnace rating plate and **OPERATIONAL CHECKS section** of these instructions.

When a furnace is installed so that supply ducts carry air circulated by the furnace to areas outside the space containing the furnace, the return air shall also be handled by duct(s) sealed to the furnace casing and terminating outside the space containing the furnace.

A gas-fired furnace for installation in a residential garage must be installed as specified in the <u>LOCATION</u>
<u>REQUIREMENTS AND CONSIDERATIONS</u> section of this manual.

This furnace may be used as a construction site heater only if certain conditions are met. These conditions are listed in the **PRODUCT APPLICATION** section of this manual.



WARNING

FROZEN AND BURST WATER PIPE HAZARD

FAILURE TO PROTECT AGAINST THE RISK OF FREEZING MAY RESULT IN PROPERTY DAMAGE. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS MUST BE MADE IF INSTALLING FURNACE IN AN AREA WHICH MAY DROP BELOW FREEZING. THIS CAN CAUSE IMPROPER OPERATION OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT. IF THE FURNACE ENVIRONMENT HAS THE POTENTIAL OF FREEZING, THE DRAIN TRAP AND DRAIN LINE MUST BE PROTECTED. THE USE OF ACCESSORY DRAIN TRAP HEATERS, ELECTRIC HEAT TAPE AND/OR RV ANTIFREEZE IS RECOMMENDED FOR THESE INSTALLATIONS.



WARNING

IF THE INFORMATION IN THESE INSTRUCTIONS IS NOT FOLLOWED EXACTLY, A FIRE OR EXPLOSION MAY RESULT CAUSING PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

- DO NOT STORE OR USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE VAPORS AND LIQUIDS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS OR ANY OTHER APPLIANCE. WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:

DO NOT TRY TO LIGHT ANY APPLIANCE.

DO NOT TOUCH ANY ELECTRICAL SWITCH; DO NOT USE ANY PHONE IN YOUR BUILDING.

IMMEDIATELY CALL YOUR GAS SUPPLIER FROM A NEIGHBOR'S PHONE. FOLLOW THE GAS SUPPLIER'S INSTRUCTIONS. IF YOU CANNOT REACH YOUR GAS SUPPLIER, CALL THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

- INSTALLATION AND SERVICE MUST BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED INSTALLER, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER.



WARNING

HEATING UNIT SHOULD NOT BE UTILIZED WITHOUT REASONABLE, ROUTINE, INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE AND SUPERVISION. IF THE BUILDING IN WHICH ANY SUCH DEVICE IS LOCATED WILL BE VACANT, CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN THAT SUCH DEVICE IS ROUTINELY INSPECTED, MAINTAINED AND MONITORED. IN THE EVENT THAT THE BUILDING MAYBE EXPOSED TO FREEZING TEMPERATURES AND WILL BE VACANT, ALL WATER-BEARING PIPES SHOULD BE DRAINED, THE BUILDING SHOULD BE PROPERLY WINTERIZED, AND THE WATER SOURCE CLOSED. IN THE EVENT THAT THE BUILDING MAY BE EXPOSED TO FREEZING TEMPERATURES AND WILL BE VACANT, ANY HYDRONIC COIL UNITS SHOULD BE DRAINED AS WELL AND, IN SUCH CASE, ALTERNATIVE HEAT SOURCES SHOULD BE UTILIZED.



WARNING

TO PREVENT POSSIBLE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, THE FURNACE MUST BE LOCATED TO PROTECT THE ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS FROM WATER.

Drain trap must be primed at time of installation. Trap is internally partitioned; add water to both inlet ports until water appears at both sides of the outlet opening. Failure to prime trap at time of installation may have a negative effect on combustion quality and pressure switch action.





CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Special Warning for Installation of Furnace or Air Handling Units in Enclosed Areas such as Garages, Utility Rooms or Parking Areas

Carbon monoxide producing devices (such as an automobile, space heater, gas water heater, etc.) should not be operated in enclosed areas such as unventilated garages, utility rooms or parking areas because of the danger of carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning resulting from the exhaust emissions. If a furnace or air handler is installed in an enclosed area such as a garage, utility room or parking area and a carbon monoxide producing device is operated therein, there must be adequate, direct outside ventilation.

This ventilation is necessary to avoid the danger of CO poisoning which can occur if a carbon monoxide producing device continues to operate ir the enclosed area. Carbon monoxide emissions can be (rejocirculated throughout the structure if the furnace or air handler is operating in any

CO can cause serious illness including permanent brain damage or death.

B10259-216





RIESGO DE INTOXICACIÓN POR MONÓXIDO DE CARBONO

Advertencia especial para la instalación de calentadores ó manejadoras de aire en áreas cerradas como estacionamientos ó cuartos de servicio.

Los equipos ó aparatos que producen monóxido de carbono (tal como automóvil, calentador de gas, calentador de agua por medio de gas, etc) no deben ser operados en áreas cerradas debido al riesgo de envenenamiento por monóxido de carbono (CO) que resulta de las emisiones de gases de combustión. Si el equipo ó aparato se opera en dichas áreas, debe existir una adecuada ventilación directa al exterior.

Esta ventilación es necesaria para evitar el peligro de envenenamiento por CO, que puede ocurrir si un dispositivo que produce monóxido de carbono sigue operando en el lugar cerrado.

Las emisiones de monóxido de carbono pueden circular a través del aparato cuando se opera en cualquier modo.

El monóxido de carbono puede causar enfermedades severas como daño cerebral permanente ó muerte. B10259-21



RISQUE D'EMPOISONNEMENT AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE

Advertencia especial para la instalación de calentadores ó manejadoras de aire en áreas cerradas como estacionamientos ó cuartos de servicio.

Avertissement special au sujet de l'installation d'appareils de hauffage ou de traitement d'air dans des endroits clos, tets les garages, les locaux d'entretien et les stationnements. Evitez de mettre en marche les appareils produisant du monoxyde de carbone (tels que les automobile, les appareils de chauffage autonome,etc.) dans des endroits non ventilés tels que les d'empoisonnement au monoxyde de carbone. Si vous devez faire fonctionner ces appareils dans un endroit clos, assures-vous qu'il y ait une ventilation directe provenant de l'exterier.

Cette ventilation est nécessaire pour éviter le danger d'intoxication au CO pouvant survenir si un appareil produisant du monoxyde de carbone continue de fonctionner au sein de la zone confinée.

Les émissions de monoxyde de carbone peuvent etre recircules dans les endroits clos, si l'appareil de chauffage ou de traitement d'air sont en march

Le monoxyde de carbone peut causer des maladies graves telles que des dommages permanents au cerveau et meme la mort. B10259-216



FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE SAFETY WARNINGS EXACTLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY, DEATH OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

NEVER TEST FOR GAS LEAKS WITH AN OPEN FLAME.
USE A COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE SOAP SOLUTION MADE
SPECIFICALLY FOR THE DETECTION OF LEAKS TO CHECK ALL
CONNECTIONS. A FIRE OR EXPLOSION MAY RESULT CAUSING
PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.



AVERTISSEMENT

RISQUE D'INCENDIE OU D'EXPLOSION

SI LES CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ NE SONT PAS SUIVIES À LA LETTRE, CELA PEUT ENTRAÎNER LA MORT, DE GRAVES BLESSURES OU DES DOMMAGES MATÉRIELS.

NE JAMAIS VÉRIFIER LA PRÉSENCE DE FUITES DE GAZ AU MOYEN D'UNE FLAMME NUE. VÉRIFIER TOUS LES RACCORDS EN UTILISANT UNE SOLUTION SAVONNEUSE COMMERCIALE CONÇUE SPÉCIALEMENT POUR LA DÉTECTION DE FUITES. UN INCENDIE OU UNE EXPLOSION RISQUE DE SE PRODUIRE, CE QUI PEUT ENTRAÎNER LA MORT, DES BLESSURES OU DES DOMMAGES MATÉRIELS.

SHIPPING INSPECTION

All units are securely packed in shipping containers tested according to International Safe Transit Association specifications. The carton must be checked upon arrival for external damage. If damage is found, a request for inspection by carrier's agent must be made in writing immediately.

The furnace must be carefully inspected on arrival for damage and bolts or screws which may have come loose in transit. In the event of damage the consignee should:

- 1. Make a notation on delivery receipt of any visible damage to shipment or container.
- 2. Notify carrier promptly and request an inspection.
- 3. With concealed damage, carrier must be notified as soon as possible preferably within five days.
- 4. File the claim with the following support documents within a nine month statute of limitations.
 - Original or certified copy of the Bill of Lading, or indemnity bond.
 - Original paid freight bill or indemnity in lieu thereof.
 - Original or certified copy of the invoice, showing trade and other discounts or reductions.
 - Copy of the inspection report issued by carrier's representative at the time damage is reported to carrier.

The carrier is responsible for making prompt inspection of damage and for a thorough investigation of each claim. The distributor or manufacturer will not accept claims from dealers for transportation damage.

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) PRECAUTIONS



WARNING

SHOULD OVERHEATING OCCUR OR THE GAS SUPPLY FAIL TO SHUT OFF, TURN OFF THE MANUAL GAS SHUTOFF VALVE EXTERNAL TO THE FURNACE BEFORE TURNING OFF THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY.



WARNING

POSSIBLE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO FIRE, EXPLOSION, SMOKE, SOOT, CONDENSATION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK OR CARBON MONOXIDE MAY RESULT FROM IMPROPER INSTALLATION, REPAIR OPERATION, OR MAINTENANCE OF THIS PRODUCT.

NOTE: DISCHARGE YOUR BODY'S STATIC ELECTRICITY BEFORE TOUCHING UNIT. AN ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CAN ADVERSELY AFFECT ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS.

Use the following precautions during furnace installation and servicing to protect the integrated control module from damage. By putting the furnace, the control, and the person at the same electrostatic potential, these steps will help avoid exposing the integrated control module to electrostatic discharge. This procedure is applicable to both installed and non-installed (ungrounded) furnaces.

- Disconnect all power to the furnace. Do not touch the integrated control module or any wire connected to the control prior to discharging your body's electrostatic charge to ground.
- 2. Firmly touch a clean, unpainted, metal surface of the furnaces near the control. Any tools held in a person's hand during grounding will be discharged.
- 3. Service integrated control module or connecting wiring following the discharge process in step 2. Use caution not to recharge your body with static electricity; (i.e., do not move or shuffle your feet, do not touch ungrounded objects, etc.). If you come in contact with an ungrounded object, repeat step 2 before touching control or wires.
- 4. Discharge your body to ground before removing a new control from its container. Follow steps 1 through 3 if installing the control on a furnace. Return any old or new controls to their containers before touching any ungrounded object.

TO THE INSTALLER

Before installing this unit, please read this manual thoroughly to familiarize yourself with specific items which must be adhered to, including but not limited to: unit maximum external static pressure, gas pressures, BTU input rating, proper electrical connections, circulating air temperature rise, minimum or maximum CFM, and motor speed connections.

PRODUCT APPLICATION

This furnace is primarily designed for residential homeheating applications. It is NOT designed or certified for use in mobile homes, trailers or recreational vehicles. Neither is it designed or certified for outdoor applications. The furnace must be installed indoors (i.e., attic space, crawl space, or garage area provided the garage area is enclosed with an operating door).

This furnace can be used in the following non-industrial commercial applications:

Schools, Office buildings, Churches, Retail stores, Nursing homes, Hotels/motels, Common or office areas

In such applications, the furnace must be installed with the following stipulations:

- It must be installed per the installation instructions provided and per local and national codes.
- It must be installed indoors in a building constructed on site.
- It must be part of a ducted system and not used in a free air delivery application.
- It must not be used as a "make-up" air unit.
- It must be installed as a two-pipe systems for combustion air.
- All other warranty exclusions and restrictions apply
 This furnace is an ETL dual-certified appliance and
 is appropriate for use with natural or propane gas
 NOTE: If using propane, a propane conversion kit is
 required.

Dual certification means that the combustion air inlet pipe is optional and the furnace can be vented as a:

- Non-direct vent (single pipe) central forced air furnace in which combustion air is taken from the installation area or from air ducted from the outside or,
- Direct vent (dual pipe) central forced air furnace in which all combustion air supplied directly to the furnace burners through a special air intake system outlined in these instructions.



WARNING

TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO FIRE, DO NOT INSTALL THE FURNACE IN A MOBILE HOME, TRAILER, OR RECREATIONAL VEHICLE.

This furnace may be used as a construction site heater ONLY if all of the following conditions are met:

- The vent system is permanently installed per these installation instructions.
- A room thermostat is used to control the furnace.
 Fixed jumpers that provide continuous heating
 CANNOT be used and can cause long term
 equipment damage. Bimetal thermostats, or any
 thermostat affected by vibration, must not be used
 during construction.

- Return air ducts are provided and sealed to the furnace.
- A return air temperature range between 60°F (16°C) and 80°F (27°C) is maintained.
- MERV 11 (Example P/N AMP-11-2025-45) air filter(s) are installed in the system and inspected daily and replaced as needed during construction and upon completion of construction.
- The input rate and temperature rise are set per the furnace rating plate.
- The furnace must be installed as a two pipe system, using 100% outside air for combustion during construction.
- The furnace heat exchanger, components, duct system, air filters and evaporator coils are thoroughly cleaned following final construction clean up by a qualified person.
- All furnace operating conditions (including ignition, input rate, temperature rise and venting) are verified according to these installation instructions.
- Furnace doors must be in place on the furnace while the furnace is operating in any mode.
- Damage or repairs due to failure to comply with these requirements are not covered under the warranty.

NOTE: THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS REQUIRES THAT THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS MUST ALSO BE MET:

- Gas furnaces must be installed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter.
- · A T-handle gas cock must be used.
- If the unit is to be installed in an attic, the passageway to and the service area around the unit must have flooring.

To ensure proper furnace operation, install, operate and maintain the furnace in accordance with these installation and operation instructions, all local building codes and ordinances. In their absence, follow the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code (NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1), and/or CAN/CSA B149.1-15 Installation Codes, local plumbing or waste water codes, and other applicable codes.

A copy of the National Fuel Gas Code (NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1) can be obtained from any of the following:

American National Standards Institute

23 West 43rd Street, 4th Floor New York, NY 10036

National Fire Protection Association

1 Batterymarch Park Quincy, MA 02169-7471

CSA International

8501 East Pleasant Valley Independence, OH 441311

The rated heating capacity of the furnace should be greater than or equal to the total heat loss of the area to be heated. The total heat loss should be calculated by an approved method or in accordance with "ASHRAE Guide" or "Manual J-Load Calculations" published by the Air Conditioning Contractors of America.

A copy of the CAN/CSA B149.1-15 Installation Codes can also be obtained from:

CSA International

178 Rexdale Boulevard Etobicoke, Ontario, Canada M9W 1R3

LOCATION REQUIREMENTS & CONSIDERATIONS

Follow the instructions listed below and the guidelines provided in the *Combustion and Ventilation Air* Requirements section when selecting a furnace location.



WARNING

TO PREVENT POSSIBLE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, THE FOLLOWING BULLET POINTS MUST BE OBSERVED WHEN INSTALLING THIS UNIT.



WARNING

POSSIBLE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO FIRE, EXPLOSION, SMOKE, SOOT, CONDENSATION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK OR CARBON MONOXIDE MAY RESULT FROM IMPROPER INSTALLATION, REPAIR OPERATION, OR MAINTENANCE OF THIS PRODUCT.

- Centrally locate the furnace with respect to the proposed or existing air distribution system.
- Ensure the temperature of the return air entering the furnace is between 55°F and 100°F when the furnace is heating.
- Provide provisions for venting combustion products outdoors through a proper venting system. Special consideration should be given to vent/flue pipe routing and combustion air intake pipe when applicable. Refer to Vent/Flue Pipe and Combustion Air Pipe -Termination Locations for appropriate termination locations and to determine if the piping system from furnace to termination can be accomplished within the guidelines given. NOTE: The length of flue and/ or combustion air piping can be a limiting factor in the location of the furnace.
- Locate the furnace so condensate flows downwards to the drain. Do not locate the furnace or its condensate drainage system in any area subject to below freezing temperatures without proper freeze protection.
- Ensure adequate combustion air is available for the furnace. Improper or insufficient combustion air can expose building occupants to gas combustion products that could include carbon monoxide. Refer to Combustion and Ventilation Air Requirements.

- Set the furnace on a level floor to enable proper condensate drainage. If the floor becomes wet or damp at times, place the furnace above the floor on a concrete base sized approximately 1-1/2" larger than the base of the furnace. Refer to the Horizontal Applications and Considerations for leveling of horizontal furnaces.
- Ensure upflow or horizontal furnaces are not installed directly on carpeting, or any other combustible material. The only combustible material allowed is wood.
- A special accessory sub-base must be used for upright counterflow unit installations over any combustible material (including wood). Refer to subbase instructions for installation details. NOTE: A sub-base will not be required if an air conditioning coil is located beneath the furnace between the supply air opening and the combustible floor.
- Exposure to contaminated combustion air will result in safety and performance-related problems. Do not install the furnace where the combustion air is exposed to the following substances:

permanent wave solutions chlorinated waxes or cleaners chlorine-based carbon tetrachloride water softening chemicals swimming pool chemicals deicing salts or chemicals halogen type refrigerants printing inks cleaning solutions (such as perchloroethylene) paint removers varnishes hydrochloric acid cements and glues antistatic fabric softeners for clothes dryers masonry acid washing materials

- Enclose a non-direct vent furnace if it is installed near an area frequently contaminated by any of the above substances. This protects the non-direct vent furnace from airborne contaminants. To ensure that the enclosed non-direct vent furnace has an adequate supply of combustion air, provide air from a nearby uncontaminated room or from outdoors. Refer to the Combustion and Ventilation Air Requirements for details.
- If the furnace is used in connection with a cooling coil unit, install the furnace upstream or in parallel with the cooling coil unit. Premature heat exchanger failure will result if the cooling unit is placed ahead of the furnace.

- For vertical (upflow or downflow) applications, the minimum cooling coil width shall not be less than furnace width minus 1". Additionally, a coil installed above an upflow furnace or under a counterflow furnace may be the same width as the furnace or may be one size larger than the furnace. Example: a "C" width coil may be installed with a "B" width furnace.
- For upflow applications, the front of the coil and furnace must face the same direction.
- If the furnace is installed in a residential garage, position the furnace so that the burners and ignition source are located not less than 18 inches (457 mm) above the floor. Protect the furnace from physical damage by vehicles.
- · If the furnace is installed horizontally, ensure the access doors are not on the "up/top" or "down/bottom" side of the furnace.
- · Do not connect this furnace to a chimney flue that serves a separate appliance designed to burn solid
- · On Counterflow Installations, the air conditioning coil must be downstream on the supply (positive) side of the furnace heat exchanger.
- Counterflow Installation over a noncombustible floor. Before setting the furnace over the plenum opening, ensure the surface around the opening is smooth and level. A tight seal should be made between the furnace base and floor by using a silicone rubber caulking compound or cement grout.
- Counterflow Installation over a combustible floor. If installation over a combustible floor becomes necessary, use an accessory sub-base (see Specification Sheet applicable for your model for details.) A special accessory sub-base must be used for upright counterflow unit installations over any combustible material including wood. Refer to subbase instructions for installation details. Follow the instructions with the sub-base for proper installation. Do not install the furnace directly on carpeting, tile, or other combustible material other than wood flooring. **NOTE**: The sub-base will not be required if an air conditioning coil is installed between the supply air

opening on the furnace and the floor.

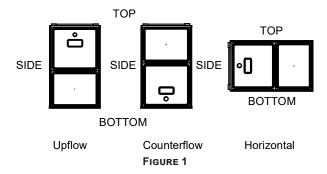
MES[92 & 96] MINIMUM CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS (INCHES)						
POSITION*	SIDES	REAR	FRONT	воттом	FLUE	TOP
Upflow	0"	0"	3"	С	0"	1"
Horizontal	6"	0"	3"	С	0"	6"

C = If placed on combustible floor, floor MUST be wood only.

CES[92 & 96] MINIMUM CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS (INCHES)						
POSITION*	SIDES	REAR	FRONT	воттом	FLUE	TOP
Counterflow	0"	0"	3"	NC	0"	1"
Horizontal	6"	0"	3"	С	0"	6"

C = If placed on combustible floor, floor MUST be wood only.

NC = For installation on non-combustible floors only. A combustible subbase must be used for installations on combustible flooring.



CLEARANCES AND ACCESSIBILITY NOTES:

- For servicing or cleaning, a 24" front clearance is required.
- Unit connections (electrical, flue and drain) may necessitate greater clearances than the minimum clearances listed above.
- Clearance in accordance with local installation codes, the requirements of the gas supplier and the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- Dégaugement conforme aux codes d'installation locaux, aux exigences du fournisseur de gaz et aux instructions d'installation du fabricant.
- In all cases, accessibility clearance must take precedence over clearances from the enclosure where accessibility clearances are greater.

Installations must adhere to the clearances to combustible materials to which this furnace has been design certified. The minimum clearance information for this furnace is provided on the unit's clearance label. These clearances must be permanently maintained. Clearances must also accommodate an installation's gas, electrical, and drain trap and drain line connections. If the alternate combustion air intake or vent/flue connections are used additional clearance must be provided to accommodate these connections. Refer to Vent/Flue Pipe and Combustion Air Pipe for details.

NOTE: IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIRED CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS, A MINIMUM OF 24 INCHES SERVICE CLEARANCE MUST BE AVAILABLE IN FRONT OF THE UNIT.

A furnace installed in a confined space (i.e., a closet or utility room) must have two ventilation openings with a total minimum free area of 0.25 square inches per 1,000 BTU/hr of furnace input rating. Refer to Specification Sheet applicable to your model for minimum clearances to combustible surfaces. One of the ventilation openings must be within 12 inches of the top; the other opening must be within 12 inches of the bottom of the confined space. In a typical construction, the clearance between the door and door frame is usually adequate to satisfy this ventilation requirement.

EXISTING FURNACE REMOVAL

NOTE: When an existing furnace is removed from a venting system serving other appliances, the venting system may be too large to properly vent the remaining attached appliances.

The following vent testing procedure is reproduced from the American National Standard/National Standard of Canada for Gas-Fired Central Furnaces ANSI Z21.47, CSA-2.3 latest edition Section 1.23.1.

THERMOSTAT LOCATION



WARNING

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, SUFFICIENT FRESH AIR FOR PROPER COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION OF FLUE GASES MUST BE SUPPLIED. MOST HOMES REQUIRE OUTSIDE AIR BE SUPPLIED INTO THE FURNACE AREA.

The thermostat should be placed approximately five feet from the floor on a vibration-free, inside wall in an area having good air circulation. Do not install the thermostat where it may be influenced by any of the following:

- Drafts, or dead spots behind doors, in corners, or under cabinets.
- · Hot or cold air from registers.
- · Radiant heat from the sun.
- · Light fixtures or other appliances.
- Radiant heat from a fireplace.
- Concealed hot or cold water pipes, or chimneys.
- Unconditioned areas behind the thermostat, such as an outside wall. Consult the instructions packaged with the thermostat for mounting instructions and further precautions.

COMBUSTION & VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS

Improved construction and additional insulation in buildings have reduced heat loss by reducing air infiltration and escape around doors and windows. These changes have helped in reducing heating/cooling costs but have created a problem supplying combustion and ventilation air for gas fired and other fuel burning appliances. Appliances that pull air out of the house (clothes dryers, exhaust fans, fireplaces, etc.) increase the problem by starving appliances for air.



CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE STEPS OUTLINED BELOW FOR EACH APPLIANCE CONNECTED TO THE VENTING SYSTEM BEING PLACED INTO OPERATION COULD RESULT IN CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING OR DEATH.

THE FOLLOWING STEPS SHALL BE FOLLOWED WITH EACH APPLIANCE CONNECTED TO THE VENTING SYSTEM PLACED IN OPERATION, WHILE ANY OTHER APPLIANCES CONNECTED TO THE VENTING SYSTEM ARE NOT IN OPERATION:

- 1. SEAL ANY UNUSED OPENINGS IN THE VENTING SYSTEM.
- 2. INSPECT THE VENTING SYSTEM FOR PROPER SIZE AND HORIZONTAL PITCH, AS REQUIRED BY THE NATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE, ANSI Z223.1 OR THE NATURAL GAS AND PROPANE INSTALLATION CODE, CSA B149.1-15 AND THESE INSTRUCTIONS. DETERMINE THAT THERE IS NO BLOCKAGE OR RESTRICTION, LEAKAGE, CORROSION AND OTHER DEFICIENCIES WHICH COULD CAUSE AN UNSAFE CONDITION.
- 3. AS FAR AS PRACTICAL, CLOSE ALL BUILDING DOORS AND WINDOWS AND ALL DOORS BETWEEN THE SPACE IN WHICH THE APPLIANCE(S) CONNECTED TO THE VENTING SYSTEM ARE LOCATED AND OTHER SPACES OF THE BUILDING.
- 4. CLOSE FIREPLACE DAMPERS.
- 5. TURN ON CLOTHES DRYERS AND ANY APPLIANCE NOT CONNECTED TO THE VENTING SYSTEM. TURN ON ANY EXHAUST FANS, SUCH AS RANGE HOODS AND BATHROOM EXHAUSTS, SO THEY SHALL OPERATE AT MAXIMUM SPEED.

 DO NOT OPERATE A SUMMER EXHAUST FAN.
- 6. FOLLOW THE LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS. PLACE THE APPLIANCE BEING INSPECTED IN OPERATION. ADJUST THERMOSTAT SO APPLIANCE SHALL OPERATE CONTINUOUSLY.
- TEST FOR SPILLAGE FROM DRAFT HOOD APPLIANCES AT THE DRAFT HOOD RELIEF OPENING AFTER 5 MINUTES OF MAIN BURNER OPERATION. USE THE FLAME OF A MATCH OR CANDLE.
- 8. IF IMPROPER VENTING IS OBSERVED DURING ANY OF THE ABOVE TESTS, THE VENTING SYSTEM MUST BE CORRECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 AND/OR NATIONAL GAS AND PROPANE INSTALLATION CODE CSA B149.1-15.
- 9. AFTER IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT EACH APPLIANCE CONNECTED TO THE VENTING SYSTEM PROPERLY VENTS WHEN TESTED AS OUTLINED ABOVE, RETURN DOORS, WINDOWS, EXHAUST FANS, FIREPLACE DAMPERS AND ANY OTHER GAS BURNING APPLIANCE TO THEIR PREVIOUS CONDITIONS OF USE.



AVERTISSEMENT

RISQUE D'INTOXICATION AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE SI LES ÉTAPES DÉCRITES CI-DESSOUS NE SONT PAS SUIVIES POUR CHACUN DES APPAREILS RACCORDÉS AU SYSTÈME DE VENTILATION AU MOMENT DE SA MISE EN MARCHE, CELA PEUT ENTRAÎNER UNE INTOXICATION AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE OU LA MORT.

LES ÉTAPES SUIVANTES DOIVENT ÊTRE SUIVIES POUR CHACUN DES APPAREILS RACCORDÉS AU SYSTÈME DE VENTILATION AU MOMENT DE SA MISE EN MARCHE, ALORS QUE TOUS LES AUTRES APPAREILS RACCORDÉS AU SYSTÈME DE VENTILATION NE SONT PAS EN MARCHE:

- 1. SCELLER TOUTES LES OUVERTURES INUTILISÉES DU SYSTÈME DE VENTILATION.
- 2. INSPECTER LE SYSTÈME DE VENTILATION AFIN DE VÉRIFIER SI
 LA TAILLE ET L'INCLINAISON PAR RAPPORT À L'HORIZONTALE
 SONT CONFORMES AUX EXIGENCES DU NATIONAL FUEL GAS
 CODE, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 OU DU CODE D'INSTALLATION
 DU GAZ NATUREL ET DU PROPANE, CSA B149.1 ET À CES
 INSTRUCTIONS. VÉRIFIER QU'IL N'Y A PAS D'OBSTRUCTION
 OU DE RESTRICTION, DE FUITE, DE CORROSION ET D'AUTRES
 PROBLÈMES QUI POURRAIENT ENTRAÎNER UNE SITUATION
 DANGEREUSE.
- 3. SI POSSIBLE, FERMER TOUTES LES PORTES ET FENÊTRES DU BÂTIMENT AINSI QUE TOUTES LES PORTES SÉPARANT L'ENDROIT OÙ SE TROUVENT LES APPAREILS RACCORDÉS AU SYSTÈME DE VENTILATION ET LES AUTRES ZONES DU BÂTIMENT.
- 4. FERMER LE REGISTRE DES FOYERS.
- 5. METTRE LES SÉCHEUSES EN MARCHE AINSI QUE TOUS LES AUTRES APPAREILS QUI NE SONT PAS RACCORDÉS AU SYSTÈME DE VENTILATION. METTRE EN MARCHE TOUS LES VENTILATEURS DE TIRAGE, COMME CELUI DES HOTTES DE CUISINE ET DES SALLES DE BAINS, ET LES RÉGLER À LA PUISSANCE MAXIMALE. NE PAS METTRE EN MARCHE LES VENTILATEURS D'ÉTÉ.
- SUIVRE LES INSTRUCTIONS D'ALLUMAGE. METTRE EN MARCHE L'APPAREIL SOUMIS À L'INSPECTION. RÉGLER LE THERMOSTAT DE MANIÈRE À CE QUE L'APPAREIL FONCTIONNE EN CONTINU.
- 7. VÉRIFIER LA PRÉSENCE DE FUITE AU NIVEAU DE L'OUVERTURE DU COUPE-TIRAGE DES APPAREILS QUI EN SONT DOTÉS APRÈS 5 MINUTES DE FONCTIONNEMENT DU BRÛLEUR PRINCIPAL. UTILISER LA FLAMME D'UNE ALLUMETTE OU D'UNE BOUGIE.
- 8. SI UN PROBLÈME DE VENTILATION EST OBSERVÉ PENDANT L'UN DES ESSAIS DÉCRITS CI-DESSUS, DES CORRECTIFS DOIVENT ÊTRE APPORTÉS AU SYSTÈME DE VENTILATION CONFORMÉMENT AU NATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 ET (OU) AU CODE D'INSTALLATION DU GAZ NATUREL ET DU PROPANE, CSA B149.1.
- 9. Une fois qu'il a été déterminé que chaque appareil raccordé au système de ventilation fonctionne correctement au moyen des essais décrits ci-dessus, les portes, les fenêtres, les ventilateurs, les registres de foyer et tous les autres appareils de combustion alimentés au gaz doivent être remis dans leur état initial.

House depressurization can cause back drafting or improper combustion of gas-fired appliances, thereby exposing building occupants to gas combustion products that could include carbon monoxide.

If this furnace is to be installed in the same space with other gas appliances, such as a water heater, ensure there is an adequate supply of combustion and ventilation air for the other appliances. Refer to the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 or CAN/CSA B1491-15 Installation Codes or applicable provisions of the local building codes for determining the combustion air requirements for the appliances.

Most homes will require outside air be supplied to the furnace area by means of ventilation grilles or ducts connecting directly to the outdoors or spaces open to the outdoors such as attics or crawl spaces.

INSTALLATION POSITIONS

This furnace may be installed in an upright position or horizontal on either the left or right side panel. Do not install this furnace on its back. For *upright upflow* furnaces, return air ductwork may be attached to the side panel(s) and/or basepan. For *horizontal upflow* furnaces, return air ductwork must be attached to the basepan. For both *upright or horizontal counterflow* furnaces, return ductwork must be attached to the basepan (top end of the blower compartment). **NOTE:** Ductwork must never be attached to the back of the furnace. Contact your distributor for proper airflow requirements and number of required ductwork connections. Refer to "Recommended Installation Positions" figure for appropriate installation positions, ductwork connections, and resulting airflow arrangements.

HORIZONTAL APPLICATIONS & CONSIDERATIONS

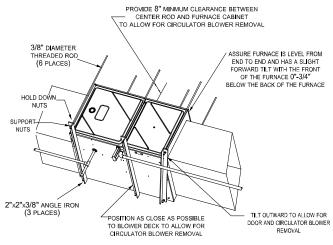


FIGURE 2

When installing a furnace horizontally, additional consideration must be given to the following:

FURNACE SUSPENSION

If suspending the furnace from rafters or joists, use $\frac{3}{6}$ " threaded rod and 2" x 2" x $\frac{1}{6}$ " angle iron as shown in the following diagram. The length of rod will depend on the application and the clearances necessary.

If the furnace is installed in a crawl space it must be suspended from the floor joist or supported by a concrete pad. Never install the furnace on the ground or allow it to be exposed to water.

FRONT COVER PRESSURE SWITCH TUBE LOCATION

When a furnace is installed horizontally with left side down, the front cover pressure switch tube must be re-located to the lower port of the collector box cover.

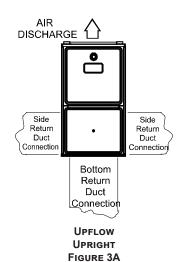
- Remove tube from front cover pressure switch and collector box cover.
- 2. Remove rubber plug from bottom collector box port and install on top collector box port.
- 3. Locate 24" x 1/4" tube in bag assembly.
- 4. Install one end on front cover pressure switch.
- 5. Route tube to lower port on collector box cover and cut off excess tubing.

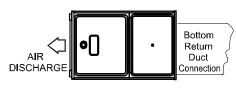
DRAIN TRAP AND LINES

In horizontal applications the condensate drain trap is secured to the furnace side panel, suspending it below the furnace. A minimum clearance of 5.5" below the furnace must be provided for the drain trap. Additionally, the appropriate downward piping slope must be maintained from the drain trap to the drain location. Refer to *Condensate Drain Trap and Lines* for further details. If the drain trap and drain line will be exposed to temperatures near or below freezing, adequate measures must be taken to prevent condensate from freezing.

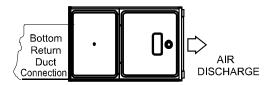
LEVELING

Leveling ensures proper condensate drainage from the heat exchanger. For proper flue pipe drainage, the furnace must be level lengthwise from end to end. The furnace should have a slight tilt from back to front with the access doors downhill from the back panel approximately ½ to ¾ inches. The slight tilt allows the heat exchanger condensate, generated in the recuperator coil, to flow forward to the recuperator coil front cover.





UPFLOW HORIZONTAL LEFT AIR DISCHARGE FIGURE 3B



UPFLOW HORIZONTAL
RIGHT AIR DISCHARGE
FIGURE 3C
RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION POSITIONS

ALTERNATE ELECTRICAL AND GAS LINE CONNECTIONS

This furnace has provisions allowing for electrical and gas line connections through either side panel. In horizontal applications the connections can be made either through the "top" or "bottom" of the furnace.

DRAIN PAN

A drain pan must be provided if the furnace is installed above a conditioned area. The drain pan must cover the entire area under the furnace (and air conditioning coil if applicable).

FREEZE PROTECTION

If the drain line is routed through an area which may see temperatures near or below freezing, precautions must be taken to prevent condensate from freezing within the drain line.



WARNING

POSSIBLE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH MAY OCCUR IF THE CORRECT CONVERSION KITS ARE NOT INSTALLED. THE APPROPRIATE KITS MUST BE APPLIED TOT ENSURE SAFE AND PROPER FURNACE OPERATION. ALL CONVERSIONS MUST BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED INSTALLER OR SERVICE AGENCY.

Gas	Altitude	Kit	Orifice	Manifold Pressure	Pressure Switch Change
Natural	0-7000	None	#45	3.5" w.c.	None
Propane	0-7000	LPM-07* ¹	1.25mm	10.0" w.c.	None

¹ LPM-07* supports both Honeywell and White-Rogers 1-Stage Valves **NOTE**: In Canada, gas furnaces are only certified to 4500 feet

VENT PIPE & COMBUSTION AIR PIPE



WARNING

UPON COMPLETION OF THE FURNACE INSTALLATION, CAREFULLY INSPECT THE ENTIRE FLUE SYSTEM BOTH INSIDE AND OUTSIDE OF THE FURNACE TO ASSURE IT IS PROPERLY SEALED. LEAKS IN THE FLUE SYSTEM CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO EXPOSURE TO FLUE PRODUCTS, INCLUDING CARBON MONOXIDE.



WARNING

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAN RESULT IN BODILY INJURY OR DEATH. CAREFULLY READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN IN THIS SECTION.

This manual will refer to the pipe that discharges products of combustion to the outdoors as the "vent" pipe or "flue" pipe. The pipe that supplies air for combustion to the furnace will be referred to as the "intake" pipe or "combustion air" pipe.

This furnace is dual certified and may be installed as a non-direct vent (single pipe) or direct vent (dual pipe) appliance.

MATERIALS - INSTALLATIONS IN THE U.S.A.

PVC, CPVC, or ABS pipe & fittings are typically used as venting and intake pipe materials. All 90° elbows must be medium or long radius types. A medium radius elbow should measure ~3-1/16" minimum from the plane of one opening to the center line of the other opening for 2" diameter pipe, and ~4-9/16" minimum for 3" pipe.

In addition to these materials, Innoflue® by Centrotherm Eco Systems and PolyPro® by M&G Duravent are also approved vent and combustion air materials for installations in the U.S.A. Manufacturers Installation instructions for these products must be followed. These products have specific instructions for installing, joining and terminating. Do not mix materials or components of one manufacturer with materials or components of another manufacturer. Refer to the following chart for plastic pipe & fittings specifications.

MATERIALS - INSTALLATIONS IN CANADA

All installations in Canada must conform to the requirements of CAN/CSA B149.1-15 code. All vent components, including primer and cement, must be listed to ULC S636. The certified pipe and fittings should be clearly marked with the ULC standard "S636". The primer and cement used must be of the same manufacturer as the vent system. For Royal Pipe System 636; use GVS-65 Primer (Purple) and GVS-65 PVC Solvent Cement. For IPEX System 636, use PVC/CPVC Primer, Purple or clear. Use PVC Solvent cement (Gray). For Canadian installations, ABS may be used as a combustion air pipe only. ABS is not an approved vent material in Canada. If ABS is used as a combustion air pipe, it must be CSA certified. Always follow the manufacturer's instructions in the use of primer and cement. Do not use primer and cement around potential sources of ignition. Do not use primer or cement beyond its expiration date.

VENTING MATERIAL REQUIREME	NTS
<u>PVC</u>	ASTM STANDARD
SCHEDULE 40 PIPE	D1785
SCHEDULE 40 CELLULAR CORE PIPE	F891
SDR 21 OR 26 PIPE	D2241
FITTINGS	D2466
<u>ABS</u>	
SCHEDULE 40 PIPE	D1527
SCHEDULE 40 CELLULAR CORE PIPE	F628
FITTINGS	D2468
<u>CPVC</u>	
SCHEDULE 40 PIPE	F441
SDR 21 OR 26 PIPE	F442
FITTINGS	F438
<u>POLYPROPYLENE</u>	
INNOFLUE® (CENTROTHERM)	
POLYPRO® (DURAVENT)	
PRIMER & SOLVENT CEMENT	
PVC PRIMER	F656
CPVC PRIMER	F656
PVC SOLVENT CEMENT	D2564
CPVC SOLVENT CEMENT	F493
ABS SOLVENT CEMENT	D2235
ABS / PVC / CPVC ALL PURPOSE CEMENT (FOR PIPE & FITTINGS OF THE SAME MATERIAL)	D2564, D2235, F493
TRANSITION CEMENT FOR ABS TO PVC or CPVC	D3188
INSTALLATIONS IN CANADA	
PVC & CPVC PIPE & FITTINGS	
PVC & CPVC SOLVENT CEMENT	
TRANSITION CEMENT	ULC S636
INNOFLUE® (CENTROTHERM)	
POLYPRO® (DURAVENT)	

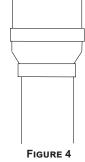
PIPE INSTALLATION

This furnace is manufactured with 2" CPVC vent & intake couplings. Use transition cement to connect PVC or ABS pipe to these fittings. For furnaces requiring installation of 3" pipe, the transition from 2" to 3" should be done as close to the furnace as possible, and only when the piping is sloped enough to prevent condensation from collecting.

This furnace must not be connected to Type B, BW, or L vent or vent connector, and must not be vented into masonry chimney. A masonry chimney may be used as a chase or passage way for approved venting materials providing the masonry chimney is not also being used to vent products of combustion. Never common vent this appliance with another appliance. Never use a vent which is used by a solid fuel appliance.

Piping may run vertically or horizontally and must be adequately supported to prevent strain on joints, sagging, separation, and detachment from the furnace. Horizontal runs of piping must be supported every three to five feet. Condensation within the furnace secondary heat exchanger and in the vent pipe is a normal occurrence. Vent pipe must be installed to maintain a minimum 1/4 inch per foot downward slope toward the furnace to return condensate to the furnace's drain system. Condensation may also occur in the intake pipe. This commonly takes place during the summer months when humid air enters an intake pipe that runs through a cool basement or other conditioned space. If the combustion air intake pipe is to be installed above a finished ceiling or other area where dripping of condensate will be objectionable, insulating the combustion air pipe may be necessary. Use ½" thick closed cell foam insulation where required. Refer to intake pipe options for using the RF000142 kit and managing condensation.

PREFERRED TRANSITION MADE IN VERTICAL SECTION OF PIPE



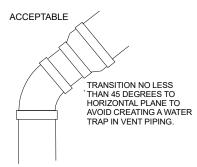


FIGURE 5



NO TRANSITION ON HORIZONTAL PLANE, THIS CREATES A WATER TRAP AND RESTRICTS FLUE GASES

FIGURE 6

Precautions must be taken to prevent condensate from freezing inside the vent pipe. All vent piping exposed to freezing temperatures must be insulated with ½" thick closed cell foam. Inspect piping for leaks prior to installing insulation.



TO AVOID BODILY INJURY, FIRE OR EXPLOSION, SOLVENT CEMENTS MUST BE KEPT AWAY FROM ALL IGNITION SOURCES (I.E. SPARKS, OPEN FLAMES, AND EXCESSIVE HEAT) AS THEY ARE COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS. AVOID BREATHING CEMENT VAPORS OR CONTACT WITH SKIN AND/OR EYES.

PIPE SIZING

Consult tables 4&5 to determine what diameter piping is required for your installation. Lengths shown in the chart apply to single pipe & two pipe installations. In a two pipe installation the length shown refers to only one pipe, vent or intake. Both pipes would normally be equal in length, if different, then the longest pipe must be within the limits of table 4. It is preferable to up-size from 2" to 2.5" or 3" pipe if the pipe length & elbow count are near maximum. This will help avoid nuisance pressure switch opening caused by prevailing winds & sudden changes in atmospheric pressure.

	*MES92 Direct Vent (2-Pipe) and Non-Direct Vent (1-Pipe)								
	Maximum Allowable Length of Vent/Flue Pipe								
				Nun	nber of El	bows			
MODEL	PIPE SIZE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
*MES920403AN	2	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40
1VIES920403AIN	3	114	107	100	93	86	79	72	65
*MES920603BN	2	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20
IVIES920003BIN	3	127	120	113	106	99	92	85	78
*MES920803BN	2^	30	25	20	15	10	5	N/A	N/A
IVIES920803BIN	3^	72	65	58	51	44	37	30	23
*MES920804CN	2^	30	25	20	15	10	5	N/A	N/A
WE3920004CN	3^	72	65	58	51	44	37	30	23
*MES920805CN	2^	40	35	30	25	20	12	10	5
IVIE3920003CIN	3	72	65	58	51	44	37	30	23
*MES9210014CN	2	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25
IVIE 392 100 14CIN	3	168	161	154	147	140	133	126	119
*MES021005CN	2	30	25	20	15	10	5	N/A	N/A
*MES921005CN	3	113	106	99	92	85	78	71	64
*MES921205DN	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
IVIESSZ IZUSDIN	3	65	58	51	44	37	30	23	16

^{7,000}ft altitude or above use 3" pipe

TABLE 4

<u>'</u>			Direct Ver					,~,	
Maximum Allowable Length of Vent/Flue Pipe Number of Elbows									
MODEL	PIPE SIZE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
*MES960403AN	2	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40
IVIES900403AIN	3	114	107	100	93	86	79	72	65
*MES960603BN	2	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
INESAOOOOSEIN	3	168	161	154	147	140	133	126	119
*MES960803BN	2^	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	N/A
INESAOOOOSDIA	3	168	161	154	147	140	133	126	119
*MECOCOOOAON	2	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25
*MES960804CN	3	113	106	99	92	85	78	71	64
*****************	2	45	50	35	30	25	20	15	10
*MES960805CN	3	120	113	106	99	92	85	78	71
*ME000400E0N	2	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5
*MES961005CN	3	151	144	137	130	123	116	109	102
*MECOCACOEDNI	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
*MES961205DN	3	158	151	144	137	130	123	116	109
*OF0000400DN	2	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65
*CES960403BN	3	137	130	123	116	109	102	95	88
*0500000000	2	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
*CES960603BN	3	168	161	154	147	140	133	126	119
*OF0000040N	2	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5
*CES960804CN	3	120	113	106	99	92	85	78	71
*OF000400F0N	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
*CES961005CN	3	113	106	99	92	85	78	71	64
*05000100501	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
*CES961205DN	3	110	103	96	89	82	75	68	61

^{7,000}ft altitude or above use 3" pipe

- Maximum allowable limits listed on individual lengths for inlet and flue and NOT a combination.
- 2. Minimum requirement for each vent pipe if five (5) feet in length and one elbow/tee.
- 3. Tee used in the vent/flue termination must be included when determining the number of elbows in the piping system
- 4. 2 ½" or 3" diameter pipe can be used in place of 2" diameter pipe.
- Increased Clearance Configuration using (2) 45 deg. Long Sweep elbows should be considered equivalent to one 90 deg. elbow.

^{^*}MES920402BN - add 20' of 2" pipe for upflow position

^{^*}MES920803BN - add 10' of 2" pipe for upflow position, add 66' of 3" pipe for upflow position

 $^{^{\}rm *MES920804CN}$ - add 25' of 2" pipe for upflow position, add 58' of 3" pipe for upflow position

 $^{^{\}rm *MES920805CN}$ - add 15' of 2" pipe for upflow position, add 58' of 3" pipe for upflow position

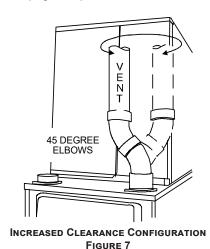
^{*}MES960402BN - add 25' of 2" pipe for upflow position *MES960603BN - add 20' of 2" pipe for upflow position *MES960803BN - add 20' of 2" pipe for upflow position

TABLE 5

One 90° elbow should be secured to the combustion air intake connection.

VENT PIPE CONNECTION

The vent pipe outlet is sized to accept 2" pipe. Secure vent pipe directly into the furnace fitting with the appropriate glue. Alternately, a small section of 2" pipe may be glued in the furnace socket and a rubber coupling installed to allow removal for future service. Piping should be routed in a manner to avoid contact with refrigerant lines, metering devices, condensate drain lines, etc. If necessary, clearances may be increased by creating an offset using two 45° elbows (Figure 7).



COMBUSTION AIR PIPE CONNECTION

If the furnace is being installed without a combustion air pipe, a 90° elbow should be used on the combustion air intake to guard against blockage.

On up flow / horizontal models, secure the combustion air intake pipe to the air intake coupling using a rubber coupling supplied with the furnace. The rubber coupling may be omitted by inverting the intake coupling and gluing pipe directly to it. Piping may also be glued to the intake coupling in its original position by using a plastic coupling. On counterflow units secure the combustion air intake pipe to the air intake coupling using the rubber coupling and worm gear hose clamps provided with the unit. The counterflow rubber coupling allows service removal of air intake piping internal to the furnace blower compartment. The combustion air intake pipe can also be secured directly to the counterflow unit air intake pipe coupling.

COMBUSTION AIR INTAKE OPTIONS

The RF000142 coupling (Figure 9) can be secured directly to the furnace intake coupling if condensation/rain water is a concern. If the RF000142 is used on the combustion air inlet, it must be installed with the arrow pointing up. It should be noted, the combustion air will actually be moving in a direction opposite of the arrow on the RF000142 coupling. It must have a field supplied, trapped drain tube free-draining to a proper condensate disposal location.

A loop in the drain tube can serve as a trap. The unused RF000142 drain fitting must be capped. A field supplied tee installed in the intake pipe is also an acceptable method of catching condensation. It must have a field supplied, trapped drain tube or pipe, free-draining to a proper condensate disposal location. A loop in the drain tube can serve as a trap.



WARNING

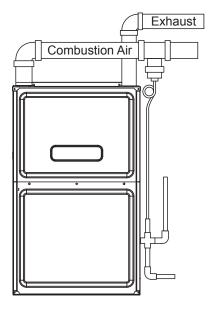
EDGES OF SHEET METAL HOLES MAY BE SHARP. USE GLOVES AS A PRECAUTION WHEN REMOVING PLUGS.

ALTERNATE VENT & INTAKE PIPE CONNECTIONS (UPFLOW / HORIZONTAL MODELS ONLY)

When installing a furnace horizontally with the left side down, alternate flue and combustion air pipe connections may be used. This method allows the flue and combustion air piping to be run vertically through the side of the furnace (facing up in horizontal left). The alternate vent location is the 3" hole directly in line with the induced draft blower outlet.

When using the horizontal alternate vent configuration, you must use the RF000142 vent drain kit. See Figures 8-11 & follow steps below.

NOTE: In the horizontal left installation position, a means of condensate collection must be provided to keep vent pipe condensate from entering the draft inducer housing. If the vent drain elbow is eliminated from the installation, the RF000142 kit must be used.



TEE INSTALLATION IN INTAKE PIPE FIGURE 11

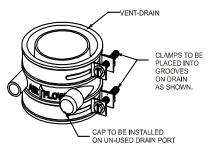


FIGURE 9

Insert flange. Cut 2 ½" long.

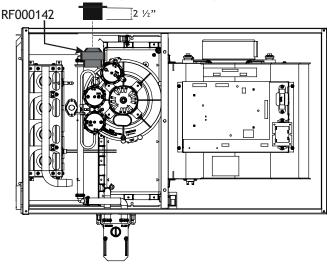
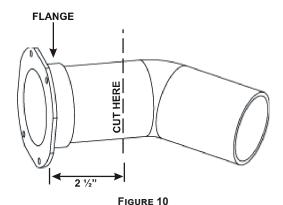


FIGURE 8



- 1. Remove the four screws from the vent pipe flange on top the furnace.
- 2. Remove the internal elbow, vent pipe & gasket.
- 3. Cut the internal vent pipe 2 ½" from the flange. Discard the un-flanged section.

- 4. Remove the 3" plastic plug (in line with the inducer outlet) and insert it in the space vacated by removal of the internal vent pipe.
- 5. Install the RF000142 drain coupling with arrow facing up, on the draft inducer outlet.
- 6. Insert the 2 ½" flanged section of pipe with gasket through the 3" hole and connect to RF000142 drain coupling. Secure it with gear clamp provided.
- 7. Use the four self-tapping screws removed in step 1 to secure flange to cabinet.
- 8. Connect drain hose to the uncapped port on the RF000142 coupling, refer to page xx, section entitled "Horizontal Installation with Left Side Down Alternate" for drain connection details.

When using the alternate venting location, either in a horizontal left side down installation or a vertical installation using down – venting, the alternate combustion air opening can be used. A locating dimple is located on the right side of the furnace cabinet. The locating dimple is $1-\frac{7}{8}$ " measured from the front edge of the cabinet in line with the knock out.

To use the alternate combustion air location:

- 1. Remove screws and combustion air flange and gasket from cabinet.
- 2. Insert the 3" cabinet plug from the drain bag assembly in the unused combustion air hole.
- 3. Drill a pilot hole at the cabinet dimple (size dictated by knockout tool used).
- 4. Use a knockout tool to create a 3" diameter hole.
- 5. Secure the combustion air flange & gasket to the furnace cabinet using the self-tapping screws removed in step 1.



WARNING

THE RUBBER ELBOW IS NOT DESIGNED TO SUPPORT A LOAD. WHEN THE RUBBER ELBOW IS MOUNTED EXTERNALLY TO THE FURNACE CABINET, EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ADEQUATELY SUPPORT FIELD-SUPPLIED VENT/FLUE PIPING, AS DAMAGE CAN RESULT IN LEAKS CAUSING BODILY INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO EXPOSURE TO FLUE GASES, INCLUDING CARBON MONOXIDE.



CAUTION

BE SURE NOT TO DAMAGE INTERNAL WIRING OR OTHER COMPONENTS WHEN REINSTALLING COUPLING AND SCREWS.

DOWN VENTING UPFLOW MODEL FURNACES ONLY

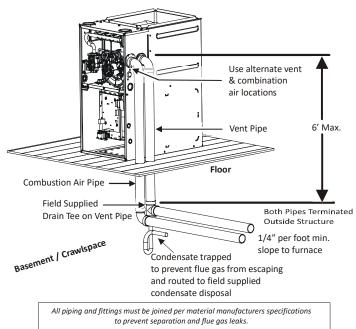


FIGURE 13

PIPE TERMINATION

Products of combustion must always be vented outside. A vent pipe must never terminate in an attic, crawl space, or any other part of a dwelling. Follow the vent pipe & intake pipe termination requirements listed below as well as all applicable local, State and National codes.

All terminations (vent and/or intake) must be located at least 12" above ground level or the anticipated snow level. All vent terminations (non-direct and direct vent) must terminate at least 3 feet above any forced air inlet located within 10 feet.

The vent termination of a non-direct vent application must terminate at least 4 feet below, 4 feet horizontally from, or 1 foot above any door, window, or gravity air inlet into any building.

The vent termination of a direct vent application must terminate at least 12" from any opening through which flue gases may enter a building (door, window, or gravity air inlet).

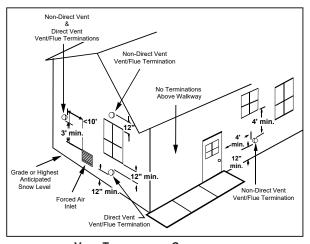
The vent termination of vent pipe run vertically through a roof must terminate at least 12" above the roof line (or the anticipated snow level) and be at least 12" from any vertical wall (including any anticipated snow build up).

A vent termination shall not terminate over public walkways or over an area where condensate or vapor could create a nuisance or hazard or could be detrimental to the operation of regulators, relief valves, or other equipment.

The combustion air intake termination of a direct vent application should not terminate in an area which is frequently dusty or dirty.

Vent & combustion air pipes may terminate vertically through a roof, or horizontally through an outside wall. The combustion air intake and vent pipe terminations must be in the same atmospheric pressure zone. Vertical vent pipe terminations should be as shown in figure 14. The penetration of pipes through the roof must be sealed water tight with proper flashing such as is used with a plastic plumbing vent.

Horizontal vent pipe terminations should be as shown in the following figures. To secure the pipe passing through the wall and prohibit damage to piping connections, a coupling should be installed on either side of the wall and solvent cemented to a length of pipe connecting the two couplings. The length of pipe should be the wall thickness plus the depth of the socket fittings to be installed on the inside and outside of the wall. The wall penetration should be sealed with silicone caulking material.



VENT TERMINATION CLEARANCES FIGURE 12

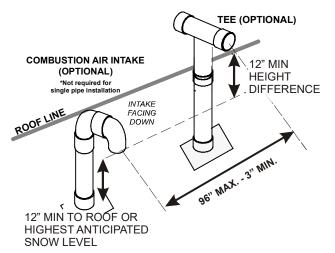
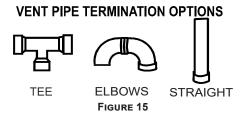
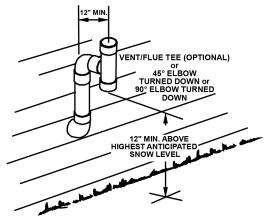
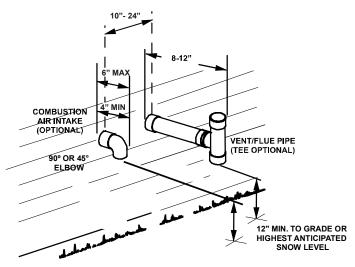


FIGURE 14

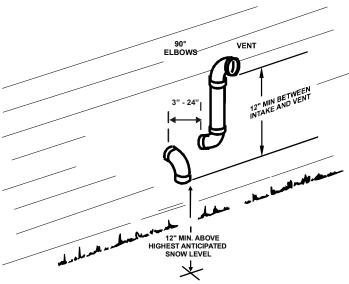




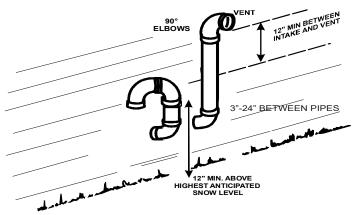
HORIZONTAL TERMINATION (SINGLE PIPE) ABOVE HIGHEST
ANTICIPATED SNOW LEVEL
FIGURE 16



STANDARD HORIZONTAL TERMINATIONS (DUAL PIPE)
FIGURE 17



ALTERNATE HORIZONTAL VENT TERMINATION (DUAL PIPE)
FIGURE 18



COMBUSTION AIR INTAKE MAY ALSO BE SNORKELED
TO OBTAIN 12" MIN GROUND CLEARANCE.
ALTERNATE VENT TERMINATION ABOVE ANTICIPATED SNOW LEVEL
(DUAL PIPE)
FIGURE 19

VENT & COMBUSTION AIR INTAKE MEASUREMENTS FOR STANDARD HORIZONTAL TERMINATIONS (DUAL PIPE)

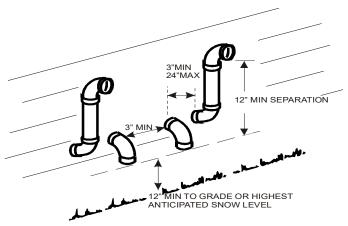
Center to center = 10" min / 24" max.

Vertical separation: 0" - 24"

Vent termination from wall = 8" min / 12" max.

Combustion air intake from wall = 6" max.

Vent and intake clearance to ground or anticipated snow level = 12" min.

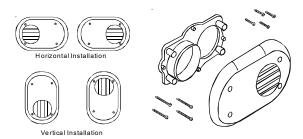


TERMINATION OF MULTIPLE DIRECT VENT FURNACES FIGURE 20

VENT/INTAKE TERMINATIONS FOR INSTALLATION OF MULTIPLE DIRECT VENT FURNACES

If more than one direct vent furnace is to be installed vertically through a common roof top, maintain the same minimum clearances between the exhaust vent and air intake terminations of adjacent units as with the exhaust vent and air intake terminations of a single unit.

If more than one direct vent furnace is to be installed horizontally through a common side wall, maintain the clearances as in the Figure 20. Always terminate all exhaust vent outlets at the same elevation and always terminate all air intakes at the same elevation.



SIDE WALL VENT KIT FIGURE 21

CONCENTRIC VENT TERMINATION

Refer to the directions provided with the Concentric Vent Kit or IO-619 for installation specifications.

SIDE WALL VENT KIT

This kit is to be used with 2" or 3" direct vent systems. The vent kit must terminate outside the structure and may be installed with the intake and exhaust pipes located side-by-side or with one pipe above the other. These kits are **NOT** intended for use with single pipe (non-direct vent) installations.

Refer to the directions furnished with the Side Wall Vent Kit (p/n 0170K00000S or 0170K00001S) for installation specifications.

CONDENSATE DRAIN LINES & DRAIN TRAP

A condensing gas furnace achieves its high level of efficiency by extracting heat from the products of combustion to the point where condensation takes place. The condensate must be collected in the furnace drain trap and routed to an appropriate drain location in compliance with local and national codes.

Follow the bullets listed below when installing the drain system. Refer to the following sections for specific details concerning furnace drain trap installation and drain hose hook ups.

- The drain trap supplied with the furnace must be used.
- The drain trap must be primed at time of installation.
- The drain line between furnace and drain location must meet local and nation codes.
- The drain line between furnace and drain location must maintain a ¼ inch per foot downward slope toward the drain.
- Do not trap the drain line in any other location than at the drain trap supplied with the furnace.
- If the drain line is routed through an area which may see temperatures near or below freezing, precautions must be taken to prevent condensate from freezing within the drain line.
- If an air conditioning coil is installed with the furnace, a common drain may be used. An open tee must be installed in the drain line, near the cooling coil, to relieve positive air pressure from the coil's plenum.

This is necessary to prohibit any interference with the function of the furnace's drain trap.

NOTE: IN VERTICAL INSTALLATIONS, AIR CONDITIONING COIL CONDENSATE MAY DRAIN INTO THE FURNACE TRAP AS LONG AS THERE IS A TRAP BETWEEN THE COIL AND THE FURNACE TRAP AND THE DRAIN PIPE IS NOT TERMINATING BELOW THE WATER LEVEL OF THE FURNACE TRAP.

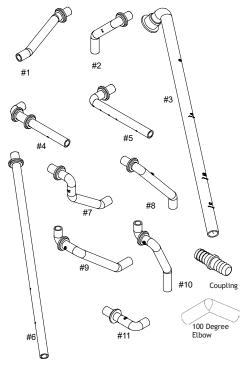


FIGURE 22

NOTE: Drain components shown for information purposes only. For horizontal installations, a Horizontal Drain Kit may be needed. Refer to the Specifications Sheet for kit part number.

GENERAL DRAIN INFORMATION

All furnace models come with a factory installed drain trap. For vertical installations, the trap will remain in the factory position except for a counterflow when the installer desires the drain to exit the right side. All furnace models installed horizontally require the trap to be relocated. Many drain hoses have a built—in grommet which will provide a cabinet seal when installed. See instructions below for your model and installation position. **NOTE: Both sides of the drain trap must be primed prior to initial furnace start up.**

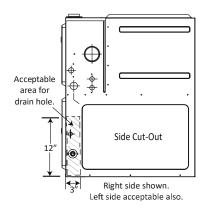


FIGURE 23

FIELD SUPPLIED DRAIN

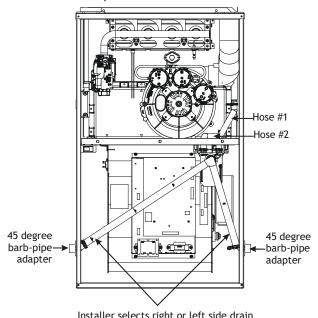
Drain the furnace and air conditioning coil if applicable, in compliance with code requirements. In horizontal or counterflow installations, a field installed rubber coupling will allow the drain trap to be removed for cleaning. The drain trap must be primed before initial furnace start up. When an air conditioning coil drain is connected to the field supplied furnace drain, it must be vented. An open tee must be installed at a height no higher than the bottom of the furnace collector box to prevent air conditioning condensate from backing up into the furnace, if the common drain was blocked.

UPFLOW MODEL INSTALLED VERTICALLY

The trap and factory installed hoses remain as shipped. The furnace drain may exit either the right or left side of the furnace cabinet. Both sides of the cabinet have two .875" diameter holes which can be used interchangeably for drain and low voltage wiring purposes. If a higher drain exit is needed, a .875" diameter hole may be added in the area shown in Figure 24. Any unused cabinet opening must be sealed. Do not allow drain hose to sag or trap water.

DRAIN EXITING RIGHT SIDE

- Locate and Install the 45° pipe / hose drain coupling from the outside of the cabinet (barbed end goes in the cabinet) through hole in the right side of the cabinet and secure with two field supplied #8 selftapping screws (see Figure 24).
- 2. Locate the long drain hose #3 and cut at line "A".
- Install large end of hose #3 to trap outlet and secure with 1.25" clamp.



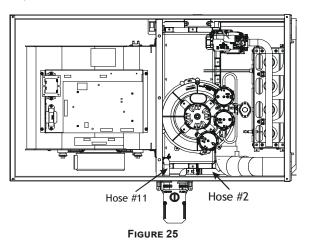
and installs this hose accordingly.

FIGURE 24

- 4. Install smaller end of hose #3 on 45° elbow and secure with 1" clamp.
- Refer to Field Supplied Drain section for instructions on field supplied / installed drain on outlet of furnace trap.

DRAIN EXITING LEFT SIDE

- Install the 45 degree pipe / hose drain coupling from the outside of the cabinet (barbed end goes in the cabinet) through the hole in the left side of the cabinet and secure with two field supplied #8 self-tapping screws (see Figure 24).
- 2. Locate the long drain hose #3 and cut at "B" line for a 17.5" cabinet; cut at line "C" for a 21" cabinet; do not cut for a "D" width cabinet.
- 3. Install large end of hose #3 to trap outlet and secure with 1.25" clamp.
- 4. Install smaller end of hose #3 on 45° elbow and secure with 1" clamp.
- Refer to Field Supplied Drain section for instructions on field supplied / installed drain on outlet of furnace trap.



UPFLOW MODEL INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY WITH RIGHT SIDE DOWN

Minimum 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " clearance is required for the drain trap beneath the furnace.

- Remove the clamps from both ends of the drain hoses.
- Remove the two screws holding the drain trap to the blower deck.
- 3. Remove the trap and two hoses from the blower deck
- 4. Remove the two plugs from the right side of the cabinet and install them in the blower deck.
- 5. (Draining the Vent Elbow) Locate hose #2 (factory installed) and cut 1" away from the 45 degree bend, discard the 45 degree section. Insert hose #2 from outside the cabinet through the cabinet drain hole nearest the top, secure it to the barbed fitting in the elbow with a red clamp.
- 6. For models *MSS920403AN and *MSS960403AN; locate the hose #2 (factory installed) and cut 1.5 length from the end of the hose. Insert hose #2 from outside the cabinet through the cabinet's drain hole nearest to the top. Secure it to the barbed fitting in the elbow with a red clamp.
- (Draining the Collector Box) Install the non-grommet end of hose #11 from outside the cabinet in the bottom drain hole. Install on collector box and secure with a silver clamp.

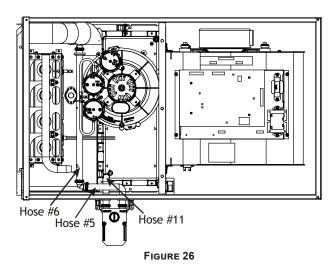
- 8. Use two silver clamps and secure the hoses to drain trap. The trap outlet faces the front of the furnace. Secure the trap to the cabinet using two screws removed in step 2 by inserting the two screws through the large set of holes in the top mounting tabs of the trap into the two pre-drilled holes in the side of the cabinet.
- Refer to Field Supplied Drain section for instructions on field supplied / installed drain on outlet of furnace trap.

UPFLOW MODEL INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY WITH LEFT SIDE DOWN

Minimum 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " clearance is required for the drain trap beneath the furnace.

*Also see Front Cover Pressure Switch Tube Location on page 10.

- Remove the clamps from the two drain tubes on the trap.
- 2. Remove the two screws holding the drain trap to the blower deck.
- 3. Remove the trap and hoses from the blower deck.



- 4. Remove the two plugs from the left side of the cabinet and install them in the blower deck.
- 5. (Draining the Vent Elbow) Locate hose #6. Measuring from the non-grommet end; cut off and discard 1 ½" for a "D" width cabinet, 5" for a "C" width cabinet, 8 ½" for a "B" width cabinet.
- Remove the rubber plug from vent drain elbow side port. Place hose #6 on the vent – drain elbow side port and secure with a silver clamp.
- 7. Unused vent-drain elbow drip leg port must be sealed to prevent flue gases from escaping. Insert the rubber plug removed in step 6 into the unused elbow drain port. Inserting a blunt tool such as a 3/16" Allen wrench into the center of the rubber plug will stretch the plug and allow complete insertion.
- 8. Locate hose #5 and cut 3" from the non-grommet end. Discard the section without the grommet.
- Insert the cut end of tube #5 through the lower cabinet drain hole.

- 10. Connect hose #6 & hose #5 using 100° elbow and secure with two red clamps.
- (Draining the Collector Box) Remove cap from left side collector box drain port (bottom in horizontal left position) and install it on right side (top) collector box drain port.
- 12. Install the non-grommet end of hose #11 from outside the cabinet in the upper drain hole. Install on collector box and secure with a silver clamp.
- 13. Use two silver clamps and secure the hoses to drain trap. The trap outlet faces the front of the furnace. Secure the trap to the cabinet using two screws removed in step 2 by inserting the two screws through the large set of holes in the top mounting tabs of the trap into the two pre-drilled holes in the side of the cabinet. [Removed: Place cap on vent...]
- 14. Refer to Field Supplied Drain section for instructions on field supplied / installed drain on outlet of furnace trap.

UPFLOW MODEL INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY WITH LEFT SIDE DOWN - ALTERNATE

*Also see Front Cover Pressure Switch Tube Location on Page 10.

- (Draining the RF000142 Coupling) Locate hose #2 (factory installed). Cut off and discard the 45° radius end.
- 2. Install 90° radius end of hose #2 on RF000142 drain outlet and secure with a red clamp.
- 3. Insert coupling in hose #2 and secure with a red clamp.
- 4. Locate hose #5 and cut 3" from the non-grommet end. Discard the section without the grommet.
- 5. Insert the cut end of tube #5 through the lower cabinet drain hole.
- 6. Insert 100 degree elbow in the cut end of hose #5.
- 7. Locate hose #6. Using red clamps, connect between the coupling and 100 degree elbow, cutting off excess tubing.
- 8. (Draining the Collector Box) Remove cap from left side collector box drain port (bottom in horizontal left position) and install it on right side (top) collector box drain port and secure with a red clamp.
- Install the non-grommet end of hose #11 from outside the cabinet in the upper drain hole. Install on collector box and secure with a silver clamp.
- 10. Use two silver clamps and secure the hoses to drain trap. The trap outlet faces the front of the furnace. Secure the trap to the cabinet using two screws removed in step 2 by inserting the two screws through the large set of holes in the top mounting tabs of the trap.

Insert flange. Cut 2 ½" long.

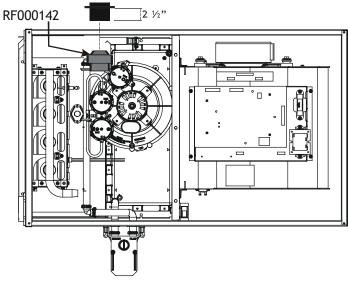


FIGURE 27

COUNTERFLOW MODEL INSTALLED VERTICALLY

The furnace drain may exit the right or left side of the furnace cabinet (left side preferred) Trap and factory installed hoses remain as shipped if the drain will exit the left side of the cabinet. Draining from the right side requires relocation of the trap to outside the cabinet.

DRAIN EXITING LEFT SIDE (SEE FIGURE 28)

- 1. Install a field supplied rubber coupling secured with a 1 1/4" clamp to enable removing the trap for future cleaning. Alternately, a PVC fitting may be glued on the trap outlet.
- 2. Install drain per local and National codes.

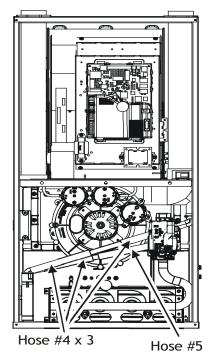


FIGURE 28

DRAIN EXITING RIGHT SIDE (SEE FIGURE 29)

- 1. Removing the gas manifold assembly will provide better access when re-locating the trap. To remove the gas manifold, remove the four screws that fasten the gas manifold assembly to the bracket.
- 2. Remove hose clamps and hoses from trap.
- 3. Remove trap.
- 4. (Draining the Vent Elbow) Insert the non-grommet end hose #10 into the cabinet back drain hole. Insert a coupling into the drip leg of the vent-drain elbow and secure with a silver clamp. Secure hose #10 on vent drain elbow barb fitting with a silver clamp.
- 5. (Draining the Collector Box) Insert non-grommet end of hose #9 into the cabinet front drain hole and secure on collector box drain port with a silver clamp.
- 6. Mate the drain trap inlets to the hoses and secure with silver clamps.
- 7. Line up the trap mounting holes with the pre-drilled holes in the furnace and secure with 2 screws removed in step 2.
- 8. Refer to Field Supplied Drain section for instructions on field supplied / installed drain on outlet of furnace

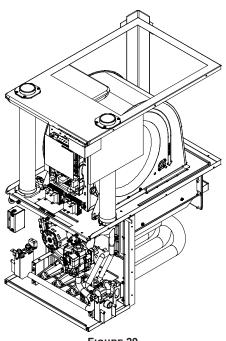


FIGURE 29



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO **ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER** BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING.





CAUTION

LABEL WIRES PRIOR TO DISCONNECT WHEN SERVICING CONTROLS. WIRING ERRORS CAN CAUSE IMPROPER AND DANGEROUS OPERATION. VERIFY PROPER OPERATION AFTER SERVICING.



HIGH VOLTAGE

TO AVOID THE RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK, WIRING TO THE UNIT MUST BE POLARIZED AND GROUNDED.



COUNTERFLOW MODEL INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY WITH RIGHT SIDE DOWN (SEE FIGURE 30)

Minimum 5 ½" clearance is required for the drain trap beneath the furnace.

NOTE: FOR HORIZONTAL INSTALLATIONS, SOME OF THE REQUIRED HOSES ARE FOUND IN THE FACTORY-INSTALLED HOSE ASSEMBLIES.

Remove the hose clamps to obtain the respective hoses needed for installation, and install per the following directions.

- Remove the drain trap and factory installed drain tube assemblies.
- 2. Remove two 1" plugs from right side of cabinet.
- (Draining the Collector Box) From outside the cabinet, insert the non-grommet end hose #7 into the back drain hole and secure to collector box drain port using a silver clamp.
- 4. (Draining the Vent Elbow) Insert the straight barbed coupling into the vent drain elbow drip leg and secure with a red clamp.

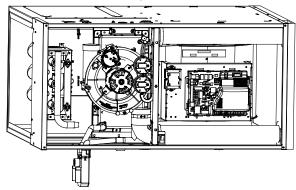


FIGURE 30

- From outside the cabinet, insert the non-grommet end of hose #8 into the front cabinet drain hole and secure on the vent - drain elbow barb fitting using a red clamp.
- 6. Place the drain hoses on the trap inlets and secure with silver clamps. The outlet of the trap must face the original bottom of furnace.
- 7. Using the two sheet metal screws provided in the cabinet, secure the trap to the furnace.
- 8. Refer to Field Supplied Drain section for instructions on field supplied / installed drain on outlet of furnace trap.

Counterflow Model Installed Horizontally with Left Side Down (See Figure 31)

Minimum 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " clearance is required for the drain trap beneath the furnace.

*Also see Front Cover Pressure Switch Tube Location on page 10.

- Remove the factory installed drain trap and hose assemblies. Leave the 100° elbow inserted and clamped in the vent-drain elbow.
- 2. Remove two 1" plugs from left side of cabinet
- 3. (Draining the Collector Box) Remove the cap from the left side of the collector box drain port (bottom in horizontal left position) and install it on right side drain port.
- 4. Place radius end of hose #4 (factory installed) on the collector box drain port and secure with a silver clamp.
- 5. Insert hose #2 from outside the cabinet in the front drain hole.
- 6. Connect hose #4 & hose #2 together using a straight barbed coupling and two gold clamps (factory installed).
- 7. (Draining the Vent Elbow) Remove rubber plug from vent drain elbow side port.
- 8. The unused vent-drain elbow drip leg port must be plugged to prevent flue gases from escaping. Insert rubber plug removed in step 7 into the 100° elbow. (Inserting a blunt tool such as a 3/16" Allen wrench into the center of the rubber plug will stretch the plug and allow complete insertion)

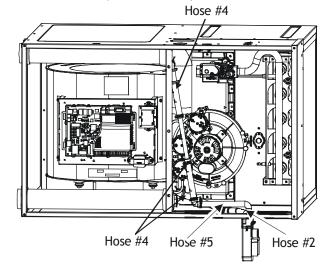


FIGURE 31

- 9. Place radius end of hose #4 on the side port of vent drain elbow and secure with a gold clamp.
- 10. Insert a ½" diameter PVC pipe (factory installed) into hose #4 and secure with a gold clamp.
- 11. Insert the non-grommet end of hose #5 (factory installed) from outside the cabinet in the back drain hole.
- 12. Insert 100° elbow in hose #5 and secure with a red clamp.

- 13. Locate hose #4 and cut a cut off a 4" straight section and discard the radius end.
- 14. Connect the 4" straight section of hose #4 to the 100° elbow and the PVC pipe and secure with red clamps.
- 15. Connect the hoses to the trap inlets and secure with silver clamps, drain trap outlet must point to the original bottom of the furnace.
- 16. Using the two sheet metal screws provided in the cabinet, secure the trap to the furnace.
- 17. Refer to Field Supplied Drain section for instructions on field supplied / installed drain on outlet of furnace trap.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

WIRING HARNESS

The wiring harness is an integral part of this furnace. Wires are color coded for identification purposes. Refer to the wiring diagram for wire routings. If any of the original wire as supplied with the furnace must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 105°C. Any replacement wiring must be a copper conductor.

115 VOLT LINE CONNECTIONS

Before proceeding with electrical connections, ensure that the supply voltage, frequency, and phase correspond to that specified on the unit rating plate. Power supply to the furnace must be NEC Class 1, and must comply with all applicable codes. The furnace must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or, in their absence, with the latest edition of The National Electric Code, ANSI NFPA 70 and/or The Canadian Electric Code CSA C22.1.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

Humidifier

Electronic Air Cleaner

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO **ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER** BEFORE SERVICING OR CHANGING ANY ELECTRICAL WIRING.



1.0 Amp maximum at 120 VAC

1.0 Amp maximum at 120 VAC

Use a separate fused branch electrical circuit containing
properly sized wire, and fuse or circuit breaker. The fuse
or circuit breaker must be sized in accordance with the
maximum overcurrent protection specified on the unit

rating plate. An electrical disconnect must be provided at the furnace location.

Connect hot, neutral, and ground wires as shown in the wiring diagram located on the unit's blower door. Metal conduit is not considered a substitute for an actual ground wire to the unit. For direct vent applications, the cabinet

opening to the junction box must be sealed air tight using either an UL approved bushing such as Heyco Liquid Tight or by applying non-reactive UL approved sealant to bushing.

Line polarity must be observed when making field connections. Line voltage connections can be made through either the right or left side panel. The furnace is shipped configured for a left side (right side for counterflows) electrical connection with the junction box located inside the burner compartment. To make electrical connections through the opposite side of the furnace, the junction box must be relocated to the other side of the burner compartment prior to making electrical connections. To relocate the junction box, follow the steps shown in the Junction Box Relocation section.



WARNING

EDGES OF SHEET METAL HOLES MAY BE SHARP. USE GLOVES AS A PRECAUTION WHEN REMOVING PLUGS.



WARNING

TO PREVENT PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRIC SHOCK, DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER, BEFORE INSTALLING OR SERVICING THIS UNIT.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY, ELECTRICAL SHOCK OR DEATH, THE FURNACE MUST BE ELECTRICALLY GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL CODES OR IN THEIR ABSENCE, WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE.





WARNING

TO AVOID THE RISK OF INJURY, ELECTRICAL SHOCK OR DEATH, THE FURNACE MUST BE ELECTRICALLY GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL CODES OR, IN THEIR ABSENCE, WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE.

115 VOLT LINE VOLTAGE CONNECTION OF ACCESSORIES (HUMIDIFIER AND ELECTRONIC AIR CLEANER)

The furnace integrated control module is equipped with line voltage accessory terminals for controlling power to an optional field-supplied humidifier and/or electronic air cleaner.

Turn OFF power to the furnace before installing any accessories. Follow the humidifier or air cleaner manufacturers' instructions for locating, mounting, grounding, and controlling these accessories. Accessory wiring connections are to be made through the 1/4" quick connect terminals provided on the furnace integrated control module. The humidifier hot terminal is identified as 120V HUM-H, its neutral terminal is identified as 120V HUM-N. The electronic air cleaner hot terminal is identified as EAC-H, its neutral terminal is identified as 120V EAC-N. All field wiring must conform to applicable codes. Connections should be made as shown (See Figure 32). If it is necessary for the installer to supply additional line voltage wiring to the inside of the furnace, the wiring must conform to all local codes, and have a minimum temperature rating of 105°C. All line voltage wire splices must be made inside the furnace junction box.

The integrated control module humidifier terminal 120V HUM-H is energized with 115 volts whenever the induced draft blower is energized. This terminal can also be used to provide 115 volt power to a humidifier transformer. The remaining primary transformer wire would be connected to the Line N on the control board. The integrated control module electronic air cleaner terminals EAC-H is energized with 115 volts whenever the circulator blower is energized.

NOTE: WIRE ROUTING MUST NOT TO INTERFERE WITH CIRCULATOR BLOWER OPERATION, FILTER REMOVAL, OR ROUTINE MAINTENANCE.

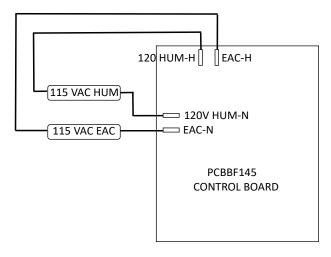


FIGURE 32

CONNECTION OF 24 VOLT HUMIDIFIER

The integrated control module single humidifier terminal "24 VHUM" is energized with 24 volts whenever the induced draft blower is energized. Connect the common side of the 24 volt humidifier to the "C" terminal of the thermostat terminal strip on the control board.

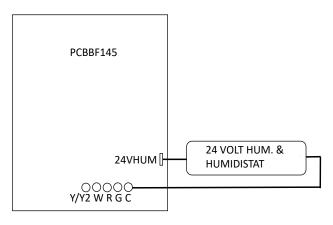


FIGURE 33

JUNCTION BOX RELOCATION

Line voltage connections can be made through either the right or left side panel. The furnace is shipped configured for a left side electrical connection. To make electrical connections through the opposite side of the furnace, the junction box must be relocated to the left side prior to making electrical connections. To relocate the junction box, perform the following steps.

- 1. Remove the burner compartment door.
- 2. Remove and save the two screws securing the junction box to the side panel.
- 3. Relocate junction box and associated plugs and grommets to opposite side panel. Secure with screws removed in step.

IMPORTANT NOTE: WIRE ROUTING MUST NOT INTERFERE WITH CIRCULATOR BLOWER OPERATION, FILTER REMOVAL OR ROUTINE MAINTENANCE.

To ensure proper unit grounding, the ground wire should run from the furnace ground screw located inside the furnace junction box all the way back to the electrical panel.

NOTE: DO NOT USE GAS PIPING AS AN ELECTRICAL GROUND. TO CONFIRM PROPER UNIT GROUNDING, TURN OFF THE ELECTRICAL POWER AND PERFORM THE FOLLOWING CHECK.

 Measure resistance between the neutral (white) connection and one of the burners. Resistance should measure 10 ohms or less.

This furnace is equipped with a blower door interlock switch which interrupts unit voltage when the blower door is opened for servicing. Do not defeat this switch.

24 VOLT THERMOSTAT WIRING

Low voltage connections can be made through either the right or left side panel. Thermostat wiring entrance holes are located in the blower compartment. The following figure shows connections for a "heat/cool system".

This furnace is equipped with a 40 VA transformer to facilitate use with most cooling equipment. Consult the wiring diagram, located on the blower compartment door, for further details of 115 Volt and 24 Volt wiring.



WIRING.

SINGLE-STAGE HEATING THERMOSTAT APPLICATION

A single-stage thermostat with only one heating stage is needed to control this furnace.

FOSSIL FUEL APPLICATIONS

This furnace can be used in conjunction with a heat pump in a fossil fuel application. A fossil fuel application refers to a combined gas furnace and heat pump installation which uses an outdoor temperature sensor to determine the most cost efficient means of heating (heat pump or gas furnace).

Strictly follow the wiring guidelines in the fossil fuel kit installation instructions. All furnace connections must be made to the furnace two-stage integrated control module and the "FURNACE" terminal strip on the fossil fuel control board.

TWINNING

Furnaces may be twinned without the use of a twinning kit. Furnaces must be the same model and equipped with PCBBF145 control boards. Follow the diagram provided in this manual. Connection of the "twin" terminals of each control together will allow simultaneous operation of two or more furnace indoor blowers to operate synchronously on a common duct system. Field installed low voltage thermostat wiring, 3/16" terminals are required to make this connection. An isolating relay (24 VAC coil & N/O SPST) contacts is also required if the furnaces are not fed from the same line voltage phase. A pulsing DC signal is used to share the call for fan operation between furnaces. The duration of the pulse width determines the speed that the reading control will energize its blower motor.



CAUTION

TO PREVENT UNRELIABLE OPERATION OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, THE GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE MUST AS SPECIFIED ON THE UNIT RATING PLATE. ONLY MINOR ADJUSTMENTS SHOULD BE MADE BY ADJUSTING THE GAS VALVE PRESSURE REGULATOR.



WARNING

POSSIBLE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH MAY OCCUR IF THE CORRECT CONVERSION KITS ARE NOT INSTALLED. THE APPROPRIATE KITS MUST BE APPLIED TO ENSURE SAFE AND PROPER FURNACE OPERATION, ALL CONVERSIONS MUST BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED INSTALLER OR SERVICE AGENCY.

GAS SUPPLY AND PIPING

INLET GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE					
Natural Gas Minimum: 4.5" w.c. Maximum: 10.0" w.c.					
Propane Gas	Maximum: 13.0" w.c.				

The furnace rating plate includes the approved furnace gas input rating and gas types. The furnace must be equipped to operate on the type of gas applied. This includes any conversion kits required for alternate fuels and/or high altitude.

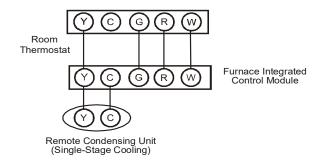


FIGURE 34

Inlet gas supply pressures must be maintained within the ranges specified in the following table. The supply pressure must be constant and available with all other household gas fired appliances operating. The minimum gas supply pressure must be maintained to prevent unreliable ignition. The maximum must not be exceeded to prevent unit overfiring.



WARNING

TO AVOID POSSIBLE UNSATISFACTORY OPERATION OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE DUE TO UNDERFIRING OR EQUIPMENT, USE THE PROPER SIZE OF NATURAL/PROPANE GAS PIPING NEEDED WHEN RUNNING PIPE FROM THE METER/TANK TO THE FURNACE.

HIGH ALTITUDE INSTALLATION

When this furnace is installed at high altitude, the appropriate High Altitude Kit including orifices and a pressure switch(s) must be installed. These changes are necessary to compensate for the natural reduction in the density of both the gas fuel and the combustion air at higher altitude.

Installation of this furnace at altitudes above 7000 ft (2134 m), shall be made in accordance with the Listed High Altitude Conversion Kit available with this furnace.

Do not derate the furnace by adjusting the manifold pressure to a lower pressure than specified on the furnace rating plate. The combination of the lower air density and a lower manifold pressure will prohibit the burner orifice from drawing the proper amount of air into the burner. This may cause incomplete combustion, flashback, and yellow tipping.

In some areas the gas supplier may artificially derate the gas in an effort to compensate for the effects of altitude. If the gas is artificially derated, the appropriate orifice size must be determined based upon the BTU/ft³ content of the derated gas and the altitude. Refer to the National Fuel Gas Code, NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1, and information provided by the gas supplier to determine the proper orifice size. A different pressure switch may be required at high altitude regardless of the BTU/ft³ content of the fuel used. Consult the furnace Specification Sheet. All conversions must be performed by a qualified installer, or service agency.

PROPANE GAS CONVERSION

This furnace is shipped from the factory configured for natural gas at standard altitude. To operate this furnace on L.P. gas, a LPM-07 LP Conversion kit must be used. Propane gas installations require an orifice and spring change to compensate for the energy content difference between natural and propane gas.

For furnaces being converted to LP gas, it is strongly recommended that a LPLP03 kit also be installed. The use of this kit will prevent the furnace from firing when the LP gas supply pressure is too low to support proper combustion. All conversions must be performed by a qualified installer, or service agency.

GAS VALVE

This unit is equipped with a 24 volt gas valve controlled during furnace operation by the integrated control module. As shipped, the valve is configured for natural gas. The valve is field convertible for use with propane gas by replacing the regulator spring with a propane gas spring from an appropriate manufacturer's propane gas conversion kit. Taps for measuring the gas supply pressure and manifold pressure are provided on the valve.

The gas valve has a manual ON/OFF control located on the valve itself. This control may be set only to the "ON" or "OFF" position. Refer to the lighting instructions label or *Startup Procedure & Adjustment* for use of this control during start up and shut down periods.

GAS PIPING CONNECTIONS

The gas piping supplying the furnace must be properly sized based on the gas flow required, specific gravity of the gas, and length of the run. The gas line installation must comply with local codes, or in their absence, with the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 or CAN/CSA B149.1-15 in Canada.

To connect the furnace to the building's gas piping, the installer must supply a ground joint union, drip leg, manual shutoff valve, and line and fittings to connect to gas valve. In some cases, the installer may also need to supply a transition piece from ½" pipe to a larger pipe size.

The following stipulations apply when connecting gas piping. Refer to *Gas Piping Connections* figure for typical gas line connections to the furnace.

- Gas piping must be supported external to the furnace cabinet so that the weight of the gas line does not distort the burner rack, manifold or gas valve.
- Use black iron or steel pipe and fittings for building piping. Where possible, use new pipe that is properly chamfered, reamed, and free of burrs and chips. If old pipe is used, be sure it is clean and free of rust, scale, burrs, chips, and old pipe joint compound.
- Use pipe joint compound on male threads ONLY.
 Always use pipe joint compound (pipe dope) that is APPROVED FOR ALL GASES. DO NOT apply compound to the first two threads.

- · Use ground joint unions.
- Install a drip leg to trap dirt and moisture before it can enter the gas valve. The drip leg must be a minimum of three inches long.
- Install a 1/6" NPT pipe plug fitting, accessible for test gauge connection, immediately upstream of the gas supply connection to the furnace.
- Always use a back-up wrench when making the connection to the gas valve to keep it from turning.
 The orientation of the gas valve on the manifold must be maintained as shipped from the factory. Maximum torque for the gas valve connection is 375 in-lbs; excessive over-tightening may damage the gas valve.
- Install a manual shutoff valve between the gas meter and unit within six feet of the unit. If a union is installed, the union must be downstream of the manual shutoff valve, between the shutoff valve and the furnace.
- · Tighten all joints securely.

Natural Gas Capacity of Pipe In Cubic Feet of Gas Per Hour (CFH)

Length of	Nominal Black Pipe Size						
Pipe in Feet	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"		
10	132	278	520	1050	1600		
20	92	190	350	730	1100		
30	73	152	285	590	980		
40	63	130	245	500	760		
50	56	115	215	440	670		
60	50	105	195	400	610		
70	46	96	180	370	560		
80	43	90	170	350	530		
90	40	84	160	320	490		
100	38	79	150	305	460		

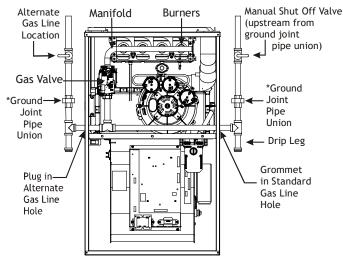
(Pressure 0.5 psig or less and pressure drop of 0.3" W.C.; Based on 0.60 Specific Gravity Gas)

CFH = BTUH Furnace Input
Heating Value of Gas (BTU/Cubic Foot)

- Connection method must be in compliance with all local and national codes. US: National Fuel Gas Code (NFGC) NFPA 54-2012/ANSI Z223.1-2012 and the Installation Standards, Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems ANSI/NFPA 90B. In Canada, CANADA: National Standard of Canada, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code (NSCNGPIC) CSA B149.1-15.
- Connect the furnace to the building piping by one of the following methods:
 - Rigid metallic pipe and fittings.
 - Semi-rigid metallic tubing and metallic fittings.
 Aluminum alloy tubing must not be used in exterior locations. In order to seal the grommet cabinet penetration, rigid pipe must be used to reach the outside of the cabinet. A semi-rigid connector to the gas piping may be used from there.
- Use listed gas appliance connectors in accordance with their instructions. Connectors must be fully in the same room as the furnace.
- Protect connectors and semi-rigid tubing against physical and thermal damage when installed. Ensure aluminum-alloy tubing and connectors are coated to protect against external corrosion when in contact with masonry, plaster, or insulation, or subjected to repeated wetting by liquids such as water (except rain water), detergents, or sewage.

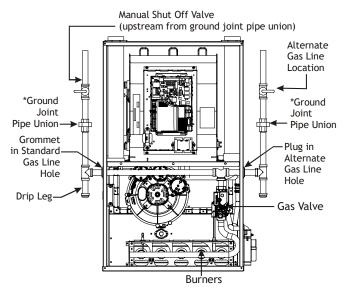
The gas piping may enter the left or right side of the furnace cabinet. The installer must supply rigid pipe long enough to reach the outside of the cabinet to seal the grommet cabinet penetration. A semi-rigid connector to the gas piping can be used outside the cabinet per local codes. ½" NPT pipe and fittings are required. For models with an "L" shaped manifold, a 4 ½" long nipple is required. For models with a hook shaped manifold, a 2" long nipple is required.

A semi-rigid connector to the gas piping can be used outside the cabinet per local codes. From the elbow, the length of pipe and the fittings required will vary by the side chosen, location of union and cabinet width. The union may be placed inside or outside of the cabinet.



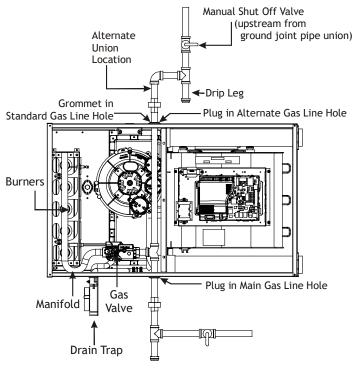
*NOTE: Union may be inside furnace cabinet where allowed by local codes.

UPFLOW FIGURE 35

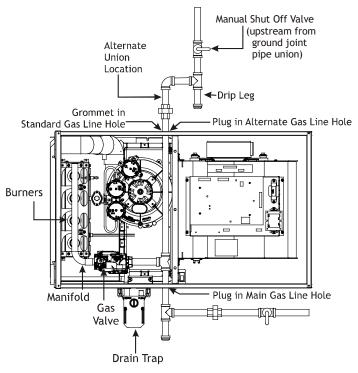


*NOTE: Union may be inside furnace cabinet where allowed by local codes.

COUNTERFLOW FIGURE 36



UPFLOW - HORIZONTAL LEFT FIGURE 37



COUNTERFLOW - HORIZONTAL RIGHT FIGURE 38

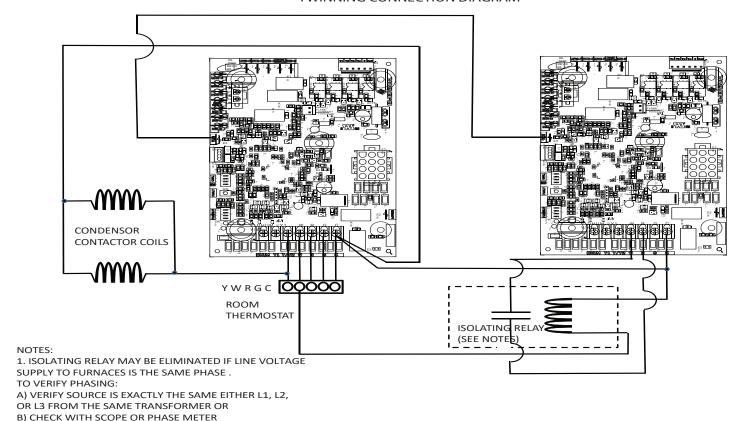


FIGURE 39

GAS PIPING CHECKS

C) IF IN DOUBT USE RELAY

Before placing unit in operation, leak test the unit and gas connections.

2. IF ISOLATING RELAY IS NOT USED, CONNECT FURNACE "W" TERMINALS TOGETHER.

Check for leaks using an approved chloride-free soap and water solution, an electronic combustible gas detector, or other approved testing methods.

NOTE: Never exceed specified pressures for testing. Higher pressure may damage the gas valve and cause subsequent overfiring, resulting in heat exchanger failure.

Disconnect this unit and shutoff valve from the gas supply piping system before pressure testing the supply piping system with pressures in excess of $\frac{1}{2}$ psig (3.48 kPa).

Isolate this unit from the gas supply piping system by closing its external manual gas shutoff valve before pressure testing supply piping system with test pressures equal to or less than ½ psig (3.48 kPA).



WARNING

TO AVOID THE POSSIBILITY OR EXPLOSION OR FIRE, NEVER USE A MATCH OR OPEN FLAME TO TEST FOR LEAKS.



IF THE GAS FURNACE IS INSTALLED IN A BASEMENT, AN EXCAVATED AREA OR CONFINED SPACE, IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED TO CONTACT A PROPANE SUPPLIER TO INSTALL A GAS DETECTING WARNING DEVICE IN CASE OF A GAS LEAK.

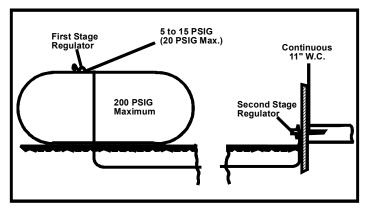
- SINCE PROPANE SUPPLIER IS HEAVIER THAN AIR, ANY LEAKING GAS CAN SETTLE IN ANY LOW AREAS OR CONFINED SPACES.
- PROPANE GAS ODORANT MAY FADE, MAKING THE GAS UNDETECTABLE EXCEPT WITH A WARNING DEVICE.

PROPANE GAS TANKS AND PIPING

A gas detecting warning system is the only reliable way to detect a propane gas leak. Rust can reduce the level of odorant in propane gas. Do not rely on your sense of smell. Contact a local propane gas supplier about installing a gas detecting warning system. If the presence of gas is suspected, follow the instructions listed in the *Safety Considerations* section of this manual.

All propane gas equipment must conform to the safety standards of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, NBFU Manual 58.

CANADA: National Standard of Canada, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code (NSCNGPIC) CSA B149.1-15.



PROPANE GAS INSTALLATION (TYP.)
FIGURE 40

For satisfactory operation, propane gas pressure must be 10" WC at the furnace manifold with all gas appliances in operation. Maintaining proper gas pressure depends on three main factors:

- Vaporization rate, depending on temperature of the liquid, and "wetted surface" area of the container or containers.
- 2. Proper pressure regulation (Two-stage regulation is recommended for both cost and efficiency).
- 3. Pressure drop in lines between regulators, and between second stage regulator and the appliance. Pipe size will depend on length of pipe run and total load of all appliances.

Complete information regarding tank sizing for vaporization, recommended regulator settings, and pipe sizing is available from most regulator manufacturers and propane gas suppliers.

Since propane gas will quickly dissolve white lead and most standard commercial compounds, special pipe dope must be used. Always use a pipe thread sealant approved for all gases.

Refer to the illustration for typical propane gas installations and piping.



WARNING

NEVER ALLOW THE PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION, INCLUDING CARBON MONOXIDE, TO ENTER THE RETURN DUCT OR CIRCULATION AIR SUPPLY.

CIRCULATING AIR & FILTERS

DUCT WORK - AIR FLOW

Duct systems and register sizes must be properly designed for the CFM and external static pressure rating of the furnace. Design the ductwork in accordance with the recommended methods of "Air Conditioning Contractors of America" Manual D.

Install the duct system in accordance with Standards of the National Board of Fire Underwriters for the Installation of Air Conditioning, Warm Air Heating and Ventilating Systems. Pamphlets No. 90A and 90B. A closed return duct system must be used, with the return duct connected to the furnace. **NOTE:** <u>Ductwork must never be attached to the back of the furnace.</u> For upflow installations requiring 1800 CFM or more, use either two side returns or bottom return or a combination of side / bottom. Flexible joints may be used for supply and return connections to reduce noise transmission. To prevent the blower from interfering with combustion air or draft when a central return is used, a connecting duct must be installed between the unit and the utility room wall. Never use a room, closet, or alcove as a return air chamber.

CHECKING DUCT STATIC

Refer to your furnace rating plate for the maximum ESP (external duct static) rating.

Total external static refers to everything external to the furnace cabinet. Cooling coils, filters, ducts, grilles, registers must all be considered when reading your total external static pressure. The supply duct pressure must be read between the furnace and the cooling coil. This reading is usually taken by removing the "A" shaped block off plate from the end on the coil; drilling a test hole in it and reinstalling the block off plate. Take a duct static reading at the test hole. Tape up the test hole after your test is complete. The negative pressure must be read between the filter and the furnace blower.

Too much external static pressure will result in insufficient air that can cause excessive temperature rise. This can cause limit switch tripping and heat exchanger failure.

To determine total external duct static pressure, proceed as follows:

- 1. With clean filters in the furnace, use a manometer to measure the static pressure of the return duct at the inlet of the furnace. (Negative Pressure)
- Measure the static pressure of the supply duct. (Positive Pressure)
- 3. The difference between the two numbers is .4" w.c.

EXAMPLE:



Static reading from return duct = -.1" w.c.

Static reading from supply duct = .3" w.c.

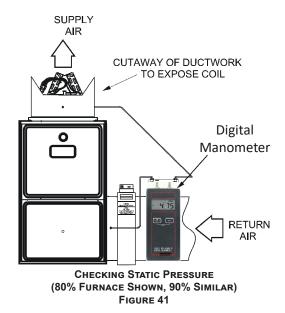
Total external static pressure on this system = .4" w.c.

NOTE: BOTH READINGS MAY BE TAKEN SIMULTANEOUSLY AND READ DIRECTLY ON THE MANOMETER IF SO DESIRED. IF AN AIR CONDITIONER COIL OR ELECTRONIC AIR CLEANER IS USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE FURNACE, THE READINGS MUST ALSO INCLUDE THESES COMPONENTS, AS SHOWN IN THE FOLLOWING DRAWING.

4. Consult proper tables for the quantity of air.

If the total external static pressure exceeds the maximum listed on the furnace rating plate, check for closed dampers, registers, undersized and/or oversized poorly laid out duct work.

The temperature rise of the furnace must be within the temperature rise range listed on the furnace rating plate.





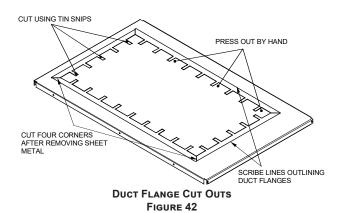
WARNING

EDGES OF SHEET METAL HOLES MAY BE SHARP. USE GLOVES AS A PRECAUTION WHEN REMOVING SHEET METAL FROM RETURN AIR OPENINGS.

BOTTOM RETURN AIR OPENING [UPFLOW MODELS]

The bottom return air opening on upflow models utilizes a "lance and cut" method to remove sheet metal from the duct opening in the base pan. To remove, simply press out the lanced sections by hand to expose the metal strips retaining the sheet metal over the duct opening. Using tin snips, cut the metal strips and remove the sheet metal covering the duct opening. In the corners of the opening, cut the sheet metal along the scribe lines to free the duct flanges. Using the scribe line along the duct flange as a guide, unfold the duct flanges around the perimeter of the opening using a pair of seamer pliers or seamer tongs.

NOTE: AIRFLOW AREA WILL BE REDUCED BY APPROXIMATELY 18% IF DUCT FLANGES ARE NOT UNFOLDED. THIS COULD CAUSE PERFORMANCE ISSUES AND NOISE ISSUES.



When the furnace is used in connection with a cooling unit, the furnace should be installed in parallel with or on the upstream side of the cooling unit to avoid condensation in the heating element. With a parallel flow arrangement, the dampers or other means used to control the flow of air must be adequate to prevent chilled air from entering the furnace and, if manually operated, must be equipped with means to prevent operation of either unit unless the damper is in the full heat or cool position.

When the furnace is installed without a cooling coil, it is recommended that a removable access panel be provided in the outlet air duct. This opening shall be accessible when the furnace is installed and shall be of such a size that the heat exchanger can be viewed for visual light inspection or such that a sampling probe can be inserted into the air stream. The access panel must be made to prevent air leaks when the furnace is in operation.

When the furnace is heating, the temperature of the return air entering the furnace must be between 55°F and 100°F.

FILTERS - READ THIS SECTION BEFORE INSTALLING THE RETURN AIR DUCT WORK

Filters must be used with this furnace. Discuss filter maintenance with the building owner. Filters do not ship with this furnace, but must be provided, sized and installed externally by the installer. Filters must comply with UL900 or CAN/ULCS111 standards. Damage or repairs due to the installation of the furnace without filters is not covered under the warranty.

On upflow units, guide dimples locate the side return cutout locations. Use a straight edge to scribe lines connecting the dimples. Cut out the opening on these lines.

NOTE: AN UNDERSIZED OPENING WILL CAUSE REDUCED AIRFLOW.

Refer to the Filter Sizing Chart to determine filter area requirements.

FILTER SIZING CHART

Model	Minimum Recommended Filter Size^
*MES9*0403AN*	1 - 16 X 25 Side or 1 - 14 x 25 Bottom
*MES9*0603BN*	1 - 16 X 25 Side or Bottom
*MES9*0803BN*	1 - 16 X 25 Side or Bottom
*MES9*0804CN*	1 - 16 X 25 Side or Bottom
*MES9*0805CN*	1 - 20 X 25 Bottom / 2 - 16 X 25 Side Return
*MES9*1004CN*	1 - 16 X 25 Side or Bottom
*MES9*1005CN*	1 - 20 X 25 Bottom / 2 - 16 X 25 Side Return
*MES9*1205DN*	1 - 20 X 25 Bottom / 2 - 16 X 25 Side Return

*CES9*0603BN*	2 - 10 X 20 or 1 - 16 X 25 Top Return
*CES9*0804CN*	2 - 10 X 20 or 1 - 16 X 25 Top Return
*CES9*1005CN*	2 - 14 X 20 or 1 - 20 X 25 Top Return
CES961205DN	2 - 14 X 20 or 1 - 20 X 25 Top Return

[^] Larger filters may be used, filters may also be centrally located.

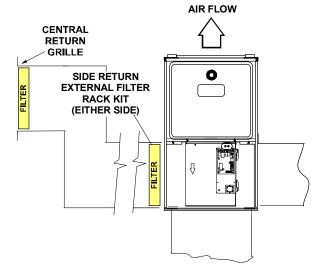
CHANGE FILTERS BEFORE OCCUPANTS TAKE OWNERSHIP OF A NEW HOME!

Consider installing an air cleaner with deep-pleated media filter at the time of furnace installation. A deep-pleated filter with a MERV rating of 8 (minimum) will often provide better filtration to protect equipment and the air distribution system than a standard 1" filter and often has lower static pressure loss than a 1" filter. Also a deep-pleated filter will typically require less frequent replacement intervals. Avoid using highly restrictive 1" filters which produce static pressure loss greater than .25" W.C. In some installations the minimum filter size required (consult filter sizing chart above) will not lend itself to a filter installation on the side of the furnace. The installation of a centrally installed air cleaner cabinet or a return duct filter installation may offer more practicality.

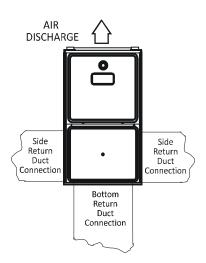
Clean Comfort™ brand MERV 11 air cleaners have 5¼" media filters and are available in the following configurations. Consult your distributor for information on our complete line of IAQ Clean Comfort™ products.

Depending on the installation and/or customer preference, differing filter arrangements can be applied. Filters can be installed in the central return register or a side panel external filter rack kit (upflows). As an alternative a media air filter or electronic air cleaner can be used as the requested filter.

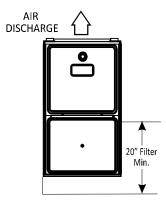
The following figures show possible filter locations:



POSSIBLE UPRIGHT UPFLOW

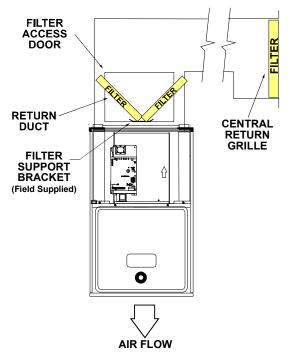


UPFLOW UPRIGHT



- Either side acceptable
- Side & bottom cut-outs removed
- Height must accommodate 20"
- Nominal filter size minimum

SIDE / BOTTOM RETURN DUCT OPTION



POSSIBLE UPRIGHT COUNTERFLOW FILTER LOCATIONS

HORIZONTAL INSTALLATIONS

Filters must be installed in either the central return register or in the return air duct work.

STARTUP PROCEDURE & ADJUSTMENT

Furnace must have a 115 VAC power supply properly connected and grounded. Proper polarity must be maintained for correct operation. In addition to the following start-up and adjustment items, refer to further information in *Operational Checks* section.

FURNACE CABINET

Check that all furnace cabinet sealing components are in place (plugs, grommets, gaskets). **NOTE:** If the furnace bottom panel has not been removed for a return duct connection, all perforations must be sealed with duct sealant compound or other suitable method to prevent air leakage. For optimal performance verify that all do gaskets are properly in place and replace as needed to prevent air leakage.

DRAIN TRAP PRIMING

The drain trap must be primed prior to furnace startup. To prime, fill both sides of the drain trap with water. This ensures proper furnace drainage upon startup and prohibits the possibility of flue gases escaping through the drain system.

FURNACE OPERATION

Purge gas lines of air prior to startup. Be sure not purge lines into an enclosed burner compartment. Follow NFPA 54, National Fuel Gas Code 8.1 for proper purging methods. In Canada, follow approved purging methods in B149.1-15.

Check for leaks using an approved chloride-free soap and water solution, an electronic combustible gas detector, or other approved method. Verify that all required kits (propane gas, high altitude, etc.) have been appropriately installed.

FURNACE STARTUP

- Close the manual gas shutoff valve external to the furnace.
- 2. Turn off the electrical power to the furnace.
- 3. Set the room thermostat to the lowest possible setting.
- 4. Remove the burner compartment door.

NOTE: THIS FURNACE IS EQUIPPED WITH AN IGNITION DEVICE WHICH AUTOMATICALLY LIGHTS THE BURNER. DO NOT TRY TO LIGHT THE BURNER BY HAND.



CAUTION

TO PREVENT UNRELIABLE OPERATION OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, THE INLET GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE MUST BE AS SPECIFIED ON THE UNIT RATING PLATE WITH ALL OTHER HOUSEHOLD GAS FIRED APPLIANCE OPERATING.

- 5. Move the furnace gas valve manual control to the OFF position.
- Wait five minutes then smell for gas. Be sure check near the floor as some types of gas are heavier than air.
- 7. If you smell gas after five minutes, immediately follow the safety instructions in the Safety Considerations on page 3 of this manual. If you do not smell gas after five minutes, move the furnace gas valve manual control to the ON position.
- 8. Replace the burner compartment door.
- 9. Open the manual gas shutoff valve external to the furnace.
- 10. Turn on the electrical power to the furnace.
- 11. Adjust the thermostat to a setting above room temperature.
- 12. After the burners are lit, set the thermostat to desired temperature.

FURNACE SHUTDOWN

- Set the thermostat to the lowest setting. The integrated control will close the gas valve and extinguish flame. Following a 15 second delay, the induced draft blower will be de-energized. The indoor blower will shut down when the time delay expires (selectable on 96% models).
- 2. Remove the burner compartment door and move the furnace gas valve manual control to the OFF position.

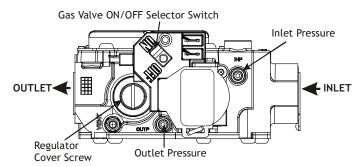
- Close the manual gas shutoff valve external to the furnace.
- 4. Replace the burner compartment door.

GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE MEASUREMENT

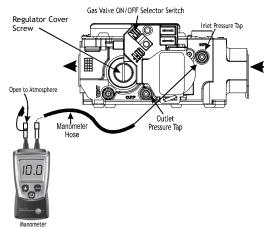
GAS PRESSURE TEST

The line pressure supplied to the gas valve must be within the range specified below. The supply pressure can be measured at the gas valve inlet pressure tap or at a hose fitting installed in the gas piping drip leg. The supply pressure must be measured with the burners operating. To measure the gas supply pressure, use the following procedure.

- 1. Turn OFF gas to furnace at the manual gas shutoff valve external to the furnace.
- Connect a calibrated manometer (or appropriate gas pressure gauge) at either the gas valve inlet pressure tap or the gas piping drip leg. See White-Rodgers 36J22 gas valve figure for location of inlet pressure tap.



WHITE-RODGERS MODEL 36J22



WHITE-RODGERS MODEL 36J22 CONNECTED TO MANOMETER

NOTE: If measuring gas pressure at the drip leg, a field-supplied hose barb fitting must be installed prior to making the hose connection. If using the inlet pressure tap on the White-Rodgers 36J22 gas valve, then use the 36G/J Valve Pressure Check Kit, Part No. 0151K00000S.

Turn ON the gas supply and operate the furnace and all other gas consuming appliances on the same gas supply line. 4. Measure furnace gas supply pressure with burners firing. Supply pressure must be within the range specified in the *Inlet Gas Supply Pressure* table.

Manifold Gas Pressure										
Gas	Nominal									
Natural	3.2 - 3.8" w.c.	3.5" w.c.								
Propane	9.7 - 10.3" w.c.	10.0" w.c.								

If supply pressure differs from table, make the necessary adjustments to pressure regulator, gas piping size, etc., and/or consult with local gas utility.

- 5. Turn OFF gas to furnace at the manual shutoff valve and disconnect manometer. Reinstall plug before turning on gas to furnace.
- 6. Turn OFF any unnecessary gas appliances stated in step 3.



MEASURING INLET GAS PRESSURE (ALT. METHOD)
FIGURE 43

GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE MEASUREMENT AND ADJUSTMENT

Only small variations in gas pressure should be made by adjusting the gas valve pressure regulator. The manifold pressure must be measured with the burners operating. To measure and adjust the manifold pressure, use the following procedure.

- 1. Turn OFF gas to furnace at the manual gas shutoff valve external to the furnace.
- 2. Turn off all electrical power to the system.
- Outlet pressure tap connections:
 White-Rodgers 36J22 valve: Back outlet pressure
 test screw (inlet/outlet pressure tap) out one turn
 (counterclockwise, not more than one turn).
- 4. Attach a hose and manometer to the outlet pressure tap (White-Rodgers valve).
- 5. Turn ON the gas supply.
- 6. Turn on power and close thermostat "R" and "W" contacts to provide a call for heat.
- 7. Measure the gas manifold pressure with burners firing. Adjust manifold pressure using the *Manifold Gas Pressure* table shown on this page.
- Remove regulator cover screw from the outlet pressure regulator adjust tower and turn screw clockwise to increase pressure or counterclockwise to decrease pressure. Replace regulator cover screw.

- Turn off all electrical power and gas supply to the system.
- 10. Remove the manometer hose from the hose barb fitting or outlet pressure tap.
- 11. Replace outlet pressure tap: White-Rodgers 36J22 valve: Turn outlet pressure test screw in to seal pressure port (clockwise, 7 in-lb minimum).
- Turn on electrical power and gas supply to the system.
- Close thermostat contacts "R" and "W" to energize the valve.

Using a leak detection solution or soap suds, check for leaks at outlet or screw (White-Rodgers valve). Bubbles forming indicate a leak. SHUT OFF GAS AND REPAIR ALL LEAKS IMMEDIATELY!

NOTE: FOR GAS TO GAS CONVERSION, CONSULT YOUR DEALER FOR APPROPRIATE CONVERSION.



CAUTION

TO PREVENT UNRELIABLE OPERATION OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, THE INLET GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE MUST BE AS SPECIFIED ON THE UNIT RATING PLATE WITH ALL OTHER HOUSEHOLD GAS FIRED APPLIANCE OPERATING.

GAS INPUT RATE MEASUREMENT (NATURAL GAS ONLY)

The actual gas input rate to the furnace must never be greater than that specified on the unit rating plate. To measure natural gas input using the gas meter, use the following procedure.

- 1. Turn OFF the gas supply to all other gas-burning appliances except the furnace.
- 2. While the furnace is operating at high fire rate, time and record one complete revolution of the gas meter dial, measuring the smallest quantity, usually the dial that indicates ½ cu. ft. per revolution. You will use this number to calculate the quantity of gas in cubic ft. if the furnace would consume if it ran steadily for one.
- 3. If the ½ cu. ft. dial was used, multiply your number x 2.

EXAMPLE: If it took 23 seconds to complete one revolution of the $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. dial (23 x 2 = 46).

This tells us that at this rate, it would take 46 seconds to consume one cu. ft. of gas. 3600 / 46 = 78.

This tells us that in one hour, the furnace would consume 78 cu. ft. of gas.

The typical value range for 1 cu. ft. of natural gas is around 1000 BTU. Check with your gas utility, if possible. In this example, the furnace is consuming 78,000 BTUH.

NOTE: The final manifold pressure cannot vary by more than \pm 0.3" w.c. for Natural and \pm 0.5" for LP from the specified setting. Consult your local gas supplier if additional input rate adjustment is required.

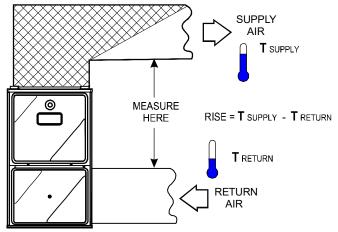
 Turn ON gas to and relight all other appliances turned off in step 1. Be certain that all appliances are functioning properly and that all pilot burners are operating.

TEMPERATURE RISE

Temperature rise must be within the range specified on the unit rating plate. An incorrect temperature rise may result in condensing in or overheating of the heat exchanger. An airflow and temperature rise table is provided in the Specification Sheet applicable to your model. Determine and adjust temperature rise as follows:

- 1. Operate furnace with burners firing for approximately ten minutes. Ensure all registers are open and all duct dampers are in their final (fully or partially open) position.
- Place thermometers in the return and supply ducts as close to the furnace as possible. Thermometers must not be influenced by radiant heat by being able to "see" the heat exchanger.
- Subtract the return air temperature from the supply air temperature to determine the air temperature rise. Allow adequate time for thermometer readings to stabilize.
- Adjust temperature rise by adjusting the circulator blower speed. Increase blower speed to reduce temperature rise. Decrease blower speed to increase temperature rise. Refer to Startup Procedure and Adjustment - Circulator Blower Speeds for speed changing details.

CROSS-HATCHED AREA SUBJECTED TO RADIANT HEAT. DO <u>NOT</u> MEASURE SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE IN THIS AREA.



TEMPERATURE RISE MEASUREMENT FIGURE 44

CIRCULATOR BLOWER SPEEDS

This furnace is equipped with a multi-speed circulator blower. This blower provides ease in adjusting blower speeds. The Specification Sheet applicable to your model provides an airflow table, showing the relationship between airflow (CFM) and external static pressure (E.S.P.), for the proper selection of heating and cooling speeds.

↑ w

WARNING

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, TURN OFF POWER TO THE FURNACE BEFORE CHANGING SPEED TAPS.

- Determine the tonnage of the cooling system installed with the furnace. If the cooling capacity is in BTU/hr divide it by 12,000 to convert capacity to tons.
 Example: Cooling Capacity of 30,000 BTU/hr. 30,000/12,000 = 2.5 Tons
- Determine the proper air flow for the cooling system. Most cooling systems are designed to work with air volume between 350 and 450 CFM per ton. Most manufacturers recommend an air flow of about 400 CFM per ton.

Example: 2.5 tons X 400 CFM per ton = 1000 CFM

3. Select the heating speed for your model from the heating speed chart in the Specification Sheet. The selected speed must provide a temperature rise within the rise range listed with the particular model.

To adjust the circulator blower speed, proceed as follows:

- 1. Motor speed Tap wiring must remain in factory position on the control board and motor.
- 2. There are 4 speed Tap wires to the motor T1, T2, T3, T4.
- There are 5 speeds available, depending on DIP switch settings and found in air flow table for each size furnace.
- 4. Cooling Speed can be adjusted by adjusting S1-1, S1-2, S1-3 (see cooling airflow Chart for reference).
- 5. Heating Speed can be adjusted by adjusting S2-1, S2-2 (see heating airflow Chart).
- 6. Circulation / Continuous Fan speed can be adjusted by adjusting S2-3, S2-4 (see Circulation airflow Chart)
- 7. Verify proper temperature rise as outlined in the Temperature Rise section of Startup Procedure and Adjustment.

Motor Tap Identification										
CONNECTOR ID	DESCRIPTION	CONNECTOR VOLTAGE								
L	LINE, L1	LINE, L1								
G	GROUND	CHASSIS GROUND								
N	LINE, L2	LINE, L2								

С	SIGNAL COMMON	24VAC COMMON
1	TAP 1	24VAC
2	TAP 2	24VAC
3	TAP 3	24VAC
4	TAP 4	24VAC
5	TAP 5	24VAC

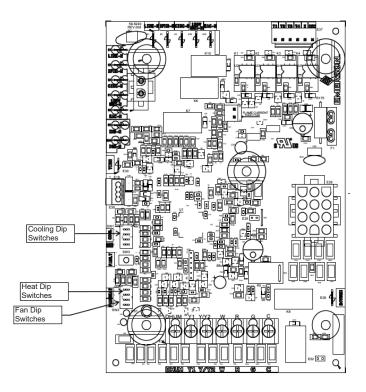
	Heat Off Delay (S1-4)												
S1-4	Min	Nom	Max	Units									
ON		*150		Seconds									
OFF		100		Seconds									
	* = D	EFAULT SET	ΓΤΙΝG										

HEAT MOTOR SPEED DIP SWITCH SETTING (S2-1, S2-2)												
		1 2 *1 2				2	1	2				
	Position	OFF OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON				
Motor Speed HEAT	W	T1		Г2	Т3		T4					
		*=DEI	AULT	SETTIN	IG							

FAN MOTOR SPEEED DIP SWITCH SETTING (S2-3, S2-4)												
		*3 4 3 4				4	3	4				
	Position	OFF OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON				
Motor Speed FAN	G	T1	Т	2	Т	4	T1-	+T2				
		*=DEFA	ULT SE	TTING		Ť	Ť					

	COOL MOTOR SPEED DIP SWITCH SETTING (S1-1, S1-2, S1-3)																								
		1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	*1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
	Position	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON OFF OFF		ON ON OFF			OFF ON OFF		OFF OFF ON		ON	OFF ON ON		ON	ON OFF ON		ON ON		ON		
Motor Speed COOL	Υ		T1			T2		ТЗ		T4		T1+T2		T1		T1									

* = DEFAULT SETTING



In general lower heating speeds will: reduce electrical consumption, lower operating sound levels of the blower, and increase the outlet air temperature delivered to the home. The speeds available allow the blower performance to be optimized for the particular homeowner's needs.

BLOWER HEAT OFF DELAY TIMINGS

This integrated control module offers selectable heat off delay function. The heat delay may be set to 100 or 150 seconds by adjusting DIP Switch S1-4 on the Control Module. The delay is factory shipped at 150 seconds but may be changed to suit the installation requirements and/or homeowner preference.

NORMAL SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

POWER UP

The normal power up sequence is as follows:

- 115 VAC power applied to furnace.
- · Integrated control module performs internal checks.
- LED will flash once at power up then remain on.
- Integrated control module monitors safety circuits continuously.
- · Furnace awaits call from thermostat.

HEATING MODE

The normal operational sequence in heating mode is as follows:

- R and W thermostat contacts close, initiating a call for heat.
- Integrated control module performs safety circuit checks
- Induced draft blower is energized for a 15-second prepurge.

- Igniter warn up begins upon presence of closed pressure switch contacts.
- Gas valve opens at end of igniter warm up period, delivering gas to burners and establishing flame.
- Integrated control module monitors flame presence.
 Gas valve will remain open only if flame is detected.
- Circulator blower is energized on heat speed following a thirty (30) second blower on delay.
- Furnace runs, integrated control module monitors safety circuits continuously.
- R and W thermostat contacts open, completing the call for heat.
- · Gas valve closes, extinguishing flame.
- Induced draft blower is de-energized following a fifteen second post purge.
- 96% models HUM terminal is de-energized.
- For 96% Models: Circulator blower continues running for the selected heat off delay period Factory set at 150 seconds.
- · EAC terminal is de-energized
- · Furnace awaits next call from thermostat.

COOLING MODE

The normal operational sequence in cooling mode is as follows:

- R,Y, G thermostat contacts close, initiating a call for cool.
- Integrated control module performs safety circuit checks.
- · Outdoor fan and compressor are energized.
- Circulator blower is energized on the cool speed.
- 96% models 115 VAC EAC terminal is energized.
- Furnace circulator blower and outdoor cooling unit run their appropriate speeds, integrated control module monitors safety circuits continuously.
- R,Y, G thermostat contacts open, completing the call for cool.
- · Outdoor fan and compressor are de-energized.
- Circulator blower continues running during a cool off delay period of 65 seconds.
- · Furnace awaits next call from thermostat.

FAN ONLY MODE

The normal operational sequence in fan only mode is as follows:

- R and G thermostat contacts close, initiating a call for fan.
- Integrated control module performs safety circuit checks.
- · Circulator blower is energized on heat speed.
- 96% models 115 VAC EAC terminal is energized.
- Circulator blower runs, integrated control module monitors safety circuits continuously.
- R and G thermostat contacts open, completing the call for fan.
- Circulator blower is de-energized.
- · EAC terminal is de-energized.
- · Furnace awaits next call from thermostat.

OPERATIONAL CHECKS

The burner flames should be inspected with the burner compartment door installed. Flames should be stable, quiet, soft, and blue (dust may cause orange tips but they must not be yellow). Flames should extend directly outward from the burners without curling, floating, or lifting off. Flames must not impinge on the sides of the heat exchanger firing tubes.

SAFETY CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION



WARNING

DO NOT BYPASS SAFETY DEVICES.

A number of safety circuits are employed to ensure safe and proper furnace operation. These circuits serve to control any potential safety hazards and serve as inputs in the monitoring and diagnosis of abnormal function. These circuits are continuously monitored during furnace operation by the integrated control module.

INTEGRATED CONTROL MODULE

The integrated control module is an electronic device which, if a potential safety concern is detected, will take the necessary precautions and provide diagnostic information through an LED.

PRIMARY LIMIT

The primary limit control is located on the partition panel and monitors heat exchanger compartment temperatures. It is a normally closed (electrically), automatic reset, temperature activated sensor. The limit guards against overheating as a result of insufficient conditioned air passing over the heat exchanger.

AUXILIARY LIMIT

The auxiliary limit controls are located on or near the circulator blower and monitors blower compartment temperatures. They are a normally closed (electrically), manual reset sensors. These limits guard against overheating as a result of insufficient conditioned air passing over the heat exchanger.

ROLLOUT LIMIT

The rollout limit controls are mounted on the burner/ manifold assembly and monitor the burner flame. They are normally closed (electrically), manual reset sensors. These limits guard against burner flames not being properly drawn into the heat exchanger.

PRESSURE SWITCHES

The pressure switches are normally open (closed during operation) negative air pressure activated switches. They monitor the airflow (combustion air and flue products) through the heat exchanger via pressure taps located on the induced draft blower and the coil front cover. These switches guard against insufficient airflow (combustion air and flue products) through the heat exchanger and/or blocked condensate drain conditions.

FLAME SENSOR

The flame sensor is a probe mounted to the burner/ manifold assembly which uses the principle of flame rectification to determine the presence or absence of flame.

TROUBLESHOOTING

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) PRECAUTIONS NOTE: DISCHARGE BODY'S STATIC ELECTRICITY BEFORE TOUCHING UNIT. AN ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CAN ADVERSELY AFFECT ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS.

Use the following precautions during furnace installation and servicing to protect the integrated control module from damage. By putting the furnace, the control, and the person at the same electrostatic potential, these steps will help avoid exposing the integrated control module to electrostatic discharge. This procedure is applicable to both installed and uninstalled (ungrounded) furnaces.

- 1. Disconnect all power to the furnace. Do not touch the integrated control module or any wire connected to the control prior to discharging your body's electrostatic charge to ground.
- 2. Firmly touch a clean, unpainted, metal surface of the furnace away from the control. Any tools held in a person's hand during grounding will be discharged.
- 3. Service integrated control module or connecting wiring following the discharge process in step 2. Use caution not to recharge your body with static electricity; (i.e., do not move or shuffle your feet, do not touch ungrounded objects, etc.). If you come in contact with an ungrounded object, repeat step 2 before touching control or wires.
- 4. Discharge your body to ground before removing a new control from its container. Follow steps 1 through 3 if installing the control on a furnace. Return any old or new controls to their containers before touching any ungrounded object.

DIAGNOSTIC CHART

Refer to the *Diagnostic Codes chart* for assistance in determining the source of unit operational problems.

	ERROR CODE									
Red LED Flash	Error / Condition									
Fla	ash Codes stored in memory (auto-erased after 14 days)									
1	System Lockout (Retries Exceeded)									
2	Pressure Switch stuck Closed									
3	Pressure Switch stuck Open									
4	Open Main or Auxillary Temperature Limit Switch									
5	Flame Sensed>4.25 Seconds with Gas Valve De-Energized									
6	Open Rollout Temperature Limit Switch									
8	Igniter Relay Fault									
10	Open Fuse									
11	Igniter Open									
12	Inducer Relay Error/Improper Grounding									
	Flash Codes NOT stored in memory									
7	Low Flame Sense Signal									
9	Twinning Fault									
	Control Failure / No Power / Internal Fault / IRQ Loss. Gas Heating									
OFF	Lockout (Gas valve energized when it should be de-energized) Or Gas									
	Valve De-energized when it should be Energized									
Rapid Flash	Reverse Polarity									
Continuous On	Normal Operation									

FAULT CODE RETRIEVAL

Fault recall shall be via momentary push button switch when held depressed for 2-5 seconds while control is in standby mode. The control shall flash the last five status codes that have occurred. The control will flash the most recent error first and the oldest error last (last in first out). There shall be 2 seconds between codes.

FAULT CODE RESET

The last five fault codes can be erased from memory by depressing the fault recall switch for 5-10 seconds. At 5 seconds the LED will be rapid flashed (100 mS on, 100 mS off) to indicate that the switch should be released to erase the fault codes. Once the switch is released the rapid flash will stop and the fault codes will be erased. The control shall acknowledge the reset of the fault codes by turning off the LED for 2 seconds after the switch is released. The LED status will then return to the normal mode.



WARNING

HIGH VOLTAGE

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER BEFORE PERFORMING ANY SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE.



RESETTING FROM LOCKOUT

Furnace lockout results when a furnace is unable to achieve ignition after three attempts during a single call for heat. It is characterized by a non-functioning furnace and a fault code displayed. If the furnace is in "lockout", it will (or can be) reset in any of the following ways.

 Automatic reset. The integrated control module will automatically reset itself and attempt to resume normal operations following a one hour lockout period.

- 2. Manual power interruption. Interrupt 115 volt power to the furnace.
- 3. Manual thermostat cycle. Lower the thermostat so that there is no longer a call for heat for 1 20 seconds then reset to previous setting.

NOTE: IF THE CONDITION WHICH ORIGINALLY CAUSED THE LOCKOUT STILL EXISTS, THE CONTROL WILL RETURN TO LOCKOUT. REFER TO THE *TROUBLESHOOTING CHART* FOR AID IN DETERMINING THE CAUSE.

MAINTENANCE

ANNUAL INSPECTION

The furnace should be inspected by a qualified installer, or service agency at least once per year. This check should be performed at the beginning of the heating season. This will ensure that all furnace components are in proper working order and that the heating system functions appropriately. Pay particular attention to the following items. Repair or service as necessary.

- Flue pipe system. Check for blockage and/or leakage.
 Check the outside termination and the connections at and internal to the furnace.
- Heat exchanger. Check for corrosion and/or buildup within the heat exchanger passageways.
- Burners. Check for proper ignition, burner flame, and flame sense.
- Drainage system. Check for blockage and/or leakage.
 Check hose connections at and internal to furnace.
- Wiring. Check electrical connections for tightness and/ or corrosion. Check wires for damage.
- Filters.

FILTERS

FILTER MAINTENANCE

Improper filter maintenance is the most common cause of inadequate heating or cooling performance. Filters should be cleaned (permanent) or replaced (disposable) every two months or as required. When replacing a filter, it must be replaced with a filter of the same type and size.

FILTER REMOVAL

Depending on the installation, differing filter arrangements can be applied. Filters can be installed in either the central return register or a side panel external filter rack (upflow only). A media air filter or electronic air cleaner can be used as an alternate filter. Follow the filter sizes given in the Recommended Minimum Filter size table to ensure proper unit performance.

To remove filters from an external filter rack in an upright upflow installation, follow the directions provided with external filter rack kit.

HORIZONTAL UNIT FILTER REMOVAL

Filters in horizontal installations are located in the central return register or the ductwork near the furnace. To remove:

- 1. Turn OFF electrical power to furnace.
- Remove filter(s) from the central return register or ductwork.
- Replace filter(s) by reversing the procedure for removal.
- 4. Turn ON electrical power to furnace.

MEDIA AIR FILTER OR ELECTRONIC AIR CLEANER REMOVAL

Follow the manufacturer's directions for service.

BURNERS

Visually inspect the burner flames periodically during the heating season. Turn on the furnace at the thermostat and allow several minutes for flames to stabilize, since any dislodged dust will alter the flames normal appearance. Flames should be stable, quiet, soft, and blue (dust may cause orange tips but they must not be yellow). They should extend directly outward from the burners without curling, floating, or lifting off. Flames must not impinge on the sides of the heat exchanger firing tubes.

INDUCED DRAFT AND CIRCULATOR BLOWERS

The bearings in the induced draft blower and circulator blower motors are permanently lubricated by the manufacturer. No further lubrication is required. Check motor windings for accumulation of dust which may cause overheating. Clean as necessary.



BURNER FLAME FIGURE 45

CONDENSATE TRAP AND DRAIN SYSTEM (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

Annually inspect the drain tubes, drain trap, and fieldsupplied drain line for proper condensate drainage. Check drain system for hose connection tightness, blockage, and leaks. Clean or repair as necessary.

FLAME SENSOR (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

Under some conditions, the fuel or air supply can create a nearly invisible coating on the flame sensor. This coating acts as an insulator causing a drop in the flame sense signal. If the flame sense signal drops too low the furnace will not sense flame and will lock out. The flame sensor should be carefully cleaned by a qualified servicer using emery cloth or steel wool. Following cleaning, the flame sense signal should be as indicated in the Specifications Sheet.

FLUE PASSAGES (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

The heat exchanger flue passageways should be inspected at the beginning of each heating season.

BEFORE LEAVING AN INSTALLATION

- Cycle the furnace with the thermostat at least three times. Verify cooling and fan only operation.
- Review the Owner's Manual with the homeowner and discuss proper furnace operation and maintenance.
- · Leave literature packet near furnace.

REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT PARTS

- When ordering any of the listed functional parts, be sure to provide the furnace model, manufacturing, and serial numbers with the order.
- Although only functional parts are shown in the parts list, all sheet metal parts, doors, etc. may be ordered by description.
- Parts are available from your distributor.

FUNCTIONAL PARTS LIST-

Gas Valve Blower Motor
Gas Manifold Blower Wheel

Natural Gas Orifice Blower Mounting Bracket

Propane Gas Orifice Blower Cutoff
Igniter Blower Housing
Flame Sensor Pressure Switch
Rollout Limit Switch Door Switch

Primary Limit Switch
Coil Front Cover

Auxiliary Limit Switch
Integrated Control Module

Transformer Door Switch

Induced Draft Blower

Heat Exchanger with Recuperator Coil

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART PCBBF145

TROODELO		CHART PUBE	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Symptoms of Abnormal Operation	Associated LED Code ²	Fault Description(s)	Possible Causes	Corrective Action	Cautions and Notes
 Furnace fails to operate. Integrated control module diagnostic LED provides no signal. 	OFF	No 115 volt power to furnace, or no 24 volt power to integrated control module. Blown fuse or circuit breaker. Integrated control module has an internal fault.	 Manual disconnect switch OFF, door switch open, or 24 volt wires improperly connected or loose. Blown fuse or circuit breaker. Integrated control module has an internal fault. 	 Assure 115 and 24 volt power to furnace integrated control module. Check integrated control module fuse (3A). Replace if necessary. Check for possible shorts in 115 and 24 volt circuits. Repair as necessary. Replace bad integrated control module. 	Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace integrated control module fuse with 3A automotive fuse. Read precautions in "Electrostatic Discharge" section of manual.
LED is Steady On.	CONTINUOUS ON	Normal Operation.	Normal Operation.	• None.	Normal Operation.
Furnace fails to operate. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing ONE (1) flash.	1 FLASH	Furnace lockout due to an excessive number of ignition "retries" (3 total) ¹ .	 Failure to establish flame. Cause may be no gas to burners, bad igniter or igniter alignment, improper orifices, coated/oxidized or improperly connected flame sensor. Loss of flame after establishment. Cause may be interrupted gas supply, lazy burner flames (improper gas pressure or restriction in flue) and/or improper induced draft blower performance. 	 Locate and correct gas interruption. Replace or realign igniter. Check flame sense signal. Sand sensor if coated and/or oxidized. Check flue piping for blockage, proper length, elbows, and termination. Verify proper induced draft blower performance. 	Turn power OFF prior to repair. Igniter is fragile, handle with care. Sand flame sensor with emery cloth. See "Vent/ Flue Pipe" section for piping details.
Furnace fails to operate. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing TWO (2) flashes.	2 FLASH	Pressure switch circuit is closed. Induced draft blower is not operating.	Induced draft blower pressure switch contacts sticking. Shorts in pressure switch circuit.	Replace induced draft blower pressure switch. Repair short.	Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace pressure switch with proper replacement part.
 Induced draft blower runs continuously with no further furnace operation. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing THREE (3) flashes. 	3 FLASH	Pressure switch circuit not closed. Induced draft blower is operating.	 Pressure switch hose blocked, pinched or connected improperly. Blocked flue or weak induced draft blower. Incorrect pressure switch setpoint or malfunctioning switch contacts. Loose or improperly connected wiring. 	 Inspect pressure switch hose. Repair, if necessary. Inspect flue for blockage, proper length, elbows, and termination. Correct as necessary. Correct pressure switch setpoint or contact motion. Tighten or correct wiring connection. 	 Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace pressure switch with proper replacement part.

¹Integrated control module will automatically attempt to reset from lockout after one hour.

²LED Flash code will cease if power to the control module is interrupted through the disconnect or door switch.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

Symptoms of Abnormal Operation	Associated LED Code ²	Fault Description(s)	Possible Causes	Corrective Action	Cautions and Notes
Circulator blower runs continuously. No furnace operation. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing FOUR (4) flashes.	4 FLASHES	Primary or auxiliary limit circuit is open.	 Faulty primary or auxiliary limit switch. Insufficient conditioned air over the heat exchanger. Blocked filters, restrictive ductwork, improper circulator blower speed, or failed circulator blower. Loose or improperly connected wiring. 	Check primary/ auxiliary limit. Replace if necessary. Check filters and ductwork for blockage. Clean filters or remove obstruction. Check circulator blower speed and performance. Correct speed or replace blower if necessary.	Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace primary/ auxiliary limit with proper replacement part. Replace blower with correct replacement part.
Induced draft blower and circulation blower runs continuously. No furnace operation. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing FIVE (5) flashes.	5	Flame sensed with no call for heat.	Short to ground in flame sense circuit.	Correct short at flame sensor or in flame sensor wiring.	Turn power OFF prior to repair.
Furnace fails to operate. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing SIX (6) flashes. No furnace operation.	5 FLASHES 6 FLASHES	Rollout limit open. Integrated control module fuse is blown.	 Flame rollout. Misaligned burners, blocked flue, or failed induced draft blower. Loose or improperly connected wiring. Short in 24 volt AC control circuits or safety circuits. Faulty rollout limit. 	necessary. Check induced draft blower for proper performance. Replace, if necessary. Tighten or correct wiring connection.	Turn power OFF prior to repair. See "Vent/Flue Pipe" section for piping details. Replace induced draft blower with correct replacement part. Replace integrated control module fuse with 3A automotive fuse. Read precautions in "Electrostatic Discharge" section of manual.
Normal furnace operation. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing SEVEN (7) flashes.	7 FLASHES	Flame sense microamp signal is low.	 Flame sensor is coated/oxidized. Flame sensor incorrectly positioned in burner flame. Lazy burner flame due to improper gas pressure or combustion air. 	 Sand flame sensor. Inspect for proper sensor alignment. Compare current gas pressure to rating plate info. Adjust as needed. 	 Turn power OFF prior to repair. Clean flame sensor with steel wool. See "Vent/Flue Pipe" section for piping details. See rating plate for proper gas
Furnace not operating. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing EIGHT (8) flashes.	8 FLASHES	• Igniter Relay Fault.	 Improperly connected igniter. Bad igniter. Poor unit ground. Poor burner ground. Faulty integrated control module. 	 Check and correct wiring from integrated control module to igniter. Replace bad igniter. Check & correct unit ground wire. Replace bad integrated control module. 	 Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace igniter w/proper replacement part. Read precautions in "Electrostatic Discharge" section of manual.

¹Integrated control module will automatically attempt to reset from lockout after one hour. ²LED Flash code will cease if power to the control module is interrupted through the disconnect or door switch.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

Symptoms of	Associated				Cautions
Abnormal Operation	LED Code 2	Fault Description(s)	Possible Causes	Corrective Action	and Notes
Circulating blowers not operating simultaneously. No blower operation.	9 FLASHES	Twinning Fault	Furnace twin terminals not connected together by field wiring. Isolating relay not used or improperly installed.	 Install field wiring connecting twin terminals, check continuity of wiring. Verify each furnace fan motor is operable without twinning connection. Wire per twinning diagram in this installation manual. 	Verify line voltage supply is turned off before proceeding with corrections.
Furnace not operating. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing TEN (10) flashes.	10 FLASHES	Open Fuse / No 24V power to integrated control module	High voltage surge blows off the fuse.	Replace the Fuse.	Verify line voltage supply is turned off before proceeding with corrections.
 Furnace not operating. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing ELEVEN (11) flashes. 	11 FLASHES	Igniter Open	 Improperly connected igniter. Bad igniter. Poor unit ground. Poor burner ground. 	 Check and correct wiring from integrated control module to igniter. Replace bad igniter. Check & correct unit ground wire. Replace bad integrated control module. 	 Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace igniter w/proper replacement part. Read precautions in "Electrostatic Discharge"
Furnace not operating. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing TWELVE (12) flashes.	12 FLASHES	 Inducer Relay Fault Improper Grounding 	Improperly connected inducer. Bad inducer. Poor unit ground. Faulty integrated control module.	Check and correct wiring from integrated control module to inducer. Check for Blockage in inducer & in Vent / replace Inducer. Check & correct unit ground wire. Replace bad integrated control module.	Turn power OFF prior to repair. Replace inducer w/proper replacement part. Read precautions in "Electrostatic Discharge"
 Furnace fails to operate. Integrated control module diagnostic LED is flashing continuously. 	CONTINOUS RAPID FLASH	Polarity of 115 or 24 volt power is reversed	 Polarity of 115 volt AC power to furnace or integrated control module is reversed. Orange and gray wires to transformer are reversed. Poor unit ground. 	 Review wiring diagram to correct polarity. Reverse orange and gray wires going to transformer. Verify proper ground. Correct if necessary. 	Turn power OFF prior to repair.

¹Integrated control module will automatically attempt to reset from lockout after one hour. ²LED Flash code will cease if power to the control module is interrupted through the disconnect or door switch.

		DIP			EXT	ERNAL	STATIC	PRESS	URE, (II	NCHES	WATER	COLUI	MN)		
MOI	DEL	SWITCHES	0.	.1	0.	.2	0.	.3	0.	.4	0	.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
		S2-1 , S2-2	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	CFM	CFM
		OFF OFF	628	54	582	59	530	N/A	478	N/A	428	N/A	370	319	282
GMES92/	0403A	ON OFF*	806	42	762	45	719	47	676	50	633	54	594	551	506
AMES92	0403A	ON ON**	927	N/A	883	N/A	844	N/A	808	N/A	793	N/A	756	719	680
		OFF ON**	1111	N/A	1071	N/A	1033	N/A	1002	N/A	971	N/A	936	905	871
		OFF OFF**	725	N/A	662	N/A	599	N/A	519	N/A	479	N/A	418	348	285
GMES92/	0603B	ON OFF*	1068	48	1018	50	971	53	926	55	880	58	834	789	767
AMES92	00036	ON ON	940	54	891	57	836	61	787	65	762	N/A	714	666	619
		OFF ON**	1139	N/A	1089	N/A	1040	N/A	998	N/A	958	N/A	911	870	829
		OFF OFF	737	N/A	669	N/A	609	N/A	550	N/A	490	N/A	425	361	303
GMES92/	0803B	ON OFF*	1223	56	1171	58	1125	61	1081	63	1036	66	987	945	905
AMES92	UOUSD	ON ON	983	N/A	922	N/A	870	N/A	818	N/A	793	N/A	747	696	645
		OFF ON	1160	59	1112	61	1066	64	1020	67	977	N/A	933	889	849
		OFF OFF**	795	N/A	721	N/A	646	N/A	580	N/A	507	N/A	399	326	275
GMES92/	0804C	ON OFF*	1417	48	1378	49	1324	51	1284	53	1238	55	1191	1146	1092
AMES92	U0U4C	ON ON**	1587	N/A	1541	N/A	1496	N/A	1450	N/A	1411	N/A	1383	1339	1298
		OFF ON**	1794	N/A	1733	N/A	1694	N/A	1661	N/A	1623	N/A	1591	1544	1508
		OFF OFF**	761	N/A	685	N/A	608	N/A	540	N/A	471	N/A	369	302	262
GMES92/	0805C	ON OFF*	1439	47	1395	49	1364	50	1316	52	1270	54	1227	1181	1135
AMES92	UOUSC	ON ON**	1596	N/A	1552	N/A	1508	N/A	1467	N/A	1425	N/A	1405	1354	1314
		OFF ON**	1800	N/A	1757	N/A	1716	N/A	1680	N/A	1644	N/A	1605	1570	1528
		OFF OFF**	814	N/A	741	N/A	661	N/A	592	N/A	523	N/A	451	377	306
GMES92/	1004C	ON OFF*	1596	53	1539	55	1485	57	1443	59	1401	61	1372	1325	1280
AMES92	1004C	ON ON	1434	59	1369	62	1317	65	1273	N/A	1228	N/A	1178	1129	1081
		OFF ON**	1796	N/A	1744	N/A	1691	N/A	1648	N/A	1606	N/A	1568	1533	1493
		OFF OFF**	804	N/A	750	N/A	671	N/A	598	N/A	539	N/A	471	390	322
GMES92/	1005C	ON OFF*	1624	52	1560	55	1508	56	1465	58	1422	60	1389	1338	1295
AMES92	1002C	ON ON	1440	59	1390	61	1335	64	1288	N/A	1236	N/A	1186	1137	1090
		OFF ON**	1812	N/A	1755	N/A	1708	N/A	1662	N/A	1623	N/A	1585	1548	1507
		OFF OFF**	1250	N/A	1003	N/A	868	N/A	788	N/A	669	N/A	572	488	406
GMES92/	12055	ON OFF*	2110	48	2058	50	2008	51	1957	52	1906	54	1852	1800	1750
AMES92	1205D	ON ON**	1536	N/A	1462	N/A	1408	N/A	1335	N/A	1258	N/A	1185	1109	1026
		OFF ON	1884	54	1821	56	1757	58	1698	60	1628	63	1550	1492	1422

^{*} Default & Recommended

- CFM in chart is without filter(s). Filters do not ship with this furnace, but must be provided by the installer. If the furnace requires two return filters, this chart assumes both filters are installed.
- All furnaces ship as high speed cooling and medium-speed heating. Installer must adjust blower cooling & heating speed as needed.
- 3. For most jobs, about 400 CFM per ton when cooling is desirable.
- 4. INSTALLATION IS TO BE ADJUSTED TO OBTAIN TEMPERATURE RISE WITHIN THE RANGE SPECIFIED ON THE RATING PLATE.
- 5. The chart is for information only. For satisfactory operation, external static pressure must not exceed value shown on rating plate. The shaded area indicates ranges in excess of maximum external static pressure allowed when heating. The data for 0.6" w.c. to 0.8" w.c. is shown for air conditioning purposes only.
- At higher altitudes, a properly derated unit will have approximately the same temperature rise at a particular CFM, while the ESP at that CFM will be lower.

^{**} Not recommended

CIRCULATION AIRFLOW

				EXT	ERNAL S	STATIC P	RESSURE	. (INCHE	S WATE	R COLUN	ΛN)	
MOD	DEL	DIP SWITCHES S2-3 , S2-4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1
			CFM	CFM	CFM	СҒМ	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
		OFF OFF	628	582	530	478	428	370	319	282	239	201
GMES92 /	04024	ON OFF	806	762	719	676	633	594	551	506	463	418
AMES92	0403A	OFF ON	1111	1071	1033	1002	971	936	905	871	839	807
		ON ON	1359	1322	1290	1258	1229	1203	1176	1148	1122	1095
		OFF OFF	725	662	599	519	479	418	348	285	239	207
GMES92 /	00000	ON OFF	1068	1018	971	926	880	834	789	767	725	679
AMES92	0603B	OFF ON	1139	1089	1040	998	958	911	870	829	806	771
		ON ON	1378	1337	1301	1264	1223	1188	1150	1113	1073	971
		OFF OFF	737	669	609	550	490	425	361	303	251	208
GMES92 /	00020	ON OFF	1223	1171	1125	1081	1036	987	945	905	859	838
AMES92	0803B	OFF ON	1160	1112	1066	1020	977	933	889	849	824	780
		ON ON	1431	1394	1358	1322	1281	1241	1204	1163	1131	1098
		OFF OFF	795	721	646	580	507	399	326	275	235	207
GMES92 /	00046	ON OFF	1417	1378	1324	1284	1238	1191	1146	1092	1055	1010
AMES92	0804C	OFF ON	1794	1733	1694	1661	1623	1591	1544	1508	1469	1426
		ON ON	1819	1771	1727	1689	1653	1615	1574	1538	1497	1465
		OFF OFF	761	685	608	540	471	369	302	262	224	187
GMES92 /	00050	ON OFF	1439	1395	1364	1316	1270	1227	1181	1135	1093	1051
AMES92	0805C	OFF ON	1800	1757	1716	1680	1644	1605	1570	1528	1488	1450
		ON ON	2186	2148	2113	2082	2016	2005	1981	1952	1936	1903
		OFF OFF	814	741	661	592	523	451	377	306	272	215
GMES92 /	10010	ON OFF	1596	1539	1485	1443	1401	1372	1325	1280	1241	1192
AMES92	1004C	OFF ON	1796	1744	1691	1648	1606	1568	1533	1493	1445	1409
		ON ON	1833	1772	1724	1677	1636	1601	1563	1521	1484	1441
		OFF OFF	804	750	671	598	539	471	390	322	276	221
GMES92 /	40000	ON OFF	1624	1560	1508	1465	1422	1389	1338	1295	1253	1211
AMES92	1005C	OFF ON	1812	1755	1708	1662	1623	1585	1548	1507	1466	1425
		ON ON	2223	2176	2127	2084	2046	2014	1993	1977	1948	1913
		OFF OFF	1250	1003	868	788	669	572	488	406	330	236
GMES92 /	42655	ON OFF	2110	2058	2008	1957	1906	1852	1800	1750	1697	1646
AMES92	1205D	OFF ON	1884	1821	1757	1698	1628	1550	1492	1422	1375	1305
		ON ON	2233	2177	2129	2085	2036	1981	1928	1881	1833	1783

		DIP SWITCHES		FX	TERNAL	STATIC P	RESSLIRE	E, (INCHE	S WATER	S COLLIN	IN)	
MOD	EL	S1-1, S1-2,	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1
		S1-3	CFM	CFM	CFM							
		OFF OFF OFF	628	582	530	478	428	370	319	282	239	201
		OFF ON ON	628	582	530	478	428	370	319	282	239	201
GMES92 /		ON OFF ON	628	582	530	478	428	370	319	282	239	201
-	0403A	ON ON ON	628	582	530	478	428	370	319	282	239	201
AMES92		ON OFF OFF ON ON OFF	806 927	762 883	719 844	676 808	633 793	594 756	551 719	506 680	463 646	418 605
		OFF ON OFF	1111	1071	1033	1002	971	936	905	871	839	807
		OFF OFF ON*	1359	1322	1290	1258	1229	1203	1176	1148	1122	1095
		OFF OFF OFF	725	662	599	519	479	418	348	285	239	207
		OFF ON ON	725	662	599	519	479	418	348	285	239	207
C145002 /		ON OFF ON	725	662	599	519	479	418	348	285	239	207
GMES92 /	0603B	ON ON ON	725	662	599	519	479	418	348	285	239	207
AMES92	00002	ON OFF OFF	1068	1018	971	926	880	834	789	767	725	679
		ON ON OFF OFF ON OFF	940 1139	891 1089	836 1040	787 998	762 958	714 911	666 870	619 829	570 806	520 771
		OFF OFF ON*	1378	1337	1301	1264	1223	1188	1150	1113	1073	971
		OFF OFF OFF	737	669	609	550	490	425	361	303	251	208
		OFF ON ON	737	669	609	550	490	425	361	303	251	208
		ON OFF ON	737	669	609	550	490	425	361	303	251	208
GMES92 /	0803B	ON ON ON	737	669	609	550	490	425	361	303	251	208
AMES92	08030	ON OFF OFF	1223	1171	1125	1081	1036	987	945	905	859	838
		ON ON OFF	983	922	870	818	793	747	696	645	598	546
		OFF ON OFF OFF OFF ON*	1160	1112	1066	1020 1322	977 1281	933 1241	889	849	824	780
		OFF OFF ON	1431 795	1394 721	1358 646	580	507	399	1204 326	1163 275	1131 235	1098 207
		OFF ON ON	795	721	646	580	507	399	326	275	235	207
		ON OFF ON	795	721	646	580	507	399	326	275	235	207
GMES92 /	0804C	ON ON ON	795	721	646	580	507	399	326	275	235	207
AMES92	U8U4C	ON OFF OFF	1417	1378	1324	1284	1238	1191	1146	1092	1055	1010
		ON ON OFF	1587	1541	1496	1450	1411	1383	1339	1298	1261	1215
		OFF ON OFF	1794	1733	1694	1661	1623	1591	1544	1508	1469	1426
		OFF OFF OFF	1819	1771	1727	1689	1653	1615	1574	1538	1497	1465
		OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON	761 761	685 685	608 608	540 540	471 471	369 369	302 302	262 262	224 224	187 187
		ON OFF ON	761	685	608	540	471	369	302	262	224	187
GMES92 /	00050	ON ON ON	761	685	608	540	471	369	302	262	224	187
AMES92	0805C	ON OFF OFF	1439	1395	1364	1316	1270	1227	1181	1135	1093	1051
		ON ON OFF	1596	1552	1508	1467	1425	1405	1354	1314	1272	1237
		OFF ON OFF	1800	1757	1716	1680	1644	1605	1570	1528	1488	1450
		OFF OFF ON*	2186	2148	2113	2082	2016	2005	1981	1952	1936	1903
		OFF OFF OFF	814 814	741	661	592	523	451	377	306	272 272	215 215
		OFF ON ON ON OFF ON	814	741 741	661 661	592 592	523 523	451 451	377 377	306 306	272	215
GMES92 /		ON ON ON	814	741	661	592	523	451	377	306	272	215
AMES92	1004C	ON OFF OFF	1596	1539	1485	1443	1401	1372	1325	1280	1241	1192
/		ON ON OFF	1434	1369	1317	1273	1228	1178	1129	1081	1030	983
		OFF ON OFF	1796	1744	1691	1648	1606	1568	1533	1493	1445	1409
		OFF OFF ON*	1833	1772	1724	1677	1636	1601	1563	1521	1484	1441
		OFF OFF OFF	804	750	671	598	539	471	390	322	276	221
		OFF ON ON ON OFF ON	804 804	750 750	671 671	598 598	539 539	471 471	390 390	322 322	276 276	221 221
GMES92 /		ON ON ON	804	750	671	598	539	471	390	322	276	221
AMES92	1005C	ON OFF OFF	1624	1560	1508	1465	1422	1389	1338	1295	1253	1211
AIVILUUZ		ON ON OFF	1440	1390	1335	1288	1236	1186	1137	1090	1042	999
		OFF ON OFF	1812	1755	1708	1662	1623	1585	1548	1507	1466	1425
		OFF OFF ON*	2223	2176	2127	2084	2046	2014	1993	1977	1948	1913
		OFF OFF OFF	1250	1003	868	788	669	572	488	406	330	236
		OFF ON ON	1250	1003	868	788	669	572	488	406	330	236
GMES92 /		ON OFF ON ON ON	1250 1250	1003 1003	868 868	788 788	669 669	572 572	488 488	406 406	330 330	236 236
J	1205D	ON OFF OFF	2110	2058	2008	1957	1906	1852	1800	1750	1697	1646
VIVECOS						/			-000		00/	
AMES92								1185	1109	1026	941	853
AMES92		ON ON OFF OFF ON OFF	1536 1884	1462 1821	1408 1757	1335 1698	1258 1628	1185 1550	1109 1492	1026 1422	941 1375	853 1305

^{*} Default

	DIP SWITCHES S2-1,				E	XTERNAL S	TATIC PRES	SSURE, (IN	CHES WATE	ER COLUMI	N)			
MODEL	S2-2	0	.1	0	.2	0	.3	0	.4	0	.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
	32-2	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CFM	RISE	CF	М	CFM
	OFF OFF	715	50	666	53	609	N/A	558	N/A	500	N/A	438	386	333
MES960403AN	ON OFF	1110	32	1081	33	1042	34	1003	35	965	37	933	893	856
WILSSOUTUSAIN	ON ON	913	39	871	41	833	43	807	44	765	46	722	675	629
	OFF ON**	1191	N/A	1168	N/A	1135	N/A	1112	N/A	1081	N/A	1055	1024	998
	OFF OFF	785	N/A	717	N/A	648	N/A	587	N/A	520	N/A	457	400	327
MES960603BN	ON OFF	1240	43	1194	45	1153	46	1104	48	1069	50	1019	971	929
IVIESSOUGUSDIN	ON ON	972	55	922	58	864	62	811	N/A	767	N/A	718	651	597
	OFF ON**	1155	N/A	1105	N/A	1056	N/A	1006	N/A	958	N/A	908	857	808
	OFF OFF	747	N/A	676	N/A	602	N/A	529	N/A	453	N/A	386	329	281
************	ON OFF*	1206	57	1157	59	1111	61	1059	62	1009	65	966	913	863
*MES960803BN	ON ON	985	N/A	931	N/A	875	N/A	823	N/A	782	N/A	723	673	606
	OFF ON**	1149	N/A	1095	N/A	1051	N/A	1003	N/A	951	N/A	900	845	812
	OFF OFF	1010	N/A	935	N/A	861	N/A	785	N/A	721	N/A	631	553	483
****	ON OFF*	1621	44	1570	45	1521	47	1467	48	1414	50	1378	1327	1274
*MES960804CN	ON ON	1439	49	1400	51	1347	53	1291	55	1234	N/A	1182	1125	1065
	OFF ON**	1826	N/A	1775	N/A	1726	N/A	1684	N/A	1634	N/A	1588	1538	1492
	OFF OFF	1012	N/A	937	N/A	861	N/A	801	N/A	722	N/A	630	552	485
	ON OFF*	1836	39	1787	40	1746	41	1699	42	1653	43	1607	1561	1514
*MES960805CN	ON ON	1431	50	1389	51	1335	53	1283	55	1226	N/A	1176	1117	1055
	OFF ON**	1836	39	1787	40	1746	41	1699	42	1653	43	1607	1561	1514
	OFF OFF	1012	N/A	940	N/A	863	N/A	800	N/A	715	N/A	627	561	496
	ON OFF*	1826	49	1783	50	1730	51	1685	53	1642	54	1596	1548	1504
*MES961005CN	ON ON	1465	N/A	1402	N/A	1360	N/A	1306	N/A	1250	N/A	1197	1138	1073
	OFF ON	1602	55	1556	57	1510	59	1460	N/A	1411	N/A	1372	1315	1261
	OFF OFF	1121	N/A	1018	N/A	933	N/A	839	N/A	762	N/A	671	592	519
	ON OFF*	1969	54	1913	56	1862	57	1807	59	1756	61	1705	1647	1599
*MES961205DN	ON ON	1688	63	1626	N/A	1564	N/A	1500	N/A	1448	N/A	1393	1334	1267
	OFF ON	1865	57	1812	59	1755	61	1692	63	1638	65	1587	1527	1476
	OFF OFF	629	N/A	566	N/A	509	N/A	450	N/A	388	N/A	327	269	228
	ON OFF*	949	37	899	40	853	42	809	44	786	45	742	697	652
*CES960403BN	ON ON	733	49	672	53	613	N/A	563	N/A	512	N/A	454	404	349
	OFF ON**	1126	N/A	1086	N/A	1044	N/A	1006	N/A	968	N/A	925	885	849
	OFF OFF	754	N/A	684	N/A	615	N/A	542	N/A	471	N/A	411	343	276
	ON OFF*	1332	40	1291	41	1252	43	1218	44	1173	45	1134	1088	1049
*CES960603BN	ON ON	972	55	922	58	864	62	811	N/A	767	N/A	718	651	597
	OFF ON	1155	46	1105	48	1056	51	1006	53	958	56	908	857	808
	OFF OFF	760	N/A	686	N/A	613	N/A	542	N/A	459	N/A	376	310	266
	ON OFF*	1390	51	1342	53	1292	55	1254	57	1201	59	1157	1112	1072
*CES960804CN	ON ON	1397	51	1361	52	1318	54	1266	56	1224	58	1181	1139	1095
	OFF ON**	1581	N/A	1537	N/A	1492	N/A	1452	N/A	1413	N/A	1387	1347	1305
	OFF OFF	1211	N/A	1129	N/A	1045	N/A	964	N/A	890	N/A	812	764	702
	ON OFF*	1650	54	1592	56	1530	58	1478	60	1428	62	1389	1327	1270
*CES961005CN	ON ON	1457	61	1394	64	1338	66	1294	69	1236	N/A	1171	1110	1048
	OFF ON**	1860	N/A	1810	N/A	1755	N/A	1702	N/A	1656	N/A N/A	1611	1553	1511
	OFF OFF	1296	N/A N/A	1190	N/A N/A	1076	N/A N/A	960	N/A N/A	839	N/A N/A	760	653	559
	OFF OFF ON OFF*	1917	56	1843	58	1759	61	1686	63	1600	67	1513	1420	1348
*CES961205DN														
	ON ON**	1611	N/A	1521	N/A	1433	N/A	1347	N/A	1246	N/A	1145	1044	953
	OFF ON**	2011	N/A	1936	N/A	1858	N/A	1779	N/A	1692	N/A	1610	1531	1442

- CFM in chart is without filter(s). Filters do not ship with this furnace, but must be provided by the installer. If the furnace requires two return filters, this chart assumes both filters are installed.
- 2. All furnaces ship as high speed cooling and medium-speed heating. Installer must adjust blower cooling & heating speed as needed.
- 3. For most jobs, about 400 CFM per ton when cooling is desirable.
- 4. INSTALLATION IS TO BE ADJUSTED TO OBTAIN TEMPERATURE RISE WITHIN THE RANGE SPECIFIED ON THE RATING PLATE.
- 5. The chart is for information only. For satisfactory operation, external static pressure must not exceed value shown on rating plate. The shaded area indicates ranges in excess of maximum external static pressure allowed when heating. The data for 0.6" w.c. to 0.8" w.c. is shown for air conditioning purposes only.
- At higher altitudes, a properly derated unit will have approximately the same temperature rise at a particular CFM, while the ESP at that CFM will be lower.

CIRCULATION AIRFLOW

				EXTER	NAL STATIC	PRESSURE	. (INCHES	WATER CO	LUMN)		
MODEL	DIP SWITCHES S2-3,	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1
	S2-4	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
	OFF OFF	715	666	609	558	500	438	386	333	276	220
*	ON OFF	1110	1081	1042	1003	965	933	893	856	820	803
*MES960403AN	OFF ON	1191	1168	1135	1112	1081	1055	1024	998	978	N/A
	ON ON	1344	1312	1278	1247	1215	1178	1143	1114	1081	1049
	OFF OFF	785	717	648	587	520	457	400	327	269	206
************	ON OFF	1240	1194	1153	1104	1069	1019	971	929	893	N/A
*MES960603BN	OFF ON	1155	1105	1056	1006	958	908	857	808	772	723
	ON ON	1384	1338	1300	1257	1215	1169	1125	1080	1040	994
	OFF OFF	747	676	602	529	453	386	329	281	186	N/A
*************	ON OFF	1206	1157	1111	1059	1009	966	913	863	834	784
*MES960803BN	OFF ON	1149	1095	1051	1003	951	900	845	812	762	707
	ON ON	1414	1380	1333	1305	1260	1223	1180	1137	1091	1047
	OFF OFF	1010	935	861	785	721	631	553	483	423	350
***************************************	ON OFF	1621	1570	1521	1467	1414	1378	1327	1274	1221	1167
*MES960804CN	OFF ON	1826	1775	1726	1684	1634	1588	1538	1492	1448	1398
	ON ON	1843	1798	1753	1710	1666	1618	1574	1526	1481	1432
	OFF OFF	1012	937	861	801	722	630	552	485	420	353
*N4ECOCOOOECNI	ON OFF	1836	1787	1746	1699	1653	1607	1561	1514	1471	1419
*MES960805CN	OFF ON	1836	1787	1746	1699	1653	1607	1561	1514	1471	1419
	ON ON	2215	2171	2137	2098	2060	2022	1986	1948	1908	1869
	OFF OFF	1012	940	863	800	715	627	561	496	437	374
*MES961005CN	ON OFF	1826	1783	1730	1685	1642	1596	1548	1504	1455	1406
INIESSOTOOSCIA	OFF ON	1602	1556	1510	1460	1411	1372	1315	1261	1207	1156
	ON ON	2225	2180	2141	2105	2070	2033	1996	1957	1923	1883
	OFF OFF	1121	1018	933	839	762	671	592	519	447	371
*MES961205DN	ON OFF	1969	1913	1862	1807	1756	1705	1647	1599	1544	1481
IVILOSOIZOSDIN	OFF ON	1865	1812	1755	1692	1638	1587	1527	1476	1411	1351
	ON ON	2268	2214	2173	2117	2068	2022	1978	1924	1874	1832
	OFF OFF*	629	566	509	450	388	327	269	228	195	153
*CES960403BN	ON OFF	949	899	853	809	786	742	697	652	609	575
CL3300403DIN	OFF ON	1126	1086	1044	1006	968	925	885	849	827	792
	ON ON	1359	1321	1284	1251	1218	1181	1147	1114	1080	1045
	OFF OFF*	754	684	615	542	471	411	343	276	214	N/A
*CES960603BN	ON OFF	1332	1291	1252	1218	1173	1134	1088	1049	1013	N/A
020300000011	OFF ON	1155	1105	1056	1006	958	908	857	8080	772	723
	ON ON	1384	1338	1300	1257	1215	1189	1169	1125	1080	1040
	OFF OFF*	760	686	613	542	459	376	310	266	224	190
*CES960804CN	ON OFF	1390	1342	1292	1254	1201	1157	1112	1072	1022	985
0_00000010.1	OFF ON	1581	1537	1492	1452	1413	1387	1347	1305	1267	1225
	ON ON	1800	1758	1716	1678	1636	1601	1565	1529	1491	1457
	OFF OFF*	1211	1129	1045	964	890	812	764	702	639	583
*CES961005CN	ON OFF	1650	1592	1530	1478	1428	1389	1327	1270	1213	1159
	OFF ON	1860	1810	1755	1702	1656	1611	1553	1511	1454	1405
	ON ON	2230	2176	2125	2086	2038	1999	1958	1917	1880	1829
	OFF OFF*	1296	1190	1076	960	839	760	653	559	452	351
*CES961205DN	ON OFF	1917	1843	1759	1686	1600	1513	1420	1348	1258	1173
	OFF ON	2011	1936	1858	1779	1692	1610	1531	1442	1365	1266
	ON ON	2317	2257	2196	2122	2061	1990	1914	1762	1523	1232

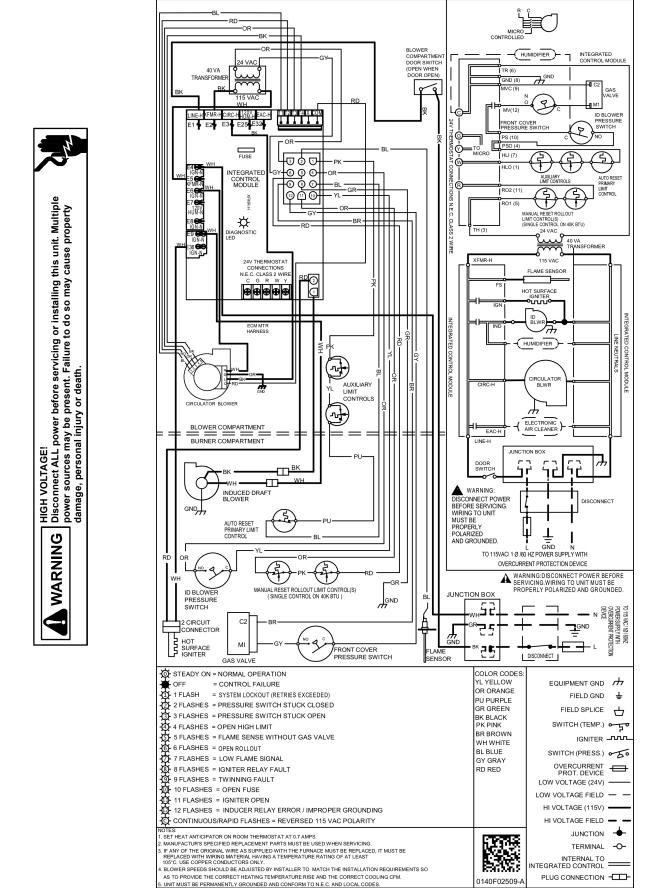
COOLING AIRFLOW

				EVTER	IAL CTATIC	PDECCLIDE	/INCLIECT	MATER CO	1110401		
MODEL	DIP SWITCHES S1-1,	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	, (INCHES) 0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1
MODEL	S1-2, S1-3	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM
	OFF OFF OFF	715	666	609	558	500	438	386	333	276	220
	OFF ON ON	715	666	609	558	500	438	386	333	276	220
	ON OFF ON	715	666	609	558	500	438	386	333	276	220
	ON ON ON	715	666	609	558	500	438	386	333	276	220
*MES960403AN	ON OFF OFF	1110	1081	1042	1003	965	933	893	856	820	803
	ON ON OFF	913	871	833	807	765	722	675	629	574	535
	OFF ON OFF	1191	1168	1135	1112	1081	1055	1024	998	978	N/A
	OFF OFF ON*	1344	1312	1278	1247	1215	1178	1143	1114	1081	1049
	OFF OFF OFF	785	717	648	587	520	457	400	327	269	206
	OFF ON ON	785	717	648	587	520	457	400	327	269	206
	ON OFF ON	785	717	648	587	520	457	400	327	269	206
** 45000000000	ON ON ON	785	717	648	587	520	457	400	327	269	206
*MES960603BN	ON OFF OFF	1240	1194	1153	1104	1069	1019	971	929	893	N/A
	ON ON OFF	972	922	864	811	767	718	651	597	556	511
	OFF ON OFF	1155	1105	1056	1006	958	908	857	808	772	723
	OFF OFF ON*	1384	1338	1300	1257	1215	1169	1125	1080	1040	994
	OFF OFF OFF	747	676	602	529	453	386	329	281	186	N/A
	OFF ON ON	747	676	602	529	453	386	329	281	186	N/A
	ON OFF ON	747	676	602	529	453	386	329	281	186	N/A
*MES960803BN	ON ON ON	747	676	602	529	453	386	329	281	186	N/A
WILSSOOSOSDIN	ON OFF OFF	1206	1157	1111	1059	1009	966	913	863	834	784
	ON ON OFF	985	931	875	823	782	723	673	606	548	508
	OFF ON OFF	1149	1095	1051	1003	951	900	845	812	762	707
	OFF OFF ON*	1414	1380	1333	1305	1260	1223	1180	1137	1091	1047
	OFF OFF OFF	1010	935	861	785	721	631	553	483	423	350
	OFF ON ON	1010	935	861	785	721	631	553	483	423	350
	ON OFF ON	1010	935	861	785	721	631	553	483	423	350
*MES960804CN	ON ON ON	1010	935	861	785	721	631	553	483	423	350
WIEDSOUGH TEN	ON OFF OFF	1621	1570	1521	1467	1414	1378	1327	1274	1221	1167
	ON ON OFF	1439	1400	1347	1291	1234	1182	1125	1065	1000	930
	OFF ON OFF	1826	1775	1726	1684	1634	1588	1538	1492	1448	1398
	OFF OFF ON*	1843	1798	1753	1710	1666	1618	1574	1526	1481	1432
	OFF OFF OFF	1012	937	861	801	722	630	552	485	420	353
	OFF ON ON	1012	937	861	801	722	630	552	485	420	353
	ON OFF ON	1012	937	861	801	722	630	552	485	420	353
*MES960805CN	ON ON ON	1012	937	861	801	722	630	552	485	420	353
	ON OFF OFF	1836	1787	1746	1699	1653	1607	1561	1514	1471	1419
	ON ON OFF	1431	1389	1335	1283	1226	1176	1117	1055	993	924
	OFF ON OFF	1836	1787	1746	1699	1653	1607	1561	1514	1471	1419
	OFF OFF OFF	2215	2171	2137	2098	2060	2022	1986	1948	1908	1869
	OFF OFF OFF	1012	940	863	800	715	627	561	496	437	374
	OFF ON ON	1012	940	863	800	715	627	561	496	437	374
	ON OFF ON ON ON ON	1012 1012	940 940	863 863	800 800	715 715	627 627	561 561	496 496	437 437	374 374
*MES961005CN	ON OFF OFF	1826	1783	1730	1685	1642	1596	1548	1504	1455	1406
				<u> </u>							
	ON ON OFF OFF ON OFF	1465 1602	1402 1556	1360 1510	1306 1460	1250 1411	1197 1372	1138 1315	1073 1261	1016 1207	947 1156
	OFF ON OFF OFF ON*	2225	2180	2141	2105	2070	2033	1996	1957	1923	1883
	OFF OFF OFF	1121	1018	933	839	762	671	592	519	447	371
	OFF OFF OFF	1121	1018	933	839	762	671	592	519	447	371
	ON OFF ON	1121	1018	933	839	762	671	592	519	447	371
	ON OFF ON	1121	1018	933	839	762	671	592	519	447	371
*MES961205DN	ON OFF OFF	1969	1913	1862	1807	1756	1705	1647	1599	1544	1481
	ON ON OFF	1688	1626	1564	1500	1448	1393	1334	1267	1199	1125
	OFF ON OFF	1865	1812	1755	1692	1638	1587	1527	1476	1411	1351
	OFF OFF ON*	2268	2214	2173	2117	2068	2022	1978	1924	1874	1832
	OTT OFF ON	2200	2214	21/3	211/	2000	2022	13/0	1324	10/4	1032

*MES96& *CES96

	DIP SWITCHES S1-1,	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE, (INCHES WATER COLUMN)											
MODEL	,	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1		
	S1-2 , S1-3	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM	CFM		
	OFF OFF OFF	629	566	509	450	388	327	269	228	195	153		
	OFF ON ON	629	566	509	450	388	327	269	228	195	153		
	ON OFF ON	629	566	509	450	388	327	269	228	195	153		
*CECOCO403DN	ON ON ON	629	566	509	450	388	327	269	228	195	153		
*CES960403BN	ON OFF OFF	949	899	853	809	786	742	697	652	609	575		
	ON ON OFF	733	672	613	563	512	454	404	349	306	261		
	OFF ON OFF	1126	1086	1044	1006	968	925	885	849	827	792		
	OFF OFF ON*	1359	1321	1284	1251	1218	1181	1147	1114	1080	1045		
	OFF OFF OFF	754	684	615	542	471	411	343	276	214	N/A		
	OFF ON ON	754	684	615	542	471	411	343	276	214	N/A		
	ON OFF ON	754	684	615	542	471	411	343	276	214	N/A		
*CES960603BN	ON ON ON	754	684	615	542	471	411	343	276	214	N/A		
CESSOUGSBIN	ON OFF OFF	1332	1291	1252	1218	1173	1134	1088	1049	1013	N/A		
	ON ON OFF	972	922	864	811	767	718	651	597	556	511		
	OFF ON OFF	1155	1105	1056	1006	958	908	857	808	772	723		
	OFF OFF ON*	1384	1338	1300	1257	1215	1189	1169	1125	1080	1040		
	OFF OFF OFF	760	686	613	542	459	376	310	266	224	190		
	OFF ON ON	760	686	613	542	459	376	310	266	224	190		
	ON OFF ON	760	686	613	542	459	376	310	266	224	190		
*CES960804CN	ON ON ON	760	686	613	542	459	376	310	266	224	190		
CL3300004CN	ON OFF OFF	1390	1342	1292	1254	1201	1157	1112	1072	1022	985		
	ON ON OFF	1397	1361	1318	1266	1224	1181	1139	1095	1050	1003		
	OFF ON OFF	1581	1537	1492	1452	1413	1387	1347	1305	1267	1225		
	OFF OFF ON*	1800	1758	1716	1678	1636	1601	1565	1529	1491	1457		
	OFF OFF OFF	1211	1129	1045	964	890	812	764	702	639	583		
	OFF ON ON	1211	1129	1045	964	890	812	764	702	639	583		
	ON OFF ON	1211	1129	1045	964	890	812	764	702	639	583		
*CES961005CN	ON ON ON	1211	1129	1045	964	890	812	764	702	639	583		
CLSSOIOOSCIV	ON OFF OFF	1650	1592	1530	1478	1428	1389	1327	1270	1213	1159		
	ON ON OFF	1457	1394	1338	1294	1236	1171	1110	1048	986	919		
	OFF ON OFF	1860	1810	1755	1702	1656	1611	1553	1511	1454	1405		
	OFF OFF ON*	2230	2176	2125	2086	2038	1999	1958	1917	1880	1829		
	OFF OFF OFF	1296	1190	1076	960	839	760	653	559	452	351		
	OFF ON ON	1296	1190	1076	960	839	760	653	559	452	351		
	ON OFF ON	1296	1190	1076	960	839	760	653	559	452	351		
*CES961205DN	ON ON ON	1296	1190	1076	960	839	760	653	559	452	351		
CESSOTEOSDIA	ON OFF OFF	1917	1843	1759	1686	1600	1513	1420	1348	1258	1173		
	ON ON OFF	1611	1521	1433	1347	1246	1145	1044	953	876	790		
	OFF ON OFF	2011	1936	1858	1779	1692	1610	1531	1442	1365	1266		
	OFF OFF ON*	2317	2257	2196	2122	2061	1990	1914	1762	1523	1232		

*MES92**, CES96**, *MES96** (WITH PCBBF145 CONTROL)

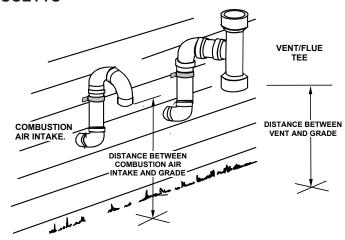


Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRODUCTS INSTALLED IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS

For all side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in every dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes, including those owned or operated by the Commonwealth and where the side wall exhaust vent termination is less than seven (7) feet above finished grade in the area of the venting, including but not limited to decks and porches, the following requirements shall be satisfied:

- 1. INSTALLATION OF CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS. At the time of installation of the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment, the installing plumber or gasfitter shall observe that a hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm and battery back-up is installed on the floor level where the gas equipment is to be installed. In addition, the installing plumber or gasfitter shall observe that a battery operated or hard wired carbon monoxide detector with an alarm is installed on each additional level of the dwelling, building or structure served by the side wall horizontal vented gas fueled equipment. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner to secure the services of qualified licensed professionals for the installation of hard wired carbon monoxide detectors
 - a. In the event that the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment is installed in a crawl space or an attic, the hard wired carbon monoxide detector with alarm and battery back-up may be installed on the next adjacent floor level.
 - b. In the event that the requirements of this subdivision can not be met at the time of completion of installation, the owner shall have a period of thirty (30) days to comply with the above requirements; provided, however, that during said thirty (30) day period, a battery operated carbon monoxide detector with an alarm shall be installed.
- APPROVED CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS. Each carbon monoxide detector as required in accordance with the above provisions shall comply with NFPA 720 and be ANSI/UL 2034 listed and IAS certified.
- 3. SIGNAGE. A metal or plastic identification plate shall be permanently mounted to the exterior of the building at a minimum height of eight (8) feet above grade directly in line with the exhaust vent terminal for the horizontally vented gas fueled heating appliance or equipment. The sign shall read, in print size no less than one-half (1/2) inch in size, "GAS VENT DIRECTLY BELOW. KEEP CLEAR OF ALL OBSTRUCTIONS".
- 4. INSPECTION. The state or local gas inspector of the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment shall not approve the installation unless, upon inspection, the inspector observes carbon monoxide detectors and signage installed in accordance with the provisions of 248 CMR 5.08(2)(a)1 through 4.



EXEMPTIONS

The following equipment is exempt from 248 CMR 5.08(2) (a)1 through 4:

- The equipment listed in Chapter 10 entitled "Equipment Not Required To Be Vented" in the most current edition of NFPA 54 as adopted by the Board; and
- Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in a room or structure separate from the dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes.
 - c. MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS GAS EQUIPMENT VENTING SYSTEM PROVIDED. When the manufacturer of Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas equipment provides a venting system design or venting system components with the equipment, the instructions provided by the manufacturer for installation of the equipment and the venting system shall include:
- 3. Detailed instructions for the installation of the venting system design or the venting system components; and
- 4. A complete parts list for the venting system design or venting system.
 - d. MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS GAS EQUIPMENT VENTING SYSTEM NOT PROVIDED. When the manufacturer of a Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment does not provide the parts for venting the flue gases, but identifies "special venting systems", the following requirements shall be satisfied by the manufacturer:
- The referenced "special venting system" instructions shall be included with the appliance or equipment installation instructions; and
- 6. The "special venting systems" shall be Product Approved by the Board, and the instructions for that system shall include a parts list and detailed installation instructions.
 - e. A copy of all installation instructions for all Product Approved side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment, all venting instructions, all parts lists for venting instructions, and/or all venting design instructions shall remain with the appliance or equipment at the completion of the installation.

START-UP CHECKLIST

Furnace				
		Model Number	r	
		Serial Number	r	
ELECTRICA	AL .			
Line Voltage (Measure L1 to N and N to Ground Vol	tage)	L - N		
		N - G		
Secondary Voltage (Measure Transformer Output \	/oltage)	R - C		
Blower Amps				
BLOWER EXTERNAL STA	ATIC PRESSURE			
Return Air Static Pressure			IN. W.C.	
Supply Air Static Pressure			IN. W.C.	
Total External Static Pressure (Ignoring +/- from the TEMPERATU			IN. W.C.	
Return Air Temperature (Dry bulb / Wet bulb)			DB °F	WB °F
Cooling Supply Air Temperature (Dry bulb / Wet bu	ılb)		DB °F	WB °F
Heating Supply Air Temperature			DB °F	
Temperature Rise			DB °F	
Delta T (Difference between Supply and Return Te	mperatures)		DB °F	
GAS PRESSU	RES			
Gas Inlet Pressure			IN. W.C.	
Gas Manifold Pressure (Low Fire)			IN. W.C.	
Gas Manifold Pressure (High Fire)			IN. W.C.	
Gas Type (NG) = Natural Gas / (LP) = Liquid Propane				
Additional Checks				
Check wire routings for any rubbing				
Check for kinked pressure switch tubing.				
Check flue elbow for alignment and clamp tightnes	SS.			
Check screw tightness on blower wheel.				
Check factory wiring and wire connections.				
Check product for proper clearances as noted by in	stalltion instructions			
°F to °C formula: (°F - 32) divided by 1.8 = °C	°C to °F formula: (°C multiplied by :	1.8) + 32 = °F		

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